Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

Ketchamtown Land Development, LLC

Ketchamtown Road, Town of Wappinger, New York

January 23, 2023





Preparer of the SWPPP

"I hereby certify that the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for this project has been prepared in accordance with the terms and conditions of the GP-0-20-001. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of this permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings."

Name:	William H. Povall III, PE
	,
Date:	01-23-23





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1 Executive Summary

This Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and accompanying project plans have been prepared for the construction activities associated with Ketchamtown Land Development, LLC project located in the Town of Wappinger, New York. The stormwater management, pollution prevention, and erosion and sediment control measures identified and detailed in this SWPPP and on the accompanying project plans have been designed in accordance with the requirements of the Town of Wappinger and the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) Phase II technical standards.

The proposed project:

- 1. Maintains the existing drainage patterns, as much as possible.
- 2. Reducing potential stormwater quality impacts and soil erosion resulting from stormwater runoff generated both during construction with the use of erosion and sediment control practice(s).

2 Project Description

The Applicant, Ketchamtown Land Development, LLC, is proposing to subdivide a 35.26 acre parcel into two (2) separate building lots for construction of single family homes. The proposed buildings lots are 17.65 acres and 17.59 acres, respectively. The project site is located on the west side of Ketchamtown Road in the Town of Wappinger (see Figure 1). The project will seek approval from the Dutchess County Department of Behavioral and Community Health approval for water supply and wastewater treatment serving the parcel. A Grading and SWPPP plan was prepared and is part of this SWPPP document for this project.

2.1 Pre-Development Conditions

The original parcel consisted of 35.26 acres of largely undeveloped vacant land. There have been previous disturbances to the site, including the existence of a framed garage structure that is proposed to be transferred to the adjacent property owner with a lot line realignment. Additionally, there is an existing dirt path/former farm access from Ketchamtown road into the interior of the property. The surrounding parcels consist of single-family residences and undeveloped vacant land. The proposed construction will disturb approximately 4,122 square feet of United State Army Corps of Engineers (USACOE) Regulated Freshwater Wetlands, NYSDEC Regulated Freshwater Wetlands and Town of Wappinger Regulated Wetlands.

There is no impervious coverage existing onsite in the proposed development area.

The site varies in elevation from 140 feet, at the lowest elevation at the northern limit of the parcel, to 170 feet, at the highest elevation in the western portion of the property. Slopes vary across the site and range from less than 1 to greater than 10 percent.

Stormwater runoff generally sheet flows overland to the northwest towards the wetlands area.



2.2 Post-Development Conditions

The post-development ground cover will consist of impervious surfaces (e.g., asphalt driveway and building roofs), grass and landscaped areas. Additional grass and landscaped areas will be added to the site. The overall proposed area of disturbance is 2.94 acres, or approximately 8 percent of the parcel. Approximately 0.72 acres of impervious coverage will be added.

The topography and vegetative cover outside the developed area will remain unchanged. Thus, slopes outside the limits of disturbance will remain unchanged. The proposed slopes range from 1 to 10 percent in the driveway areas. Stormwater from the each of the private driveway sections will sheet flow over paved surfaces towards the grass shoulders. Flow will continue to sheet flow through lawns/vegetative surface. At the confluence of the private driveways to the shared driveway, a catch basin will convey stormwater through piping to a level spreader for controlled release into the wetland area. Runoff from the shared driveway is directed towards the grass shoulders and flow will continue to sheet flow through lawns/vegetative surface.

Stormwater runoff from the building roof will be directed to gutter and downspout leaders. The downspout leaders will be piped to daylight. Pipe outlets will provide rodent screens and outflow areas will be protected with stone. Runoff will then continue to sheet flow throughtlawn areas. House footing drains will also be installed to daylight and the discharge point be equipped with a rodent screen and outfall areas protected with stone.

Stormwater runoff outside the disturbed area will continue to flow overland in the same direction as in the pre-development conditions. No permanent stormwater treatment is required for residential homes sites where the disturbance is less than 5 acres.

2.3 Soil Survey Data

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Soil Conservation Service Soil Survey for Dutchess County was reviewed. The surficial soil conditions for the study area are shown in <u>Figure 2</u>. The soil data for each of the soil types is summarized in <u>Table 1</u> below.

Map Depth to Depth to Hydrologic Description Symbol Groundwater (ft) Soil Group Bedrock (in) Dutchess-Cardigan Complex, DwB >6 > 20-40В undulating, rocky Canandaigua Silt Loam, neutral 0 C/D*Ca > 80substratum

Table 1: USDA Soil Data

The Soil Conservation Service defines the hydrologic soil groups as follows:

• Type A Soils: Soils having a high infiltration rate and low runoff potential when thoroughly wet. These soils consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

^{*} For the purposes of surface water hydrology evaluation with HydroCad, Group D soils were used.



- Type B Soils: Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet and consists mainly of moderately deep to deep, moderately well to well drained soils with moderately fine to moderately course textures. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.
- Type C Soils: Soils having a low infiltration rate when thoroughly wet and consists chiefly of soils with a layer that impedes downward movement of water and soils with moderately fine-to-fine texture. These soils have a low rate of water transmission.
- Type D Soils: Soils having a very low infiltration rate and high runoff potential when thoroughly wet. These soils consist chiefly of clays that have high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a permanent high water table, soils that have a clay pan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very low rate of water transmission.

2.4 Groundwater, Surface Waters, and Wetlands

As shown in <u>Table 1</u>, the depth to groundwater varies to greater than six (6) feet below ground surface to surface water present within the wetlands on site. There is one (1) wetland complex located on two (2) portions of the subject property. One section is located at the western portion of the property and one is located at the eastern portion of the subject property. The wetland complex is identified as NYSDEC Regulated Wetland WF-28. The wetland is also subject to jurisdiction of the USACOE and Town of Wappinger Chapter 137. The proposed disturbance to the regulated wetland will occur in the eastern portion, where a section of the shared driveway will pass through the wetland and its associated NYSDEC 100' regulated buffer area. Total disturbance of the wetland is proposed to be 4,122 square feet.

An on-site sanitary disposal system will be designed in accordance with the NYS Department of Health Residential Onsite Wastewater Treatment regulations and will be submitted for approval by the Dutchess County Department of Behavioral and Community Health prior to construction.

2.5 Floodplains

A portion of the property is located within Zone A (other flood areas) according to the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Town of Wappinger Panel 458 of 602, Community Panel Number 361387 and Map Number 36027C0458E effective date May 2, 2012. Zone A (other flood areas) is defined as "Special floor hazard areas subject to inundation by the 1% annual chance flood"; areas of 100-year flood with average depths of less than 1 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile; and areas protected by levees from 100-year flood". Zone A is described as no base flood elevation have been determined.

The proposed shared driveway traverses through the regulated wetland and the Zone A floodplain. An existing 18" stormwater pipe under an existing dirt farm road is located within the regulated wetland and respective floodplain. As part of the site development, the existing stormwater culvert pipe will be replaced with a large open bottom box culvert, opening 48"W x 36"H. Additional information on the culvert replacement is located in <u>Section 3</u>.



