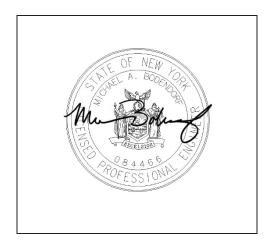
Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan: for Kimmel Subdivision

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Overview

This Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been developed in accordance with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activity Permit No. GP-0-20-001, dated January 29, 2020 which authorizes stormwater discharges to surface waters of the State from the following construction activities identified within 40 CFR Parts 122.26(b)(14)(x), 122.26(b)(15)(i) and 122.26(b)(15)(ii), provided all of the eligibility provisions of this permit are met:

- 1. Construction activities involving soil disturbances of one (1) or more acres; including disturbances of less than one acre that are part of a larger common plan of development or sale that will ultimately disturb one or more acres of land; excluding routine maintenance activity that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity or original purpose of a facility
- 2. Construction activities involving soil disturbances of less than one (1) acre where the Department has determined that a SPDES permit is required for stormwater discharges based on the potential for contribution to a violation of a water quality standard or for significant contribution of pollutants to surface waters of the State.
- 3. Construction activities located in the New York City, East of Hudson watershed, that involve soil disturbances between five thousand (5,000) square feet and one (1) acre of land.

This project qualifies for SPDES coverage under provision 1 as stated above.

The objectives of this SWPPP are as follows:

• To develop a sediment and erosion control plan in accordance with the most current version of the technical standard, New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, which implements best management practices to stabilize disturbed areas, protect off site areas and sensitive areas, and minimize the transport of sediment.

Construction activities are not permitted to begin until such time that authorization is obtained under the General Permit. This project is located within the limits of a Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) area. Construction activities may commence upon authorization, Five (5) days from the date the NYSDEC receives both a complete electronic version of the NOI (eNOI) and signed "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form.

A copy of the General Permit (GP-0-20-001), SWPPP, NOI, NOI Acknowledgment Letter, MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form, inspection reports and accompanying plans shall be maintained on site from the date of initiation of construction activities until final stabilization of all disturbed areas has been achieved and the Notice of Termination (NOT) has been submitted.

1.2 Land Disturbance

Per the General Permit, no more than five (5) acres of land disturbance may occur at any one time without written approval from the NYSDEC. At a minimum, the owner or operator must comply with the following requirements in order to be authorized to disturb greater than five (5) acres of soil at any one time:

- a. The owner or operator shall have a qualified inspector conduct **at least** two (2) site inspections every seven (7) calendar days, for as long as greater than five (5) acres of soil remain disturbed. The two (2) inspections shall be separated by a minimum of two (2) full calendar days.
- b. In areas where soil disturbance activity has been temporarily or permanently ceased, temporary and/or permanent soil stabilization measures shall be initiated within the next business day and completed/implemented within installed and/or implemented within seven (7) days from the date the soil disturbance activity ceased. The soil stabilization measures selected shall be in conformance with the most current version of the technical standard, New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control.
- c. The owner or operator shall prepare a phasing plan that defines maximum disturbed area per phase and shows required cuts and fills.
- d. The owner or operator shall install any additional site-specific practices needed to protect water quality.
- e. The owner or operator shall include the requirements above in their SWPPP.

Disturbance of more than one (1) acre at any one time is anticipated for this project, as the total proposed disturbance is estimated to be ± 2.3 acres.

2.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

2.1 Project Location

The project site is located is bounded by Old Hopewell Road to the north and Pine Ridge Drive to the east/south in the Town of Wappinger, Dutchess County, New York, and is identified as tax parcels 6256-04-624259, 608305, & 647304 (±12.95 acres) on the Dutchess County tax maps. A 160-foot wide electric transmission line easement and an accompanying access easement crosses the center of the project area from east to west.

2.2 Project Scope and Description

The project consists of a 5-lot residential subdivision, along with the associated grading and sewage disposal system construction. One dwelling currently exists, four additional dwellings are proposed to be constructed with driveways. Lot 4 will utilize the existing electric transmission line access road. The project is proposes to disturb approximately 3.6 acres.

2.3 Surface Water Bodies

2.3.1 Wetlands

There are no New York Department of Environmental Conservation wetlands or Federal wetlands present on the site. Maps showing the wetlands are provided in Appendix C.

2.3.2 Streams

A small ditch with a culvert beneath the electric transmission line access drive exists at the east side of the project area. The ditch does not appear on any wetland or USGS mapping. Maps showing the streams are provided in Appendix C.

2.3.3 Floodplains

Based upon a review of the National Flood Insurance Program Flood Insurance Rate Map panel 36027C0478E (dated May 2, 2012) for the Town of Wappinger, New York the site lies within Zone X, area of minimal flood hazard. A flood plain map is provided in Appendix C.

3.0 NOTICE OF INTENT

Prior to commencement of construction activities, the Owner/Operator shall submit a Notice of Intent (NOI) to the NYSDEC for authorization. The NYSDEC authorization schedule is dependent upon whether or not the construction activities are located in an area that is regulated by a MS4.

For construction activities that are not subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4:

- (i) Five (5) business days from the date the NYSDEC receives a complete electronic version of the NOI (eNOI) for construction activities with a SWPPP that has been prepared in conformance with the design criteria in the technical standard referenced in Pat III.B.1 and the performance criteria in the technical standard references in Parts III.B., 2 or 3, for construction activities that require post-construction stormwater management practices pursuant to Part III.C.: or
- (ii) Sixty (60) business days from the date the NYSDEC receives a complete NOI (electronic or paper version) for construction activities with a SWPPP that has <u>not</u> been prepared in conformance with the design criteria in the technical standard referenced in Pat III.B.1, or, for construction activities that require post-construction stormwater management practices pursuant to Part III.C., the performance criteria in the technical standard referenced in Parts III.B., 2 or 3, or;
- (iii) Ten (10) business days from the date the NYSDEC receives a complete paper version of the NOI for construction activities with a SWPPP that has been prepared in conformance with the design criteria in the technical standard referenced in Parts III.B., 2 or 3, for construction activities that require post-construction stormwater management practices pursuant to Part III.C.

For construction activities that are subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4:

- Five (5) business days from the date the NYSDEC receives a complete electronic NOI (eNOI) and signed "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form, or
- Ten (10) business days from the date the NYSDEC receives both a complete paper version of the NOI and signed "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form.

The project area is under the control of a regulated MS4, therefore the NOI shall be submitted to the MS4 and then forwarded to NYSDEC once signed. The NOI and MS4 SWPPP acceptance form have been included in Appendix A.

4.0 SOILS

The hydrologic soil characteristics of the disturbance area and its immediate surroundings were obtained from Soil Survey Mapping of Dutchess County, New York, and available Geographical Information Systems (GIS) data, and are as follows:

Symbol	Description	Hydrologic Soil Group
DwC	Dutchess-Cardigan complex, rolling, rocky	В

SOIL PROPERTIES

Symbol	Water Table	Bedrock	Erosion Hazard (k)
DwC	>80"	>80"	0.32

4.1 Topography

The project area topography consists of moderate slopes to from the southwest down to the northeast. A relatively flat, low area on the east side of the project area beneath the electric transmission lines is drained by a swale on the property to the north

Supporting soils information has been provided in Appendix B.