2.6 Historic Places

The parcel is not listed or eligible for listing on the State or National Register of Historic Places; and not adjacent to a place listed or eligible for listing on the State or National Register of Historic Places. Therefore, the proposed project will not adversely impact any places listed or eligible for listing on the State or National Register of Historic Places. Correspondence from NYS Office of Park, Recreation and Historical Preservation (SHPO) is included in <u>Appendix F</u>.

2.7 NYSDEC SPDES General Permit GP-0-20-001

The proposed project involves soil disturbance of one or more acres of land; but less than five acres of land and involves construction of single-family dwellings. Therefore, coverage under the NYSDEC SPDES General Permit GP-0-20-001 is required (see <u>Appendix A</u>). However, no post-construction stormwater practices are proposed or are included in this plan. In addition, the proposed project is located within a Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4). Therefore, the Town of Wappinger must review and accept the SWPPP.

This SWPPP and accompanying project plans have been developed in accordance with the NYSDEC's technical standards. The completed NOI and signed "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form will be submitted to the NYSDEC prior to the commencement of construction in order to obtain coverage under the SPDES General Permit. Once coverage has been obtained, a copy shall be provided to the Town of LaGrange for their records. The NOI and "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form have been provided in <u>Appendix B</u>.

3 Wetland Culvert Replacement

As previously indicated, a proposed 18-foot wide driveway will be traversing through a portion of the USACOE, NYSDEC and Town of Wappinger regulated Wetland. The proposed driveway is located along an existing dirt path/former farm access through the wetland area. An 18" HDPE culvert is located in the access path to convey stormwater. As part of the proposed development activities, the existing culvert will be removed and replaced with an open bottom concrete box culvert, opening 48"W x 36"H.

3.1 Hydrologic Analysis

In an order to determine the appropriately sized box culvert for the proposed activities, a hydrologic analysis was conducted to study potential runoff volumes and minimize any potential impact to the floodplain. The study area was made up of one watershed area for pre-development conditions. This was dictated by watershed conditions, methods of collection, conveyance, and points of discharge. Watershed delineations were defined using the United States Geological Service (USGS) 7.5-minute topographic maps, aerial photographs, a topographical survey, soil surveys, and site investigations.

HydroCAD, a Computer-Aided-Design (CAD) program, was used to analyze the hydrologic characteristics of the pre-development watershed conditions, and the potential runoff volumes through the stormwater conveyance structure. HydroCAD has the capability of computing hydrographs (which represents discharge rates characteristic of specified watershed conditions, precipitation, and geologic factors), combining hydrographs, and routing flows though pipes, streams, channels, and ponds.



The study area consists of an overall watershed that encompasses approximately 25.72 acres and contains a portion of the project site as well as offsite area(s). The overall watershed was analyzed as one subcatchment which drained to one discharge location, i.e. the box culvert. Analysis of watershed conditions considered existing drainage patterns, soil types, ground cover, and topography. The time of concentration for the subcatchment was also calculated.

3.1.1 Rainfall Data

Rainfall data utilized in the modeling and analysis was obtained from National Weather Service (NWS) Technical Paper 40 (TP-40), Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the U.S. Weather Bureau, published by the U.S. Department of Commerce. A Type III rainfall distribution was used to evaluate the predevelopment stormwater runoff conditions for 100-year 24-hour storm events for Dutchess County. Rainfall data specific to the portion of Dutchess County was determined to be 8.00 inches for a 24-hour storm event.

3.2 Hydraulic Analysis

Based upon the hydraulic analysis, a 48" wide box culvert was determined to have the adequate capacity to convey the stormwater from a 100-year 24-hour event. The proposed box culvert will have a natural earth and stone bottom and an opening height of 36" inches. The hydraulic analysis has been provided in Appendix G.

4 Construction Sequencing Schedule & Phasing

The purpose of the construction sequencing schedule and phasing plan is to reduce the overall disturbance and ensure that previously disturbed areas are re-established prior to construction in another portion of the site. The duration of the construction activities, including planned winter shutdowns, will be from June 1, 2023 to June 1, 2024.

The total disturbance of the proposed project is 2.94 acres. The proposed project will be completed in a single phase. The construction sequencing is outlined on the accompanying plans and is provided below. The construction sequencing is as follows:

- 1. Stake out the locations of the limits of disturbance and improvements (e.g. residence, driveway, etc.) The locations of the wetlands and their respective buffers will be marked with orange snow fencing and appropriate signage to indicate the presence of the wetland. The proposed area of wetland disturbance shall be limited to the area(s) indicated on the project plans.
- 2. All temporary erosion and sediment control measures (e.g., stabilized construction entrances, silt fencing, storm drain inlet protection, etc.) shall be installed as shown on the project plans. Temporary erosion and sediment control measures shall be constructed, stabilized, and functional before site disturbance begins within their tributary areas.
- 3. Remove trees, stumps, and vegetation within the disturbance limits in accordance with the project plans. All stumps shall be stockpiled for either grinding in-place or removal from



site. The stump pile shall be protected in accordance with the stockpile detail on the project plans as appropriate. Stump burial is prohibited.

- 4. Rough grade the site. Place surplus material in the temporary soil stockpile locations shown on the project plans. Any existing surplus material (e.g. topsoil, fill materials) shall be outfitted with erosion and sediment control measures as shown on the project plans as appropriate.
- 5. Construct the single-family residences and associated structures (decks, patios, etc).
- 6. Construct all site utilities such as subsurface sewage disposal system (SDS) and on site potable water well and associated piping and other utility service connections, such as electric service as shown on the project plans.
- 7. Finalize driveway pavement sub-grade preparation.
- 8. Place driveway pavement base course.
- 9. Finish grading and stabilize all disturbed areas (this shall include any previously disturbed areas). All erosion and sediment control measures must be left in place until final stabilization has been achieved.
- 10. Remove all temporary erosion and sediment control measures. Establish permanent vegetative cover and install all landscaping. Remove wetland and buffer fencing.

5 Erosion and Sediment Control Plan

This SWPPP and accompanying project plans identify both temporary and permanent erosion and sediment control measures, which have been designed in accordance with the *New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control*, latest revision. Temporary erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented during construction to minimize soil erosion and control sediment transport off-site.

5.1 Erosion and Sediment Control Measures

Temporary erosion and sediment control measures to be utilized during construction generally include the following:

- 1. **Stabilized Construction Entrance** Prior to construction, stabilized construction entrances shall be installed to reduce the tracking of sediment onto public roadways. Construction traffic must enter and exit the site at the stabilized construction entrance. The entrance shall be maintained in good condition, which will control tracking of sediment onto public rights-of-way or streets. When necessary, the placement of additional aggregate atop the filter fabric shall be done to assure the minimum thickness is maintained. All sediments and soils spilled, dropped, or washed onto the public rights-of-way must be removed immediately. Periodic inspection and needed maintenance shall be provided after each substantial rainfall event.
- 2. **Dust Control** Water shall be used, as needed, during construction to reduce dust generated on the site. Dust control must be provided by the general contractor to a degree that is



acceptable to the owner/operator, and in compliance with the applicable local and state dust control requirements.

- 3. **Temporary Soil Stockpile** Materials, such as topsoil, shall be temporarily stockpiled (if necessary) on the site during the construction process. Stockpiles shall be located in an area away from storm drainage, water bodies and/or courses, and shall be properly protected from erosion by a surrounding silt fence barrier or hay bales when located on paved areas.
- 4. **Silt Fencing** Prior to the initiation of and during construction activities, silt fencing shall be established along the perimeter of all areas to be disturbed as a result of the construction which lie up gradient of water courses or adjacent properties. These barriers may extend into non-impact areas to ensure adequate protection of adjacent lands. Clearing and grubbing shall be performed only as necessary for the installation of the sediment control barrier. To ensure effectiveness of the silt fencing, daily inspections and inspections immediately after significant storm events shall be performed by site personnel. Maintenance of the fence shall be performed as needed.
- 5. **Temporary Seeding** Within seven days after construction activity ceases on any particular area of the site, all disturbed areas where there shall not be construction for longer than 14 days shall be temporarily seeded and mulched to minimize erosion and sediment loss.

Permanent erosion and sediment control measures to be utilized after construction generally include the following:

- 1. **Establishment of Permanent Vegetation** Disturbed areas that are not covered by impervious surfaces shall be seeded in accordance with the accompanying plans. The type of seed, mulch, and maintenance measures shall be followed. All areas at final grade shall be seeded and mulched within seven (7) days after completion of the major construction activity. All seeded areas shall be protected with mulch and/or hay. Final site stabilization is achieved when all soil-disturbing activities at the site has been completed and a uniform, perennial vegetative cover with a density of 80 percent has been established or equivalent stabilization measures (such as the use of mulches or geotextiles) have been employed on all unpaved areas and areas not covered by permanent structures.
- 2. **Final Seeding and Planting** Final seeding and planting shall be installed as shown on the accompanying plans. Final seeding and planting will help minimize erosion and sediment loss.
- 3. **Gutter Downspout Protection** Rock outlet protection shall be installed at the end of the outlet pipes for the roof downspouts and footing drain discharge location(s). The installation of rock outlet protection will reduce the depth, velocity, and energy of water from the point sources.
- 4. **Driveway Swale** Stormwater from the driveway shall be conveyed through a grass swale as shown on the project plans. The stormwater shall be discharged from the swales through level spreaders. Stormwater water runoff will be returned to sheet flow overland onto the undisturbed area(s) consistent with the pre-construction conditions.
- 5. **Rock Outlet Protection** Rock outlet protection shall be installed at the locations as shown on the accompanying plans. The installation of rock outlet protection will reduce the depth,



velocity, and energy of water, such that the flow will not erode the receiving water course or water body.

Specific erosion and sediment control measures, inspection frequency, and remediation procedures are provided in the subsequent sections and on the accompanying project plans.

5.2 Pollution Prevention Controls

Good housekeeping practices are designed to maintain a clean and orderly work environment. Good housekeeping measures shall be maintained throughout the construction process by those parties involved with the direct care and development of the site. The following measures should be implemented to control the possible exposure of harmful substances and materials to stormwater runoff:

- Material resulting from the clearing and grubbing operation shall be stockpiled away from storm drainage, water bodies and/or watercourses and surrounded with adequate erosion and sediment control measures. Soil stockpile locations shall be exposed no longer than 14 days before seeding.
- 2. Equipment maintenance areas shall be protected from stormwater flows and shall be supplied with appropriate waste receptacles for spent chemicals, solvents, oils, greases, gasoline, and any pollutants that might contaminate the surrounding habitat and/or water supply. Equipment wash-down zones shall be located within areas draining to sediment control devices.
- 3. The use of detergents for large-scale (i.e., vehicles, buildings, pavement surfaces, etc.) washing is prohibited.
- 4. Material storage locations and facilities (i.e., covered storage areas, storage sheds, etc.) shall be located onsite and shall be stored according to the manufacturer's standards in a dedicated staging area. Chemicals, paints, solvents, fertilizers, and other toxic material must be stored in waterproof containers. Runoff containing such materials must be collected, removed from the site, treated and disposed at an approved solid waste or chemical disposal facility.
- 5. Hazardous spills shall be immediately contained to prevent pollutants from entering the surrounding habitat and/or water supply. Spill Kits shall be provided onsite and shall be displayed in a prominent location for ease of access and use. Spills greater than five (5) gallons shall be reported to the NYSDEC Response Unit at 1-800-457-7362. In addition, a record of the incident(s) and/or notifications shall be documented and attached to the SWPPP.
- 6. Portable sanitary waste facilities shall be provided onsite for workers and shall be properly maintained.
- 7. Dumpsters and/or debris containers shall be located onsite and shall be of adequate size to manage respective materials. Regular collection and disposal of wastes shall occur as required.
- 8. Temporary concrete washout facilities should be located a minimum of 50 feet from storm drain inlets, open drainage facilities, and watercourses. Each facility should be located away



from construction traffic or access areas to prevent disturbance or tracking. A sign should be installed adjacent to each washout facility to inform concrete equipment operators to utilize the proper facilities. When temporary concrete washout facilities are no longer required for the work, the hardened concrete shall be removed and disposed of. Materials used to construct the temporary concrete washout facilities shall be removed and disposed of. Holes, depressions or other ground disturbance caused by the removal of the temporary concrete washout facilities shall be backfilled and/or repaired, seeded, and mulched for final stabilization.

9. Non-stormwater components of site discharge must be clean water. Water used for construction, which discharges from the site, must originate from a public water supply or private well approved by the Health Department. Water used for construction that does not originate from an approved public supply must not discharge from the site.

5.3 Site Log Book

The owner/operator shall maintain a record of all inspection reports in a site log book. Copies of the NYSDEC Acknowledgement of Receipt of the NOI; signed "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form (if applicable); and signed copies of the certification statements shall also be placed in the site log book. The site log book shall be maintained on site and be made available to the permitting authority upon request.

5.4 Pre-Construction Meeting, Inspection, and Certification

A pre-construction meeting shall be scheduled with the Town representative, the Qualified Professional, the owner or operator, the contractor, and the subcontractors to discuss responsibilities as they relate to the implementation of this SWPPP. The owner/operator shall set-up the pre-construction meeting. Pre-construction meeting documents have been provided in <u>Appendix C</u>.

Prior to the commencement of construction, the owner/operator or contractor shall contact the Qualified Professional once the erosion and sediment control measures have been installed. The Qualified Professional shall conduct an initial assessment of the site and certify that the appropriate erosion and sediment control measures and structures have been adequately installed and implemented in accordance with the SWPPP and plans. A copy of the completed pre-construction site assessment shall be placed in the site log book. A sample pre-construction site assessment form has been provided in Appendix D.