5.0 CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING SCHEDULE

Construction activities will be scheduled in such a manner as to minimize the impacts that runoff encountering the construction areas will have on receiving waters both on and off-site. The disturbed-construction area should be kept to a minimum at all times to minimize the potential for impacts during construction.

In order to minimize the impacts of stormwater to receiving water bodies and wetlands, a construction sequencing schedule is as follows:

1. Schedule a pre-construction meeting which shall include the owner or owner's representative, project engineer, representative from the MS4, contractor and subcontractors (if necessary) who are to perform the construction.

- 2. Establish the limit of disturbance for proposed clearing and grading associated with the proposed work.
- 3. Install the stabilized construction entrance, utilizing existing driveway entrance.
- 4. Install all silt fence as shown on the plan.
- Prior to further construction activities, the Trained Contractor shall conduct a pre-5. construction site assessment to verify that the appropriate erosion and sediment controls shown on the plan have been adequately installed ensuring overall preparedness of this site for the commencement of construction. Trained Contractor means an employee from the contracting (construction) company that has received four (4) hours of Department endorsed training in proper erosion and sediment control principles from a Soil and Water Conservation District, or other Department endorsed entity. After receiving the initial training, the trained contractor shall receive four (4) hours of training every three (3) years. It can also mean an employee from the contracting (construction) company that meets the qualified inspector qualifications (e.g. licensed Professional Engineer, Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC), Registered Landscape Architect, New York State Erosion and Sediment Control Certificate Program holder, or someone working under the direct supervision of, and at the same company as, the licensed Professional Engineer or Registered Landscape Architect, provided they have received four (4) hours of Department endorsed training in proper erosion and sediment control principles from a Soil and Water Conservation District, or other Department endorsed entity).
- 6. Commence activities on areas to be improved. Bulk grading will be performed, followed by the new driveway and the garage. Stockpile removed materials and surround stockpile with silt fence. Immediately seed disturbed areas that are to remain idle for more than 14 days.
- 7. Erosion control measures shall be inspected and repaired as needed during construction activities. Additional erosion control measures based on site conditions shall be provided.
- 8. When entire site has achieved final stabilization, schedule a post-construction meeting with the engineer, as well as a representative from the Town, as the MS4 must sign off on the Notice of Termination. Final stabilization means that all soil disturbance activities have ceased and a uniform, perennial vegetative cover with a density of eighty (80) percent over the entire pervious surface has been established; or other equivalent stabilization measures, such as permanent landscape mulches, rock rip-rap or washed/crushed stone have been applied on all disturbed areas that are not covered by permanent structures, concrete or pavement.
- 9. Remove erosion and sediment controls when disturbed areas have become stabilized as directed by the engineer or SWPPP inspector.

6.0 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

6.1 Overview

The most sensitive stage of the development cycle is the period when vegetation is cleared and a site is graded. The potential impacts to on-site and off-site receiving waters and adjoining properties are particularly high at this stage. For example, trees and topsoil are removed, soils are

exposed to erosion, and natural topography and drainage patterns are altered. Control of erosion and sediment during these periods is an essential function of this SWPPP and accompanying plans.

Effective and practical measures employed to minimize the erosion potential and prevent sediment from leaving the construction site and reaching streams or other water bodies have been recommended in accordance with:

New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, July 2016.

In order to ensure the effectiveness of the measures recommended herein, routine inspections and documentation, along with procedures for monitoring the findings, maintenance, and corrective actions resulting from each inspection, are outlined within this section of the SWPPP.

6.2 Temporary Erosion and Sediment Control Measures

The following temporary measures either have been, or may be incorporated into the erosion and sediment control plans for the site construction activities. Check dams, temporary channels, and straw bale barriers are not shown on the plans at this time, but are included in this report in the event that unforeseen site conditions require the use of these measures. Silt fence, temporary soil stockpiles measures are also detailed on the soil erosion & sediment control plan.

6.2.1 Silt Fence

A silt fence is a temporary sediment barrier consisting of a filter fabric stretched across and attached to supporting posts, entrenched, and supported with woven wire fence. Silt fences are installed on the contours across a slope and used to trap sediment by intercepting and detaining sediment laden runoff from disturbed areas in order to promote sedimentation on the uphill side of the fence.

Silt fences are suitable for perimeter and interior control, placed below areas where runoff may occur in the form of sheet flow. It should not be placed in channels or areas where flow is concentrated. In addition to interior and perimeter control a silt fence can be applied in the following applications:

- Below the toe or down slope of exposed and erodible slopes.
- Along streams and channels banks.
- Around temporary spoil area and stockpiles.

6.2.2 Check Dams

Check dams shall be placed in channels to reduce scour and erosion by reducing flow velocity and promoting sediment settlement. Check dams shall be spaced in the channel so that the crest of the downstream dam is at the elevation of the toe of the upstream dam. Check dams, consisting of a well-graded stone two (2) – nine (9) inches in size (NYSDOT – Light Stone) shall maintain a height of two (2) feet with side slopes of 2:1 extending beyond the bank of the channel by a minimum of one and a half (1.5) feet. Check dams shall be anchored in the channel by a cutoff trench of one and a half (1.5) feet in width by a half (0.5) foot in depth.

6.2.3 Temporary Channels

Temporary channels in the form of diversion swales or berms may be used to intercept and direct runoff under the following applications:

- Above disturbed areas in order to direct and prevent clean runoff from flowing over disturbed areas until the area is permanently stabilized.
- Below disturbed areas to convey sediment laden runoff to sediment traps.
- Across disturbed slopes to reduce slope lengths.

Where used to convey sediment laden runoff, temporary channels shall be equipped with check dams.

6.2.4 Straw Bale Barriers

Straw bale barriers are used to intercept and contain sediment from disturbed areas of limited size in order to prevent sediment from exiting the site. Bales should be placed in a single row lengthwise along the contour, with ends abutting one another. Straw bales shall be bound and installed so that the bindings are oriented around the sides. Straw bales shall be entrenched a minimum of four (4) inches, backfilled, and anchored using either two stakes or rebar driven through the straw bales to a depth of one and a half (1.5) to two (2) feet below grade.

Straw bales shall be used where no other measure is feasible. They shall not be used where there is a concentration of flow within a channel or other area.

The useful life of a straw bale barrier is three (3) months.

6.2.5 Temporary Soil Stockpiles

Stockpiling of soil is a method of preserving soil and topsoil for regrading and vegetating disturbed areas. Stockpiles shall be located away from environmentally sensitive areas (i.e. wetlands and associated buffers, streams, water bodies) and shall be protected with a peripheral silt fence. Slopes of stockpiles shall not exceed 2:1. Temporary stabilization measures shall be completed within fourteen (14) days of stockpile formation.

6.2.6 Dust Control

Dust control measures reduce the surface and air transport of dust, thereby preventing pollutants from mixing into stormwater. Dust control measures for the construction activities associated within this project consist of windbreaks, minimization of soil disturbance (preserving buffer areas of vegetation where practical), mulching, temporary and permanent vegetation cover, barriers (e.g., geotextile on driving surfaces) and water spraying.

Construction activities shall be scheduled to minimize the amount of area disturbed at any one time.

6.2.7 Temporary Soil Stabilization Practices

Stabilization practices reduce the potential for soil detachment by shielding the soil surface from the impact of rainfall and reducing overland flow velocity.

The Contractor shall initiate stabilization measures as soon as possible in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased. This requirement does not apply where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by snow cover or frozen ground conditions.

Temporary stabilization practices may include:

6.2.7.1 Mulching

Mulching is a temporary soil stabilization practice. Mulching prevents erosion by protecting soil from raindrop impact and by reducing the velocity of overland flow. Mulching also retains moisture within the soil surface and promotes germination. Where mulching consists of wood chips or shavings, it shall be applied at a rate of 500-900 lbs per 1000 s.f. Where mulching consists of straw, it shall be applied at a rate of 90-100 lbs. per 1000 s.f. All temporary grass areas shall receive a standard application of mulch consisting of straw, unless the area is hydro-seeded.

6.2.7.2 Temporary Seeding

Temporary seeding provides additional benefits over other stabilization practices by creating a vegetation system that holds soil particles in place with root systems, and maintains the soil's capacity to absorb runoff. Temporary vegetation shall be placed in accordance with project plans. Irrigation shall be used when the soil is dry or when summer plantings are done.

6.2.7.3 Temporary Erosion Control Blanket

A temporary erosion control blanket is a degradable erosion control blanket used to hold seed and soil in place until vegetation is established in disturbed areas. Temporary erosion control blankets insulate and conserve seed moisture thus reducing evaporation and increasing germination rates, and protect seeds from birds. Temporary erosion control blankets may consist of straw blankets, excelsior blankets (curled wood excelsior), coconut fiber blankets, or wood fiber blankets (reprocessed wood fibers which do not possess or contain any growth or germination inhibiting factors).

6.3 Permanent Erosion and Sediment Control Measures

Many of the following permanent measures have been incorporated into the erosion and sediment control plans for the site construction activities. Other measures are noted in this report in the event that unforeseen site conditions require such measures.

6.3.1 Outlet Protection

Outlet protection is used to reduce stormwater velocity and dissipate the energy of flow exiting a culvert before discharging into receiving channels. Rip-rap treatment extends between the point where flows exit the culvert and where the velocity and/or energy from runoff are dissipated to a degree where there is minimal erosion downstream of the discharge point.

A geotextile fabric shall be placed beneath the rip-rap to prevent soil movement into and through the rip-rap.

6.3.2 Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

Stabilization practices reduce the potential for soil detachment by shielding the soil surface from the impact of rainfall and reducing overland flow velocity.

The Contractor shall initiate stabilization measures as soon as possible in portions of the site where construction activities have permanently ceased, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has permanently ceased.

Permanent stabilization practices may include:

6.3.2.1 Sod

Where exposed soils have the potential to generate off-site sediment loading, sod can provide an immediate form of stabilization and extra protection to a disturbed area. Where applied, sod shall be bluegrass or a bluegrass/red fescue mixture or a perennial ryegrass and machine cut with a uniform soil thickness of ¾ inch, plus or minus ¼ inch. Sod shall be used at the discretion of the Owner, unless specifically required by the plans.

6.3.2.2 Permanent Vegetation

Permanent vegetation shall be used to provide a protective cover for exposed areas that have received final grading. Permanent stabilization shall be applied where topsoil has been placed or returned and incorporated into the soil surface. When used, this process shall be followed with the application of straw mulch to protect soil from erosion and seed from drying out. Irrigation shall be used when the soil is dry or when summer plantings are done. Permanent vegetation shall be placed in accordance with project plans.

6.3.2.3 Hydroseeding

Hydroseeding is the hydraulic application of seed and fertilizer onto prepared seed beds. When used, this process shall be followed with the application of straw mulch to protect soil from erosion and seed from drying out. Irrigation shall be used when the soil is dry or when summer plantings are done. Hydroseeding shall be used at the discretion of the Contractor, unless specifically required by the plans.

6.3.2.4 Permanent Erosion Control Blankets

Permanent erosion control blankets are comprised of synthetic materials that form a high strength mat that helps prevent soil erosion in channels and on steep slopes. Stems and roots become intertwined within the matrix, thus reinforcing the vegetation and anchoring the mat. Permanent erosion control blankets insulate and conserve seed moisture thus reducing evaporation and increasing germination rates, and protect seeds from birds. When used within channels, permanent erosion control blankets can aid in the establishment of vegetation and increase the maximum permissible velocity of the given channel by reinforcing the soil and vegetation to resist the forces of erosion during runoff events.

6.4 Erosion and Sediment Control Sequencing Schedule

Implementation schedules for the installation of erosion and sediment control measures prior to and during the course of construction will depend greatly on the actual construction schedule and the varying field conditions that may warrant temporary construction stops and/or work commencing in other locations.

6.5 Maintenance Schedules

Maintenance of the erosion and sediment controls incorporated into this project shall be performed on a regular basis to assure continued effectiveness. This includes repairs and replacement to all erosion and sediment control practices, including cleanout of all sediment retaining measures. Those measures found to be ineffective during routine inspections shall be repaired or replaced and cleaned out (where applicable) before the next anticipated storm event or within 24-hours of being notified, whichever comes first. A more detailed description of the maintenance procedures for the site specific erosion and sediment control practices has been provided on the plan set.

6.6 Construction Staging Areas

Construction staging areas are areas designated within construction sites where most equipment and materials are stored. Construction staging areas are not delineated specifically on the plan set as the project is relatively low impact. It is assumed that the contractor will utilize areas in the near vicinity of the house for staging.

6.7 Site Assessments, Inspections and Reporting

Regular inspections of the construction site shall be performed by the Trained Contractor who is familiar with all aspects of the SWPPP and the implemented control practices. Inspections are intended to identify areas where the pollutant control measures at the site are ineffective and have the potential to allow pollutants to enter water bodies or adjoining properties.

6.7.1 Prior to Construction

Prior to the commencement of construction, the Trained Contractor shall conduct an inspection of the site and certify in an inspection report that the appropriate erosion and sediment control measures have been installed as indicated by the project plan set and SWPPP. This certification shall be filed in the construction log book, as well as forwarded to the Town's MS4 Representative.

A copy of the "Pre-Construction Site Assessment Checklist" has been provided in Appendix D.