5.5 Construction Inspections and Maintenance

The contractor and his/her subcontractor(s) shall identify the trained individual(s) that will be responsible for the implementation and maintenance of the all erosion and sediment controls as required to achieve the proper erosion and sediment controls during construction. The trained individual(s) is required to have received four hours of NYSDEC endorsed training in proper erosion and sediment control principles from a Soil and Water Conservation District, or other NYSDEC endorsed entity. After receiving the initial training, the trained individual(s) shall receive four (4) hours of training every three (3) years.



The contractor's and/or subcontractor's trained individual(s) shall perform daily inspections of all erosion and sediment control measures at the beginning and end of the day. The trained individual(s) shall immediately correct any deficiencies noted during their inspection.

For construction sites where soil disturbance activities have been temporarily suspended (e.g., winter shutdown) and temporary stabilization measures have been applied to all disturbed areas, the frequency of the inspections can be reduced. The trained contractor shall begin conducting the maintenance inspection in accordance with the Plan as soon as soil disturbance activities resume.

All inspections shall be performed in accordance with this SWPPP, accompanying project plans, latest revision of *New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control*, and procedures outlined in Appendix F of the latest revision of the *New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual*.

5.6 Final Site Inspection, Assessment, and Certification

Once construction is complete, the owner/operator shall have the Qualified Professional perform a final site inspection. The Qualified Professional shall certify that the site has undergone final stabilization. Final stabilization is defined as all soil disturbing activities at the site have been completed, and that a uniform perennial vegetative cover with a density of 80 percent has been established or equivalent stabilization measures (such as the use of mulches or geotextiles) have been employed on all unpaved areas and areas not covered by permanent structures. A final site assessment form has been provided in Appendix D.

Cancellation of coverage under the NYSDEC SPDES General Permit GP-0-20-001 is accomplished by submitting a Notice of Termination (NOT). Failure to submit a NOT may result in the continued obligation to pay a yearly Regulatory Fee and/or may be cause for suspension of permit coverage. A blank NOT form has been provided in <u>Appendix E</u>.

6 Post Construction Requirements

6.1 Records and Archiving

Following construction, the owner/operator shall retain copies of the SWPPP, project plans, the complete construction site log book, and records of all data used to complete the NOI to be covered by this permit, for a period of at least five years from the date that the site is finally stabilized. This period may be extended by the NYSDEC, in its sole discretion, at any time upon written notification.



Table 2: General Site Post-Construction Inspection and Maintenance

Maintenance Item	Frequency	Description of Inspection Parameters	Description of Remedy Procedures
Site Structures	Annual & After Major	-Accumulated debris and litter	-Remove
	Storms	-Damage or fatigue of storm pipe or associated components	-Replace and/or repair, as necessary
Pavement	Biannual/ Annual	-Accumulated sediment in paved areas -Accumulated debris and litter	-Remove (sweep min. 2 times/year) -Remove
Embankments	Annual	-Differential settlement of embankments -Embankment erosion	-Stabilize and restore to original specs - Stabilize and restore to original specs
		-Animal burrows -Cracking, bulging, or sliding of embankment	-Remove - Stabilize and restore to original specs
Grass and	Annual	-Vegetation: 80% coverage + less than 15% invasive plant species	-Restore original specs
Lairescapou arcas		-Undesirable vegetative growth	-Remove -Mow a min. of 3 times/year. May increase
		-Accumulated debris and litter	for aesthetic reasons. -Remove
Winter Maintenance	Monthly	-Accumulation of snow and ice on inlet and outlet structures, and end sections	-Remove
		-Stock piled snow near inlets and outlets -Remaining deicing materials	-Remove -Remove in early spring by sweeping
Swales	Monthly	-Erosion of side slopes -Formation of rills or gullies -Excess grass growth -Undesirable vegetative growth	- Stabilize and restore to original specs -Repair and restore to original specs -Mow -Remove
		-Accumulated debris, litter, or sediment -Residual deicing materials (sand)	-Remove -Remove & replace any damaged vegetation



6 Conclusion

This Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan for Ketchamtown Land Development, LLC incorporates an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan. The SWPPP identifies the measures to be implemented during construction to minimize soil erosion and control sediment transport off-site, and after construction to control the water quality and quantity of stormwater runoff from the developed site to minimize adverse effects to downstream conditions.

This Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan has been developed in accordance with the requirements of the Town of LaGrange and the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) Phase II technical standards. It is our opinion that the proposed project will not adversely impact adjacent or downstream properties, or receiving surface waters or wetlands, if the erosion and sediment control measures and stormwater management facilities are properly constructed and maintained in accordance with the requirements outlined herein.



Figures



	REVISIONS
DATE:	DESCRIPTION:



WILLIAM H. POVALL III, P.E. N.Y.S.P.E. LICENSE #075020

3 NANCY COURT, SUITE 4 WAPPINGERS FALLS, NY 12590

> TEL.: (845) 897-8205 FAX: (845) 897-0042

KETCHAMTOWN LAND DEVELOPMENT, LLC

SITE LOCATION MAP

TOWN OF WAPPINGER

DUTCHESS COUNTY, NEW YORK

JOB #: 2212

DATE: 01-23-23

SCALE: 1"=400'

FIGURE 1





	REVISIONS	
	DESCRIPTION:	DATE:
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ENGINEERING, PL		
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WILLIAM H. POVALL III, P.E. N.Y.S.P.E. LICENSE #075020

3 NANCY COURT, SUITE 4 WAPPINGERS FALLS, NY 12590

> TEL.: (845) 897-8205 FAX: (845) 897-0042

KETCHAMTOWN LAND DEVELOPMENT, LLC

SOILS MAP

TOWN OF WAPPINGER

DUTCHESS COUNTY, NEW YORK

JOB #: 2212

DATE: 01-23-23

SCALE: 1"=400'

FIGURE 2



Appendix A

NYSDEC SPDES General Permit



NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

SPDES GENERAL PERMIT FOR STORMWATER DISCHARGES

From

CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY

Permit No. GP- 0-20-001

Issued Pursuant to Article 17, Titles 7, 8 and Article 70

of the Environmental Conservation Law

Effective Date: January 29, 2020 Expiration Date: January 28, 2025

John J. Ferguson

Chief Permit Administrator

Authorized Signature

Date

Address:

NYS DEC

Division of Environmental Permits

625 Broadway, 4th Floor Albany, N.Y. 12233-1750

PREFACE

Pursuant to Section 402 of the Clean Water Act ("CWA"), stormwater *discharges* from certain *construction activities* are unlawful unless they are authorized by a *National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System* ("NPDES") permit or by a state permit program. New York administers the approved State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) program with permits issued in accordance with the New York State Environmental Conservation Law (ECL) Article 17, Titles 7, 8 and Article 70.

An owner or operator of a construction activity that is eligible for coverage under this permit must obtain coverage prior to the commencement of construction activity. Activities that fit the definition of "construction activity", as defined under 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14)(x), (15)(i), and (15)(ii), constitute construction of a point source and therefore, pursuant to ECL section 17-0505 and 17-0701, the owner or operator must have coverage under a SPDES permit prior to commencing construction activity. The owner or operator cannot wait until there is an actual discharge from the construction site to obtain permit coverage.