6.7.2 During Construction

Following the commencement of construction, the Trained Contractor shall perform inspections of site construction activities in accordance with the SPDES General Permit. Inspections are to be completed daily; however, formal inspection reports shall occur every seven (7) calendar days.

For project areas where soil disturbance activities have been temporarily suspended (e.g., winter shutdown) and temporary stabilization measures have been applied to all disturbed areas, the Trained Contractor shall conduct a site inspection at least once every thirty (30) calendar days. The owner or operator shall notify the MS4 in writing prior to reducing the frequency of inspections.

For project areas where soil disturbance activities have been shut down with partial project completion, the Trained Contractor can stop conducting inspections if all areas disturbed as of the project shutdown date have achieved final stabilization and all post-construction stormwater

management practices required for the completed portion of the project have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP and are operational (if applicable). The owner or operator shall notify the MS4 contact person in writing prior to the shutdown.

The inspections shall include observation of installed and maintained erosion and sediment control measures for consistency with project specifications and documentation of items to be corrected and recommendations for mitigating concerns. The following information, at minimum, shall be recorded during each inspection:

- Date and time of inspection;
- Name and title of person(s) performing inspection;
- A description of the weather and soil conditions (e.g., dry, wet, saturated) at the time of the inspection;
- A description of the condition of the runoff at all points of discharge from the construction site. This shall include identification of any discharges of sediment from the construction site. Include discharges from conveyance systems (i.e., pipes, culverts, ditches, etc.) and overland flow;
- A description of the condition of all natural surface waterbodies located within, or immediately adjacent to, the property boundaries of the construction site which receive runoff from disturbed areas. This shall include identification of any discharges of sediment to the surface waterbody;
- Identification of all erosion and sediment control practices that need repair or maintenance;
- Identification of all erosion and sediment control practices that were not installed properly or are not functioning as designed and need to be reinstalled or replaced;
- Description and sketch of areas that are disturbed at the time of the inspection and areas that have been stabilized (temporary and/or final) since the last inspection;
- Current phase of construction of all post-construction stormwater management practices and identification of all construction that is not in conformance with the SWPPP and technical standards, if applicable;
- Inspect all erosion and sediment control practices and record all maintenance requirements such as verifying the integrity of barrier or diversion systems (earthen berms or silt fencing) and containment systems (sediment basins and sediment traps). Identify any evidence of rill or gully erosion occurring on slopes and any loss of stabilizing vegetation or seeding/mulching. Document any excessive deposition of sediment or ponding water along barrier or diversion systems. Record the depth of sediment within containment structures,

any erosion near outlet and overflow structures, and verify the ability of rock filters around perforated riser pipes to pass water (where applicable);

- Inspect all sediment control practices and record the approximate degree of sediment accumulation as a percentage of the sediment storage volume;
- Corrective action(s) that must be taken to install, repair, replace or maintain erosion and sediment control practices; and to correct deficiencies identified with the construction of the post-construction stormwater management practice(s);
- Digital photographs, with date stamp, that clearly show the condition of all practices that have been identified as needing corrective actions. The Trained Contractor shall attach paper color copies of the digital photographs to the inspection report being maintained on site within seven (7) calendar days of the date of the inspection. The Trained Contractor shall also take digital photographs, with date stamp, that clearly show the condition of the practice(s) after the corrective action has been completed. The Trained Contractor shall attach paper color copies of the digital photographs to the inspection report that documents the completion of the corrective action work within seven (7) calendar days of that inspection;
- A brief description of any erosion and sediment control practice repairs, maintenance or installations made as a result of previous inspection; and
- All deficiencies that are identified with the implementation of the SWPPP.

Summary reports shall be forwarded to the Owner's Representative and Town's MS4 Representative. Reports shall be incorporated into the construction log book. Within one business day of the completion of an inspection, the Trained Contractor shall begin implementing the corrective actions of the inspection and shall complete the corrective actions in a reasonable time frame.

A copy of the "Construction" inspection report has been provided in Appendix H.

6.7.3 End of Term

Termination of coverage under the SPDES General Permit is accomplished by filing a Notice of Termination (NOT) with the NYSDEC, which first must receive sign-off from the MS4. Prior to the filing of the NOT, the Owner shall have a Qualified Professional perform a final site inspection. The Qualified Professional shall certify that the site has undergone final stabilization using either vegetative or structural stabilization methods, that all temporary erosion and sediment control structures have been removed, and that all permanent erosion control and stormwater facilities have been installed and are operational in conformance with the SWPPP by signing the "Final Stabilization" and "Post-Construction Stormwater Management Practice" certification statements on the NOT. The owner or operator shall then submit the completed NOT form to the NYSDEC, once sign-off is received from the MS4.

A NOT is provided in Appendix I.

6.8 Construction Log Book

The construction log book shall be maintained on site from the date of initiation of construction activities to the date of final stabilization and shall be made available to the permitting authority upon request. The construction log book shall contain a record of all inspections; all certifications from the preparer(s), Trained Contractor(s), Qualified Professional(s), owner(s)/operator(s), contractor(s), and sub-contractor(s) as applicable; and all weekly reports.

6.9 Long Term Maintenance of Stormwater Structures

After construction is completed and an NOT has been filed, it is the responsibility of the owner to inspect and maintain all stormwater structures on-site, if applicable.

6.9.1 Piping and Outlets

Piping and outlets shall be inspected after every storm event and remove trash and debris that may be blocking the flow capability of the structure. The owner should pay close attention during the fall months where leave debris will be heavy. The piping and outlets shall be inspected for sediment accumulation at least once a year, and utilize vacuum trucks as necessary to remove the accumulated sediment.

6.9.2 Vegetated Swales

Swales shall be inspected after every storm event and remove trash and debris that may be blocking the flow capability of the structure. The owner should pay close attention during the fall months where leave debris will be heavy. The swales shall be inspected for sediment accumulation at least once a year. Sediment shall be removed as necessary.

7.0 GOOD HOUSEKEEPING AND MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

The following good housekeeping and material management practices shall be followed to reduce the risk of spills or exposure of materials to stormwater runoff.

7.1 Waste Materials

All waste material, including but not limited to trash and construction debris, generated during construction shall be collected and stored in a proper receptacle in accordance with Federal, State, County and Local regulations. No waste material shall be buried on-site. All collected waste material shall be hauled to an approved waste disposal facility.

7.2 Chemical

Chemicals used on-site shall be kept in small quantities, stored undercover in closed, water tight containers in a neat and orderly manner, and kept out of direct contact with stormwater. Chemical products shall not be mixed with one another unless recommended by the manufacturer.

All on-site personnel shall have access to material safety data sheets (MSDS) and National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) Guide to Chemical Hazards (latest edition) for all chemicals stored and used on-site.

Manufacturer's and/or Federal, State, County and Local guidelines for proper use and disposal shall be followed. Any spills or contamination of runoff with chemicals shall be contained, collected, cleaned up immediately and disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, County and Local regulations.

7.3 Fuels and Oil

All on-site vehicles, tools, and construction equipment shall be monitored for leaks and receive regular preventative maintenance to reduce the chance of leakage. On-site vehicle and equipment refueling shall be conducted at a location away from access to surface waters and runoff. Any on-site storage tanks shall have a means of secondary containment. Oil products shall be kept in their original containers with original manufacturer's label. In the event of a spill, it shall be contained, cleaned up immediately and the material, including any contaminated soil, shall be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, County and Local regulations.

Fuel and oil spills in excess of reportable quantities shall be reported to the NYSDEC as soon as the discharge is discovered.

7.4 Fertilizers

Fertilizers used on site shall be stored undercover in closed, water tight containers in a neat orderly manner, and shall be kept out of direct contact with stormwater. Manufacturer's and/or Federal, State, County and Local guidelines for proper use and disposal shall be followed. Any spills or contamination of runoff with fertilizers shall be contained, collected, cleaned up immediately, and disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, County and Local regulations.

7.5 Paint

Paints used on-site shall be stored undercover in closed, water tight containers in a neat and orderly manner, and shall be kept out of direct contact with stormwater. Manufacturer's and/or Federal, State, County and Local guidelines for proper use and disposal shall be followed. Any spills or contamination of runoff with paint shall be contained, collected, cleaned up immediately, and disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, County and Local regulations.

7.6 Sanitary Waste Facilities

Should portable sanitary units be located on-site, they shall be placed in upland areas away from direct contact with surface waters. They shall be serviced and cleaned on a weekly basis by a licensed portable toilet and septic disposal service. Any spills occurring during service shall be cleaned up immediately and disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, County, and Local regulations.

7.7 Container Disposal

Products shall be used up entirely before disposal of their respective containers. Empty containers that may contain chemical residue shall be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State, County and Local regulations.

7.8 Concrete and Asphalt Trucks

Concrete and asphalt trucks shall not be allowed to wash out or discharge surplus material on-site unless a concrete washout station is provided.

7.9 Site Supervisor

It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor's Site Supervisor to inspect daily and ensure the proper use, storage and disposal of all on-site materials.

8.0 SWPPP AMENDMENT

The SWPPP shall be updated by a licensed professional engineer whenever any of the following apply:

- 1) There is a major change in design, construction, operation or maintenance which may have a significant effect on the potential for the discharge of pollutants to the waters of the United States and which has not otherwise been addressed in the SWPPP.
- 2) The SWPPP proves to be ineffective in:
 - Eliminating or significantly minimizing pollutants from sources identified in the SWPPP required by the SPDES Permit; or
 - Achieving the general objective of controlling pollutants in stormwater discharges from permitted construction activity.
- 3) Identify any new contractor or subcontractor that will implement any measure of the SWPPP.
- 4) NYSDEC notifies the Permittee that the SWPPP does not meet one or more of the minimum requirements of the SPDES Permit. Within seven (7) days of such notification or as provided for by the NYSDEC, the Permittee shall make amendments to the SWPPP and submit to the NYSDEC a written certification that the requested changes have been made.

Since this project is subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4, the owner or operator shall notify the MS4 in writing of any planned amendments or modifications to components of the SWPPP.

9.0 CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATIONS

All contractors and subcontractors that have any responsibility to install, inspect or maintain erosion or sediment control measures shall sign a copy of the certification statement included in Appendix E before undertaking any construction activity at the site identified in the SWPPP. Contractor Certifications are to include the training requirements for a "Trained Contractor" per GP-0-20-001 Part III.A.6. Contractor Certifications must be provided to the MS4 prior to the start of construction. Contractor certifications can be found in Appendix E.

10.0 OWNER/OPERATOR CERTIFICATION

The Owner/Operator must review and sign the owner/operator certification statement included in Appendix G.

11.0 CONCLUSIONS

This SWPPP demonstrates that the proposed project generally meets the requirements of SPDES GP-0-20-001, as follows:

• An erosion and sediment control plan in accordance with the latest revision to the New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, July 2016, has been developed for the project and is included in the lot development plan set.

APPENDIX A NOTICE OF INTENT & MS4 ACCEPTANCE



NYS Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Water 625 Broadway, 4th Floor Albany, New York 12233-3505

MS4 Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) Acceptance Form

for

Construction Activities Seeking Authorization Under SPDES General Permit *(NOTE: Attach Completed Form to Notice Of Intent and Submit to Address Above)

I. Project Owner/Operator Information
1. Owner/Operator Name:
2. Contact Person:
3. Street Address:
4. City/State/Zip:
II. Project Site Information
5. Project/Site Name:
6. Street Address:
7. City/State/Zip:
III. Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) Review and Acceptance Information
8. SWPPP Reviewed by:
9. Title/Position:
10. Date Final SWPPP Reviewed and Accepted:
IV. Regulated MS4 Information
11. Name of MS4:
12. MS4 SPDES Permit Identification Number: NYR20A
13. Contact Person:
14. Street Address:
15. City/State/Zip:
16. Telephone Number:

MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form - continued
V. Certification Statement - MS4 Official (principal executive officer or ranking elected official) or Duly Authorized Representative
I hereby certify that the final Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for the construction project identified in question 5 has been reviewed and meets the substantive requirements in the SPDES General Permit For Stormwater Discharges from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s). Note: The MS4, through the acceptance of the SWPPP, assumes no responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the design included in the SWPPP. In addition, review and acceptance of the SWPPP by the MS4 does not relieve the owner/operator or their SWPPP preparer of responsibility or liability for errors or omissions in the plan.
Printed Name:
Title/Position:
Signature:
Date:
VI. Additional Information

(NYS DEC - MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form - January 2015)

APPENDIX B SOILS DATA



MAP LEGEND

Special Line Features Streams and Canals Interstate Highways Aerial Photography Very Stony Spot Major Roads Local Roads Stony Spot US Routes Spoil Area Wet Spot Other Rails Water Features **Fransportation** Background W 8 ŧ Soil Map Unit Polygons Area of Interest (AOI) Miscellaneous Water Soil Map Unit Points Soil Map Unit Lines Closed Depression Marsh or swamp Perennial Water Mine or Quarry Special Point Features Rock Outcrop **Gravelly Spot** Sandy Spot Saline Spot **Borrow Pit** Clay Spot Lava Flow **Gravel Pit** Area of Interest (AOI) Blowout Landfill Soils

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Web Soil Survey URL:

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Dutchess County, New York Survey Area Data: Version 18, Sep 1, 2021 Soil Survey Area:

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Oct 8, 2020—Oct 14,

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Severely Eroded Spot

Slide or Slip Sodic Spot

Sinkhole

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
DwC	Dutchess-Cardigan complex, rolling, rocky	13.9	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		13.9	100.0%

APPENDIX C NYSDEC ERM, FLOOD MAP, & WETLAND MAP

May 13, 2022

NYS Department of Environmental Conservation Not a legal document Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri

0.11 mi

1:4,514 0.06

0.03

0.04

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



1:6,000 AREA OF MINIMAL FLOOD HAZARD 1,500 200 36027C0459E

Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

HAZARD AREAS SPECIAL FLOOD

With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE)

Regulatory Floodway

0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X of 1% annual chance flood with average

Future Conditions 1% Annual

Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Chance Flood Hazard Zone X Levee. See Notes. Zone X

Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D

OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD

NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X

Effective LOMRs

Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D

OTHER AREAS

Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer STRUCTURES 1111111 Levee, Dike, or Floodwall

Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation

Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) Coastal Transect more 513 more

Limit of Study

Coastal Transect Baseline

OTHER

FEATURES

Hydrographic Feature

Digital Data Available

No Digital Data Available Unmapped

MAP PANELS

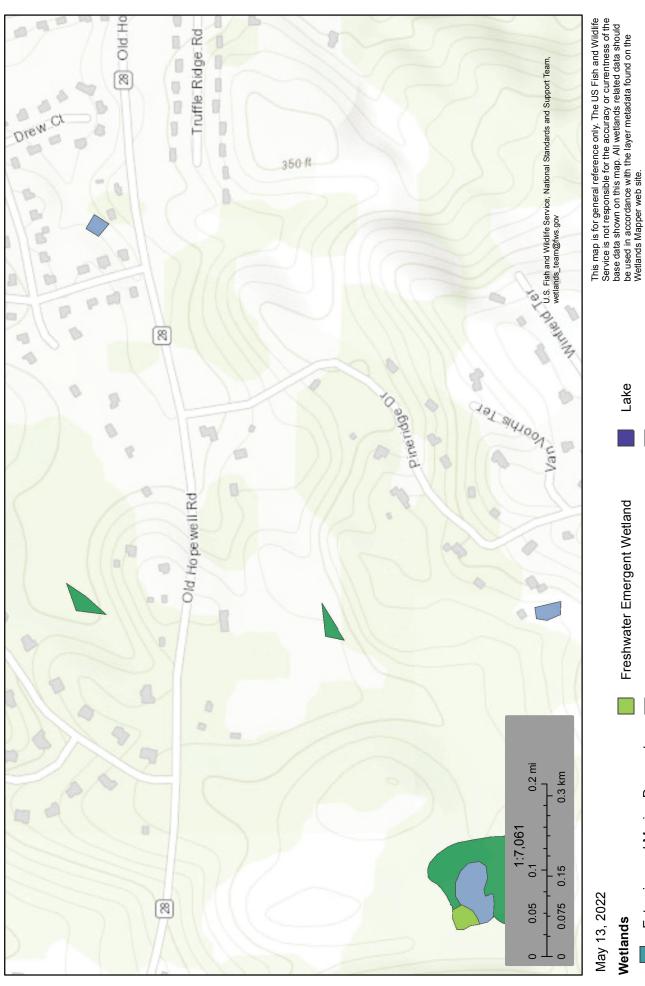
The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap

authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or The flood hazard information is derived directly from the was exported on 5/13/2022 at 11:43 AM and does not become superseded by new data over time. This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

2,000 Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020

Kimmel Subdivision



Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Pond

Lake

Other

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Riverine

APPENDIX D PRE-CONSTRUCTION SITE ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST

I. PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING DOCUMENTS Project Name Permit No. ______ Date of Authorization ______ Name of Operator ______ Prime Contractor

a. Preamble to Site Assessment and Inspections

The Following Information To Be Read By All Person's Involved in The Construction of Stormwater Related Activities:

The Operator agrees to have a qualified inspector¹ conduct an assessment of the site prior to the commencement of construction² and certify in this inspection report that the appropriate erosion and sediment controls described in the SWPPP have been adequately installed or implemented to ensure overall preparedness of the site for the commencement of construction.

Prior to the commencement of construction, the Operator shall certify in this site logbook that the SWPPP has been prepared in accordance with the State's standards and meets all Federal, State and local erosion and sediment control requirements. A preconstruction meeting should be held to review all of the SWPPP requirements with construction personnel.

When construction starts, site inspections shall be conducted by the qualified inspector at least every 7 calendar days. The Operator shall maintain a record of all inspection reports in this site logbook. The site logbook shall be maintained on site and be made available to the permitting authorities upon request.

Prior to filing the Notice of Termination or the end of permit term, the Operator shall have a qualified inspector perform a final site inspection. The qualified inspector shall certify that the site has undergone final stabilization³ using either vegetative or structural stabilization methods and that all temporary erosion and sediment controls (such as silt fencing) not needed for long-term erosion control have been removed. In addition, the Operator must identify and certify that all permanent structures described in the SWPPP have been constructed and provide the owner(s) with an operation and maintenance plan that ensures the structure(s) continuously functions as designed.

¹ Refer to "Qualified Inspector" inspection requirements in the current SPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activity for complete list of inspection requirements.

^{2 &}quot;Commencement of construction" means the initial removal of vegetation and disturbance of soils associated with clearing, grading or excavating activities or other construction activities.

^{3 &}quot;Final stabilization" means that all soil-disturbing activities at the site have been completed and a uniform, perennial vegetative cover with a density of eighty (80) percent has been established or equivalent stabilization measures (such as the use of mulches or geotextiles) have been employed on all unpaved areas and areas not covered by permanent structures.

b. Pre-construction Site Assessment Checklist (NOTE: Provide comments below as necessary) 1. Notice of Intent, SWPPP, and Contractors Certification: Yes No NA [] [] Has a Notice of Intent been filed with the NYS Department of Conservation? [] [] Is the SWPPP on-site? Where? [] [] [] Is the Plan current? What is the latest revision date? [] [] Is a copy of the NOI (with brief description) onsite? Where? [] [] Have all contractors involved with stormwater related activities signed a contractor's certification? 2. Resource Protection Yes No NA [] [] Are construction limits clearly flagged or fenced? [] [] Important trees and associated rooting zones, on-site septic system absorption fields, existing vegetated areas suitable for filter strips, especially in perimeter areas, have been flagged for protection. [] [] Creek crossings installed prior to land-disturbing activity, including clearing and blasting. 3. Surface Water Protection Yes No NA [] [] Clean stormwater runoff has been diverted from areas to be disturbed. [] [] Bodies of water located either on site or in the vicinity of the site have been identified and protected. [] [] Appropriate practices to protect on-site or downstream surface water are installed. [] [] Are clearing and grading operations divided into areas <5 acres? 4. Stabilized Construction Access Yes No NA [] [] A temporary construction entrance to capture mud and debris from construction vehicles before they enter the public highway has been installed. [] [] Other access areas (entrances, construction routes, equipment parking areas) are stabilized immediately as work takes place with gravel or other cover. [] [] Sediment tracked onto public streets is removed or cleaned on a regular basis. 5. Sediment Controls Yes No NA

[] [] Silt fence material and installation comply with the standard drawing and specifications. [] [] Silt fences are installed at appropriate spacing intervals

[] [] Sediment/detention basin was installed as first land disturbing activity.