*Note: The italicized words/phrases within this permit are defined in Appendix A.

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION SPDES GENERAL PERMIT FOR STORMWATER DISCHARGES FROM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

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Part 1. PERMIT COVERAGE AND LIMITATIONS

A. Permit Application

This permit authorizes stormwater *discharges* to *surface waters of the State* from the following *construction activities* identified within 40 CFR Parts 122.26(b)(14)(x), 122.26(b)(15)(i) and 122.26(b)(15)(ii), provided all of the eligibility provisions of this permit are met:

- 1. Construction activities involving soil disturbances of one (1) or more acres; including disturbances of less than one acre that are part of a larger common plan of development or sale that will ultimately disturb one or more acres of land; excluding routine maintenance activity that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity or original purpose of a facility;
- 2. Construction activities involving soil disturbances of less than one (1) acre where the Department has determined that a SPDES permit is required for stormwater discharges based on the potential for contribution to a violation of a water quality standard or for significant contribution of pollutants to surface waters of the State.
- 3. Construction activities located in the watershed(s) identified in Appendix D that involve soil disturbances between five thousand (5,000) square feet and one (1) acre of land.

B. Effluent Limitations Applicable to Discharges from Construction Activities

Discharges authorized by this permit must achieve, at a minimum, the effluent limitations in Part I.B.1. (a) - (f) of this permit. These limitations represent the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of best practicable technology currently available.

1. Erosion and Sediment Control Requirements - The owner or operator must select, design, install, implement and maintain control measures to minimize the discharge of pollutants and prevent a violation of the water quality standards. The selection, design, installation, implementation, and maintenance of these control measures must meet the non-numeric effluent limitations in Part I.B.1.(a) – (f) of this permit and be in accordance with the New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, dated November 2016, using sound engineering judgment. Where control measures are not designed in conformance with the design criteria included in the technical standard, the owner or operator must include in the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan ("SWPPP") the reason(s) for the

deviation or alternative design and provide information which demonstrates that the deviation or alternative design is *equivalent* to the technical standard.

- a. **Erosion and Sediment Controls.** Design, install and maintain effective erosion and sediment controls to *minimize* the *discharge* of *pollutants* and prevent a violation of the *water quality standards*. At a minimum, such controls must be designed, installed and maintained to:
 - (i) *Minimize* soil erosion through application of runoff control and soil stabilization control measure to *minimize pollutant discharges*;
 - (ii) Control stormwater *discharges*, including both peak flowrates and total stormwater volume, to *minimize* channel and *streambank* erosion and scour in the immediate vicinity of the *discharge* points;
 - (iii) Minimize the amount of soil exposed during construction activity;
 - (iv) Minimize the disturbance of steep slopes;
 - (v) *Minimize* sediment *discharges* from the site;
 - (vi) Provide and maintain *natural buffer*s around surface waters, direct stormwater to vegetated areas and maximize stormwater infiltration to reduce *pollutant discharges*, unless *infeasible*;
 - (vii) Minimize soil compaction. Minimizing soil compaction is not required where the intended function of a specific area of the site dictates that it be compacted;
 - (viii) Unless *infeasible*, preserve a sufficient amount of topsoil to complete soil restoration and establish a uniform, dense vegetative cover; and
 - (ix) *Minimize* dust. On areas of exposed soil, *minimize* dust through the appropriate application of water or other dust suppression techniques to control the generation of pollutants that could be discharged from the site.
- b. **Soil Stabilization**. In areas where soil disturbance activity has temporarily or permanently ceased, the application of soil stabilization measures must be initiated by the end of the next business day and completed within fourteen (14) days from the date the current soil disturbance activity ceased. For construction sites that *directly discharge* to one of the 303(d) segments

listed in Appendix E or is located in one of the watersheds listed in Appendix C, the application of soil stabilization measures must be initiated by the end of the next business day and completed within seven (7) days from the date the current soil disturbance activity ceased. See Appendix A for definition of *Temporarily Ceased*.

- c. **Dewatering**. *Discharges* from *dewatering* activities, including *discharges* from *dewatering* of trenches and excavations, must be managed by appropriate control measures.
- d. **Pollution Prevention Measures**. Design, install, implement, and maintain effective pollution prevention measures to *minimize* the *discharge* of *pollutants* and prevent a violation of the *water quality standards*. At a minimum, such measures must be designed, installed, implemented and maintained to:
 - (i) Minimize the discharge of pollutants from equipment and vehicle washing, wheel wash water, and other wash waters. This applies to washing operations that use clean water only. Soaps, detergents and solvents cannot be used:
 - (ii) Minimize the exposure of building materials, building products, construction wastes, trash, landscape materials, fertilizers, pesticides, herbicides, detergents, sanitary waste, hazardous and toxic waste, and other materials present on the site to precipitation and to stormwater. Minimization of exposure is not required in cases where the exposure to precipitation and to stormwater will not result in a discharge of pollutants, or where exposure of a specific material or product poses little risk of stormwater contamination (such as final products and materials intended for outdoor use); and
 - (iii) Prevent the *discharge* of *pollutants* from spills and leaks and implement chemical spill and leak prevention and response procedures.
- e. **Prohibited** *Discharges*. The following *discharges* are prohibited:
 - (i) Wastewater from washout of concrete;
 - (ii) Wastewater from washout and cleanout of stucco, paint, form release oils, curing compounds and other construction materials;

- (iii) Fuels, oils, or other *pollutants* used in vehicle and equipment operation and maintenance;
- (iv) Soaps or solvents used in vehicle and equipment washing; and
- (v) Toxic or hazardous substances from a spill or other release.
- f. Surface Outlets. When discharging from basins and impoundments, the outlets shall be designed, constructed and maintained in such a manner that sediment does not leave the basin or impoundment and that erosion at or below the outlet does not occur.

C. Post-construction Stormwater Management Practice Requirements

- 1. The owner or operator of a construction activity that requires post-construction stormwater management practices pursuant to Part III.C. of this permit must select, design, install, and maintain the practices to meet the performance criteria in the New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual ("Design Manual"), dated January 2015, using sound engineering judgment. Where post-construction stormwater management practices ("SMPs") are not designed in conformance with the performance criteria in the Design Manual, the owner or operator must include in the SWPPP the reason(s) for the deviation or alternative design and provide information which demonstrates that the deviation or alternative design is equivalent to the technical standard.
- 2. The *owner or operator* of a *construction activity* that requires post-construction stormwater management practices pursuant to Part III.C. of this permit must design the practices to meet the applicable *sizing criteria* in Part I.C.2.a., b., c. or d. of this permit.

a. Sizing Criteria for New Development

- (i) Runoff Reduction Volume ("RRv"): Reduce the total Water Quality Volume ("WQv") by application of RR techniques and standard SMPs with RRv capacity. The total WQv shall be calculated in accordance with the criteria in Section 4.2 of the Design Manual.
- (ii) Minimum RRv and Treatment of Remaining Total WQv: Construction activities that cannot meet the criteria in Part I.C.2.a.(i) of this permit due to site limitations shall direct runoff from all newly constructed impervious areas to a RR technique or standard SMP with RRv capacity unless infeasible. The specific site limitations that prevent the reduction of 100% of the WQv shall be documented in the SWPPP.