[] [] Sediment traps and barriers are installed.

6. Pollution Prevention for Waste and Hazardous Materials

Yes No NA

[] [] The Operator or designated representative has been assigned to implement the spill prevention avoidance and response plan.

[] [] The plan is contained in the SWPPP on page

[] [] Appropriate materials to control spills are onsite. Where?

APPENDIX E CONTRACTOR & SUBCONTRACTOR CERTIFICATIONS

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

"I hereby certify that I understand and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of the SWPPP and agree to implement any corrective actions identified by the *qualified inspector* during a site inspection. I also understand that the *owner or operator* must comply with the terms and conditions of the most current version of the New York State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("SPDES") general permit for stormwater discharges from construction activities and that it is unlawful for any person to cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings."

Contractor:
Name:
Signature:
Title:
Company Name:
Company Address:
Company Phone Number:
Site Address:
Specific SWPPP Responsibilities:
Date of Certification:
Name and Title of Trained Contractor for SWPPP Implementation:

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

"I hereby certify that I understand and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of the SWPPP and agree to implement any corrective actions identified by the *qualified inspector* during a site inspection. I also understand that the *owner or operator* must comply with the terms and conditions of the most current version of the New York State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("SPDES") general permit for stormwater discharges from construction activities and that it is unlawful for any person to cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings."

APPENDIX F QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL'S CERTIFICATION

"I hereby certify that I meet the criteria set forth in the General Permit to conduct site inspections for this project and that the appropriate erosion and sediment controls described in the SWPPP and as described in the Pre-Construction Site Assessment Checklist have been adequately installed or implemented, ensuring the overall preparedness of this site for the commencement of construction."

Name (Print):	
Title:	
Date:	
Company Name:	
Company Address:	
Company Phone Number:	
Company Email:	
Signature:	

APPENDIX G OWNER / OPERATOR CERTIFICATION

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

"I have read or been advised of the permit conditions and believe that I understand them. I also understand that, under the terms of the permit, there may be reporting requirements. I also certify under penalty of law that that this document and the corresponding documents were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. Further, I am acknowledging that this SWPPP has been developed and will be implemented as the first element of construction and agree to comply with all the terms and conditions of the general permit for which the NOI is being submitted."

Name (Print):	
Title:	
Date:	
Company Name:	
Company Address:	
Company Phone Number:	
-	
Company Email:	
Signature:	

APPENDIX H CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION REPORT

II. CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS

a. Directions:

Inspection Forms will be filled out during the entire construction phase of the project.

Required Elements:

- 1) On a site map, indicate the extent of all disturbed site areas and drainage pathways. Indicate site areas that are expected to undergo initial disturbance or significant site work within the next 14-day period;
- 2) Indicate on a site map all areas of the site that have undergone temporary or permanent stabilization;
- 3) Indicate all disturbed site areas that have not undergone active site work during the previous 14-day period;
- 4) Inspect all sediment control practices and record the approximate degree of sediment accumulation as a percentage of sediment storage volume (for example, 10 percent, 20 percent, 50 percent);
- 5) Inspect all erosion and sediment control practices and record all maintenance requirements such as verifying the integrity of barrier or diversion systems (earthen berms or silt fencing) and containment systems (sediment basins and sediment traps). Identify any evidence of rill or gully erosion occurring on slopes and any loss of stabilizing vegetation or seeding/mulching. Document any excessive deposition of sediment or ponding water along barrier or diversion systems. Record the depth of sediment within containment structures, any erosion near outlet and overflow structures, and verify the ability of rock filters around perforated riser pipes to pass water; and
- 6) Immediately report to the Operator any deficiencies that are identified with the implementation of the SWPPP.

CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS Page 1 of _____ SITE PLAN/SKETCH **Date of Inspection Inspector (print name) Qualified Inspector (print name) Qualified Inspector Signature**

The above signed acknowledges that, to the best of his/her knowledge, all information provided on the forms is accurate and complete.

Maintaining Water Quality

Ye	s No	NA
[]	[]	[] Is there an increase in turbidity causing a substantial visible contrast to natural conditions at the outfalls?
[]	[]	[] Is there residue from oil and floating substances, visible oil film, or globules or grease at the outfalls?
		[] All disturbance is within the limits of the approved plans. [] Have receiving lake/bay, stream, and/or wetland been impacted by silt from project?
		keeping
		neral Site Conditions
		NA
[]	[]	 [] Is construction site litter, debris and spoils appropriately managed? [] Are facilities and equipment necessary for implementation of erosion and sediment control in working order and/or properly maintained? [] Is construction impacting the adjacent property?
		[] Is dust adequately controlled?
2	Ten	nporary Stream Crossing
		NA
[]	[]	 [] Maximum diameter pipes necessary to span creek without dredging are installed. [] Installed non-woven geotextile fabric beneath approaches. [] Is fill composed of aggregate (no earth or soil)? [] Rock on approaches is clean enough to remove mud from vehicles & prevent sediment from entering stream during high flow.
		bilized Construction Access NA
[]	[]	[] Stone is clean enough to effectively remove mud from vehicles. [] Installed per standards and specifications? [] Does all traffic use the stabilized entrance to enter and leave site? [] Is adequate drainage provided to prevent ponding at entrance?
Ru	noff	Control Practices
		eavation Dewatering NA
[] [] []		[] Upstream and downstream berms (sandbags, inflatable dams, etc.) are installed per plan. [] Clean water from upstream pool is being pumped to the downstream pool. [] Sediment laden water from work area is being discharged to a silt-trapping device. [] Constructed upstream berm with one-foot minimum freeboard.

Runoff Control Practices (continued)

2.]	Flow Spreader
Yes	No NA
[]	[] [] Installed per plan.
	[] [] Constructed on undisturbed soil, not on fill, receiving only clear, non-sediment laden flow. [] [] Flow sheets out of level spreader without erosion on downstream edge.
	Interceptor Dikes and Swales
	No NA
[]	 [] [] Installed per plan with minimum side slopes 2H:1V or flatter. [] [] Stabilized by geotextile fabric, seed, or mulch with no erosion occurring. [] [] Sediment-laden runoff directed to sediment trapping structure
	Stone Check Dam No NA
[] []	[] [] Is channel stable? (flow is not eroding soil underneath or around the structure). [] [] Check is in good condition (rocks in place and no permanent pools behind the structure). [] [] Has accumulated sediment been removed?.
	Rock Outlet Protection
	No NA
	[] [] Installed per plan. [] [] Installed concurrently with pipe installation.
Soil	Stabilization
	Topsoil and Spoil Stockpiles
	No NA [] Stockpiles are stabilized with vegetation and/or mulch.
	[] [] Sediment control is installed at the toe of the slope.
	Revegetation
	No NA [] Temporary seedings and mulch have been applied to idle areas.
	[] [] 4 inches minimum of topsoil has been applied under permanent seedings
Sedi	iment Control Practices
	Silt Fence and Linear Barriers
Yes	No NA
[]	[] [] Installed on Contour, 10 feet from toe of slope (not across conveyance channels). [] [] Joints constructed by wrapping the two ends together for continuous support.
[] []	[] [] Fabric buried 6 inches minimum.
	[] [] Posts are stable, fabric is tight and without rips or frayed areas.
Sedi	ment accumulation is% of design capacity.

CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS

Page 4 of _____

Sediment Control Practices (continued)

۷.	Stoi	rm Drain Inlet Protection (Use for Stone & Block; Filter Fabric; Curb; or, Excavated; Filter Sock of
	Maı	nufactured practices)
Yes	s No	NA
[]	[]	[] Installed concrete blocks lengthwise so open ends face outward, not upward.
		[] Placed wire screen between No. 3 crushed stone and concrete blocks.
		[] Drainage area is 1 acre or less.
ĪĪ	ĪĪ	[] Excavated area is 900 cubic feet.
ĪĪ	ĪĪ	[] Excavated side slopes should be 2:1.
ĪĪ	ĪĪ	[] 2" x 4" frame is constructed and structurally sound.
		[] Posts 3-foot maximum spacing between posts.
[]	[]	[] Fabric is embedded 1 to 1.5 feet below ground and secured to frame/posts with staples at max 8 inch spacing.
[]	[]	[] Posts are stable, fabric is tight and without rips or frayed areas.
		[] Manufactured insert fabric is free of tears and punctures.
וֹוֹ	וֹז	[] Filter Sock is not torn or flattened and fill material is contained within the mesh sock.
		nt accumulation% of design capacity.
_	_	
		nporary Sediment Trap
	s No	
		[] Outlet structure is constructed per the approved plan or drawing.
		[] Geotextile fabric has been placed beneath rock fill.
		[] Sediment trap slopes and disturbed areas are stabilized.
Sec	lime	nt accumulation is% of design capacity.
4.	Ten	nporary Sediment Basin
	s No	
		[] Basin and outlet structure constructed per the approved plan.
		[] Basin side slopes are stabilized with seed/mulch.
[]	[]	[] Drainage structure flushed and basin surface restored upon removal of sediment basin facility.
		[] Sediment basin dewatering pool is dewatering at appropriate rate.
		nt accumulation is % of design capacity.
bec	111110	in decumulation is70 of design capacity.
No	<u>te</u> :	Not all erosion and sediment control practices are included in this listing. Add additional pages
		to this list as required by site specific design. All practices shall be maintained in accordance
		with their respective standards.
		Construction inspection checklists for post-development stormwater management practices car
		be found in Appendix F of the New York Stormwater Management Design Manual.
		11

CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS

b. Modifications to the SWPPP (To be completed as described below)

The Operator shall amend the SWPPP whenever:

- 1. There is a significant change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance which may have a significant effect on the potential for the discharge of pollutants to the waters of the United States and which has not otherwise been addressed in the SWPPP; or
- 2. The SWPPP proves to be ineffective in:
 - a. Eliminating or significantly minimizing pollutants from sources identified in the SWPPP and as required by this permit; or
 - b. Achieving the general objectives of controlling pollutants in stormwater discharges from permitted construction activity; and
- 3. Additionally, the SWPPP shall be amended to identify any new contractor or subcontractor that will implement any measure of the SWPPP. **Modification & Reason:**

APPENDIX I NOTICE OF TERMINATION

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Water

625 Broadway, 4th Floor

Albany, New York 12233-3505

(NOTE: Submit completed form to address above)

NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity

Please indicate your permit identification number: NYR		
I. Owner or Operator Information		
1. Owner/Operator Name:		
2. Street Address:		
3. City/State/Zip:		
4. Contact Person:	4a.Telephone:	
4b. Contact Person E-Mail:		
II. Project Site Information		
5. Project/Site Name:		
6. Street Address:		
7. City/Zip:		
8. County:		
III. Reason for Termination		
9a. □ All disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization in accordance with the general permit and SWPPP. *Date final stabilization completed (month/year):		
9b. □ Permit coverage has been transferred to new owner/operator. Indicate new owner/operator's permit identification number: NYR		
9c. □ Other (Explain on Page 2)		
IV. Final Site Information:		
10a. Did this construction activity require the development of a SWPPP that includes post-construction stormwater management practices? □ yes ■ no (If no, go to question 10f.)		
10b. Have all post-construction stormwater management practic constructed? □ yes □ no (If no, explain on Page 2)	es included in the final SWPPP been	
10c. Identify the entity responsible for long-term operation and maintenance of practice(s)?		

NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the **SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity - continued** 10d. Has the entity responsible for long-term operation and maintenance been given a copy of the operation and maintenance plan required by the general permit? □ yes 10e. Indicate the method used to ensure long-term operation and maintenance of the post-construction stormwater management practice(s): □ Post-construction stormwater management practice(s) and any right-of-way(s) needed to maintain practice(s) have been deeded to the municipality. □ Executed maintenance agreement is in place with the municipality that will maintain the post-construction stormwater management practice(s). □ For post-construction stormwater management practices that are privately owned, a mechanism is in place that requires operation and maintenance of the practice(s) in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan, such as a deed covenant in the owner or operator's deed of record. □ For post-construction stormwater management practices that are owned by a public or private institution (e.g. school, university or hospital), government agency or authority, or public utility; policy and procedures are in place that ensures operation and maintenance of the practice(s) in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan. 10f. Provide the total area of impervious surface (i.e. roof, pavement, concrete, gravel, etc.) constructed within the disturbance area? (acres) 11. Is this project subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4? yes (If Yes, complete section VI - "MS4 Acceptance" statement V. Additional Information/Explanation: (Use this section to answer questions 9c. and 10b., if applicable)

VI. MS4 Acceptance - MS4 Official (principal executive officer or ranking elected official) or Duly Authorized Representative (Note: Not required when 9b. is checked -transfer of coverage)

I have determined that it is acceptable for the owner or operator of the construction project identified in question 5 to submit the Notice of Termination at this time.

Printed Name:

Signature:

Title/Position:

Date:

NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity - continued

VII. Qualified Inspector Certification - Final Stabilization:			
I hereby certify that all disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization as defined in the current version of the general permit, and that all temporary, structural erosion and sediment control measures have been removed. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.			
Printed Name:			
Title/Position:			
Signature:	Date:		
VIII. Qualified Inspector Certification - Post-construction Stormwat	ter Management Practice(s):		
I hereby certify that all post-construction stormwater management practices have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.			
Printed Name:			
Title/Position:			
Signature:	Date:		
IX. Owner or Operator Certification			
I hereby certify that this document was prepared by me or under my direction or supervision. My determination, based upon my inquiry of the person(s) who managed the construction activity, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, is that the information provided in this document is true, accurate and complete. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.			
Printed Name:			
Title/Position:			
Signature:	Date:		

(NYS DEC Notice of Termination - January 2015)