For each impervious area that is not directed to a RR technique or standard SMP with RRv capacity, the SWPPP must include documentation which demonstrates that all options were considered and for each option explains why it is considered infeasible.

In no case shall the runoff reduction achieved from the newly constructed impervious areas be less than the Minimum RRv as calculated using the criteria in Section 4.3 of the Design Manual. The remaining portion of the total WQv that cannot be reduced shall be treated by application of standard SMPs.

- (iii) Channel Protection Volume ("Cpv"): Provide 24 hour extended detention of the post-developed 1-year, 24-hour storm event; remaining after runoff reduction. The Cpv requirement does not apply when:
 - (1) Reduction of the entire Cpv is achieved by application of runoff reduction techniques or infiltration systems, or
 - (2) The site discharges directly to tidal waters, or fifth order or larger streams.
- (iv) Overbank Flood Control Criteria ("Qp"): Requires storage to attenuate the post-development 10-year, 24-hour peak discharge rate (Qp) to predevelopment rates. The Qp requirement does not apply when:
 - (1) the site discharges directly to tidal waters or fifth order or larger streams, or
 - (2) A downstream analysis reveals that *overbank* control is not required.
- (v) Extreme Flood Control Criteria ("Qf"): Requires storage to attenuate the post-development 100-year, 24-hour peak discharge rate (Qf) to predevelopment rates. The Qf requirement does not apply when:
 - (1) the site discharges directly to tidal waters or fifth order or larger streams, or
 - (2) A downstream analysis reveals that *overbank* control is not required.

b. Sizing Criteria for New Development in Enhanced Phosphorus Removal Watershed

(i) Runoff Reduction Volume (RRv): Reduce the total Water Quality Volume (WQv) by application of RR techniques and standard SMPs with RRv capacity. The total WQv is the runoff volume from the 1-year, 24 hour design storm over the post-developed watershed and shall be

calculated in accordance with the criteria in Section 10.3 of the Design Manual.

(ii) Minimum RRv and Treatment of Remaining Total WQv: Construction activities that cannot meet the criteria in Part I.C.2.b.(i) of this permit due to site limitations shall direct runoff from all newly constructed impervious areas to a RR technique or standard SMP with RRv capacity unless infeasible. The specific site limitations that prevent the reduction of 100% of the WQv shall be documented in the SWPPP. For each impervious area that is not directed to a RR technique or standard SMP with RRv capacity, the SWPPP must include documentation which demonstrates that all options were considered and for each option explains why it is considered infeasible.

In no case shall the runoff reduction achieved from the newly constructed *impervious areas* be less than the Minimum RRv as calculated using the criteria in Section 10.3 of the Design Manual. The remaining portion of the total WQv that cannot be reduced shall be treated by application of standard SMPs.

- (iii) Channel Protection Volume (Cpv): Provide 24 hour extended detention of the post-developed 1-year, 24-hour storm event; remaining after runoff reduction. The Cpv requirement does not apply when:
 - (1) Reduction of the entire Cpv is achieved by application of runoff reduction techniques or infiltration systems, or
 - (2) The site *discharges* directly to tidal waters, or fifth order or larger streams.
- (iv) Overbank Flood Control Criteria (Qp): Requires storage to attenuate the post-development 10-year, 24-hour peak discharge rate (Qp) to predevelopment rates. The Qp requirement does not apply when:
 - (1) the site *discharges* directly to tidal waters or fifth order or larger streams, or
 - (2) A downstream analysis reveals that *overbank* control is not required.
- (v) Extreme Flood Control Criteria (Qf): Requires storage to attenuate the post-development 100-year, 24-hour peak *discharge* rate (Qf) to predevelopment rates. The Qf requirement does not apply when:
 - (1) the site *discharges* directly to tidal waters or fifth order or larger streams, or
 - (2) A downstream analysis reveals that *overbank* control is not required.

c. Sizing Criteria for Redevelopment Activity

- (i) Water Quality Volume (WQv): The WQv treatment objective for redevelopment activity shall be addressed by one of the following options. Redevelopment activities located in an Enhanced Phosphorus Removal Watershed (see Part III.B.3. and Appendix C of this permit) shall calculate the WQv in accordance with Section 10.3 of the Design Manual. All other redevelopment activities shall calculate the WQv in accordance with Section 4.2 of the Design Manual.
 - (1) Reduce the existing *impervious cover* by a minimum of 25% of the total disturbed, *impervious area*. The Soil Restoration criteria in Section 5.1.6 of the Design Manual must be applied to all newly created pervious areas, or
 - (2) Capture and treat a minimum of 25% of the WQv from the disturbed, *impervious area* by the application of standard SMPs; or reduce 25% of the WQv from the disturbed, *impervious area* by the application of RR techniques or standard SMPs with RRv capacity., or
 - (3) Capture and treat a minimum of 75% of the WQv from the disturbed, *impervious area* as well as any additional runoff from tributary areas by application of the alternative practices discussed in Sections 9.3 and 9.4 of the Design Manual., or
 - (4) Application of a combination of 1, 2 and 3 above that provide a weighted average of at least two of the above methods. Application of this method shall be in accordance with the criteria in Section 9.2.1(B) (IV) of the Design Manual.

If there is an existing post-construction stormwater management practice located on the site that captures and treats runoff from the *impervious area* that is being disturbed, the WQv treatment option selected must, at a minimum, provide treatment equal to the treatment that was being provided by the existing practice(s) if that treatment is greater than the treatment required by options 1-4 above.

- (ii) Channel Protection Volume (Cpv): Not required if there are no changes to hydrology that increase the *discharge* rate from the project site.
- (iii) Overbank Flood Control Criteria (Qp): Not required if there are no changes to hydrology that increase the discharge rate from the project site.
- (iv) Extreme Flood Control Criteria (Qf): Not required if there are no changes to hydrology that increase the *discharge* rate from the project site

d. Sizing Criteria for Combination of Redevelopment Activity and New Development

Construction projects that include both New Development and Redevelopment Activity shall provide post-construction stormwater management controls that meet the sizing criteria calculated as an aggregate of the Sizing Criteria in Part I.C.2.a. or b. of this permit for the New Development portion of the project and Part I.C.2.c of this permit for Redevelopment Activity portion of the project.

D. Maintaining Water Quality

The Department expects that compliance with the conditions of this permit will control discharges necessary to meet applicable water quality standards. It shall be a violation of the *ECL* for any discharge to either cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards as contained in Parts 700 through 705 of Title 6 of the Official Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York, such as:

- 1. There shall be no increase in turbidity that will cause a substantial visible contrast to natural conditions:
- 2. There shall be no increase in suspended, colloidal or settleable solids that will cause deposition or impair the waters for their best usages; and
- 3. There shall be no residue from oil and floating substances, nor visible oil film, nor globules of grease.

If there is evidence indicating that the stormwater *discharges* authorized by this permit are causing, have the reasonable potential to cause, or are contributing to a violation of the *water quality standards*; the *owner or operator* must take appropriate corrective action in accordance with Part IV.C.5. of this general permit and document in accordance with Part IV.C.4. of this general permit. To address the *water quality standard* violation the *owner or operator* may need to provide additional information, include and implement appropriate controls in the SWPPP to correct the problem, or obtain an individual SPDES permit.

If there is evidence indicating that despite compliance with the terms and conditions of this general permit it is demonstrated that the stormwater *discharges* authorized by this permit are causing or contributing to a violation of *water quality standards*, or if the Department determines that a modification of the permit is necessary to prevent a violation of *water quality standards*, the authorized *discharges* will no longer be eligible for coverage under this permit. The Department may require the *owner or operator* to obtain an individual SPDES permit to continue discharging.

E. Eligibility Under This General Permit

- 1. This permit may authorize all *discharges* of stormwater from *construction* activity to surface waters of the State and groundwaters except for ineligible discharges identified under subparagraph F. of this Part.
- 2. Except for non-stormwater *discharges* explicitly listed in the next paragraph, this permit only authorizes stormwater *discharges*; including stormwater runoff, snowmelt runoff, and surface runoff and drainage, from *construction activities*.
- 3. Notwithstanding paragraphs E.1 and E.2 above, the following non-stormwater discharges are authorized by this permit: those listed in 6 NYCRR 750-1.2(a)(29)(vi), with the following exception: "Discharges from firefighting activities are authorized only when the firefighting activities are emergencies/unplanned"; waters to which other components have not been added that are used to control dust in accordance with the SWPPP; and uncontaminated discharges from construction site de-watering operations. All non-stormwater discharges must be identified in the SWPPP. Under all circumstances, the owner or operator must still comply with water quality standards in Part I.D of this permit.
- 4. The *owner or operator* must maintain permit eligibility to *discharge* under this permit. Any *discharges* that are not compliant with the eligibility conditions of this permit are not authorized by the permit and the *owner or operator* must either apply for a separate permit to cover those ineligible *discharges* or take steps necessary to make the *discharge* eligible for coverage.

F. Activities Which Are Ineligible for Coverage Under This General Permit

All of the following are **not** authorized by this permit:

- 1. *Discharges* after *construction activities* have been completed and the site has undergone *final stabilization*;
- 2. *Discharges* that are mixed with sources of non-stormwater other than those expressly authorized under subsection E.3. of this Part and identified in the SWPPP required by this permit;
- 3. *Discharges* that are required to obtain an individual SPDES permit or another SPDES general permit pursuant to Part VII.K. of this permit;
- 4. Construction activities or discharges from construction activities that may adversely affect an endangered or threatened species unless the owner or

operator has obtained a permit issued pursuant to 6 NYCRR Part 182 for the project or the Department has issued a letter of non-jurisdiction for the project. All documentation necessary to demonstrate eligibility shall be maintained on site in accordance with Part II.D.2 of this permit;

- 5. *Discharges* which either cause or contribute to a violation of *water quality standards* adopted pursuant to the *ECL* and its accompanying regulations;
- 6. Construction activities for residential, commercial and institutional projects:
 - a. Where the *discharges* from the *construction activities* are tributary to waters of the state classified as AA or AA-s; and
 - b. Which are undertaken on land with no existing impervious cover; and
 - c. Which disturb one (1) or more acres of land designated on the current United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") Soil Survey as Soil Slope Phase "D", (provided the map unit name is inclusive of slopes greater than 25%), or Soil Slope Phase "E" or "F" (regardless of the map unit name), or a combination of the three designations.
- 7. Construction activities for linear transportation projects and linear utility projects:
 - a. Where the *discharges* from the *construction activities* are tributary to waters of the state classified as AA or AA-s; and
 - b. Which are undertaken on land with no existing *impervious cover*; and
 - c. Which disturb two (2) or more acres of land designated on the current USDA Soil Survey as Soil Slope Phase "D" (provided the map unit name is inclusive of slopes greater than 25%), or Soil Slope Phase "E" or "F" (regardless of the map unit name), or a combination of the three designations.

- 8. Construction activities that have the potential to affect an historic property, unless there is documentation that such impacts have been resolved. The following documentation necessary to demonstrate eligibility with this requirement shall be maintained on site in accordance with Part II.D.2 of this permit and made available to the Department in accordance with Part VII.F of this permit:
 - a. Documentation that the construction activity is not within an archeologically sensitive area indicated on the sensitivity map, and that the construction activity is not located on or immediately adjacent to a property listed or determined to be eligible for listing on the National or State Registers of Historic Places, and that there is no new permanent building on the construction site within the following distances from a building, structure, or object that is more than 50 years old, or if there is such a new permanent building on the construction site within those parameters that NYS Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation (OPRHP), a Historic Preservation Commission of a Certified Local Government, or a qualified preservation professional has determined that the building, structure, or object more than 50 years old is not historically/archeologically significant.
 - 1-5 acres of disturbance 20 feet
 - 5-20 acres of disturbance 50 feet
 - 20+ acres of disturbance 100 feet, or
 - b. DEC consultation form sent to OPRHP, and copied to the NYS DEC Agency Historic Preservation Officer (APO), and
 - (i) the State Environmental Quality Review (SEQR) Environmental Assessment Form (EAF) with a negative declaration or the Findings Statement, with documentation of OPRHP's agreement with the resolution; or
 - (ii) documentation from OPRHP that the *construction activity* will result in No Impact; or
 - (iii) documentation from OPRHP providing a determination of No Adverse Impact; or
 - (iv) a Letter of Resolution signed by the owner/operator, OPRHP and the DEC APO which allows for this *construction activity* to be eligible for coverage under the general permit in terms of the State Historic Preservation Act (SHPA); or
 - c. Documentation of satisfactory compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act for a coterminous project area:

- (i) No Affect
- (ii) No Adverse Affect
- (iii) Executed Memorandum of Agreement, or

d. Documentation that:

- (i) SHPA Section 14.09 has been completed by NYS DEC or another state agency.
- 9. *Discharges* from *construction activities* that are subject to an existing SPDES individual or general permit where a SPDES permit for *construction activity* has been terminated or denied; or where the *owner or operator* has failed to renew an expired individual permit.

Part II. PERMIT COVERAGE

A. How to Obtain Coverage

- An owner or operator of a construction activity that is not subject to the
 requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4 must first prepare
 a SWPPP in accordance with all applicable requirements of this permit and
 then submit a completed Notice of Intent (NOI) to the Department to be
 authorized to discharge under this permit.
- 2. An owner or operator of a construction activity that is subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4 must first prepare a SWPPP in accordance with all applicable requirements of this permit and then have the SWPPP reviewed and accepted by the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 prior to submitting the NOI to the Department. The owner or operator shall have the "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form signed in accordance with Part VII.H., and then submit that form along with a completed NOI to the Department.
- 3. The requirement for an *owner or operator* to have its SWPPP reviewed and accepted by the *regulated*, *traditional land use control MS4* prior to submitting the NOI to the Department does not apply to an *owner or operator* that is obtaining permit coverage in accordance with the requirements in Part II.F. (Change of *Owner or Operator*) or where the *owner or operator* of the *construction activity* is the *regulated*, *traditional land use control MS4*. This exemption does not apply to *construction activities* subject to the New York City Administrative Code.

B. Notice of Intent (NOI) Submittal

 Prior to December 21, 2020, an owner or operator shall use either the electronic (eNOI) or paper version of the NOI that the Department prepared. Both versions of the NOI are located on the Department's website (http://www.dec.ny.gov/). The paper version of the NOI shall be signed in accordance with Part VII.H. of this permit and submitted to the following address:

> NOTICE OF INTENT NYS DEC, Bureau of Water Permits 625 Broadway, 4th Floor Albany, New York 12233-3505

- 2. Beginning December 21, 2020 and in accordance with EPA's 2015 NPDES Electronic Reporting Rule (40 CFR Part 127), the *owner or operator* must submit the NOI electronically using the *Department's* online NOI.
- 3. The *owner or operator* shall have the SWPPP preparer sign the "SWPPP Preparer Certification" statement on the NOI prior to submitting the form to the Department.
- 4. As of the date the NOI is submitted to the Department, the *owner or operator* shall make the NOI and SWPPP available for review and copying in accordance with the requirements in Part VII.F. of this permit.

C. Permit Authorization

- 1. An owner or operator shall not commence construction activity until their authorization to discharge under this permit goes into effect.
- 2. Authorization to *discharge* under this permit will be effective when the *owner or operator* has satisfied all of the following criteria:
 - a. project review pursuant to the State Environmental Quality Review Act ("SEQRA") have been satisfied, when SEQRA is applicable. See the Department's website (http://www.dec.ny.gov/) for more information,
 - b. where required, all necessary Department permits subject to the *Uniform Procedures Act ("UPA")* (see 6 NYCRR Part 621), or the equivalent from another New York State agency, have been obtained, unless otherwise notified by the Department pursuant to 6 NYCRR 621.3(a)(4). *Owners or operators* of *construction activities* that are required to obtain *UPA* permits

must submit a preliminary SWPPP to the appropriate DEC Permit Administrator at the Regional Office listed in Appendix F at the time all other necessary *UPA* permit applications are submitted. The preliminary SWPPP must include sufficient information to demonstrate that the *construction activity* qualifies for authorization under this permit,

- c. the final SWPPP has been prepared, and
- d. a complete NOI has been submitted to the Department in accordance with the requirements of this permit.
- 3. An owner or operator that has satisfied the requirements of Part II.C.2 above will be authorized to discharge stormwater from their construction activity in accordance with the following schedule:
 - a. For *construction activities* that are <u>not</u> subject to the requirements of a *regulated, traditional land use control MS4*:
 - (i) Five (5) business days from the date the Department receives a complete electronic version of the NOI (eNOI) for construction activities with a SWPPP that has been prepared in conformance with the design criteria in the technical standard referenced in Part III.B.1 and the performance criteria in the technical standard referenced in Parts III.B., 2 or 3, for construction activities that require post-construction stormwater management practices pursuant to Part III.C.; or
 - (ii) Sixty (60) business days from the date the Department receives a complete NOI (electronic or paper version) for *construction activities* with a SWPPP that has <u>not</u> been prepared in conformance with the design criteria in technical standard referenced in Part III.B.1. or, for *construction activities* that require post-construction stormwater management practices pursuant to Part III.C., the *performance criteria* in the technical standard referenced in Parts III.B., 2 or 3, or;
 - (iii) Ten (10) business days from the date the Department receives a complete paper version of the NOI for *construction activities* with a SWPPP that has been prepared in conformance with the design criteria in the technical standard referenced in Part III.B.1 and the *performance criteria* in the technical standard referenced in Parts III.B., 2 or 3, for *construction activities* that require post-construction stormwater management practices pursuant to Part III.C.

- b. For *construction activities* that are subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4:
 - (i) Five (5) business days from the date the Department receives both a complete electronic version of the NOI (eNOI) and signed "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form, or
 - (ii) Ten (10) business days from the date the Department receives both a complete paper version of the NOI and signed "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form.
- 4. Coverage under this permit authorizes stormwater discharges from only those areas of disturbance that are identified in the NOI. If an owner or operator wishes to have stormwater discharges from future or additional areas of disturbance authorized, they must submit a new NOI that addresses that phase of the development, unless otherwise notified by the Department. The owner or operator shall not commence construction activity on the future or additional areas until their authorization to discharge under this permit goes into effect in accordance with Part II.C. of this permit.

D. General Requirements For Owners or Operators With Permit Coverage

- 1. The *owner or operator* shall ensure that the provisions of the SWPPP are implemented from the *commencement of construction activity* until all areas of disturbance have achieved *final stabilization* and the Notice of Termination ("NOT") has been submitted to the Department in accordance with Part V. of this permit. This includes any changes made to the SWPPP pursuant to Part III.A.4. of this permit.
- 2. The owner or operator shall maintain a copy of the General Permit (GP-0-20-001), NOI, NOI Acknowledgment Letter, SWPPP, MS4 SWPPP Acceptance form, inspection reports, responsible contractor's or subcontractor's certification statement (see Part III.A.6.), and all documentation necessary to demonstrate eligibility with this permit at the construction site until all disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization and the NOT has been submitted to the Department. The documents must be maintained in a secure location, such as a job trailer, on-site construction office, or mailbox with lock. The secure location must be accessible during normal business hours to an individual performing a compliance inspection.
- 3. The *owner or operator* of a *construction activity* shall not disturb greater than five (5) acres of soil at any one time without prior written authorization from the Department or, in areas under the jurisdiction of a *regulated*, *traditional land*

use control MS4, the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 (provided the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 is not the owner or operator of the construction activity). At a minimum, the owner or operator must comply with the following requirements in order to be authorized to disturb greater than five (5) acres of soil at any one time:

- a. The owner or operator shall have a qualified inspector conduct at least two (2) site inspections in accordance with Part IV.C. of this permit every seven (7) calendar days, for as long as greater than five (5) acres of soil remain disturbed. The two (2) inspections shall be separated by a minimum of two (2) full calendar days.
- b. In areas where soil disturbance activity has temporarily or permanently ceased, the application of soil stabilization measures must be initiated by the end of the next business day and completed within seven (7) days from the date the current soil disturbance activity ceased. The soil stabilization measures selected shall be in conformance with the technical standard, New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, dated November 2016.
- c. The *owner or operator* shall prepare a phasing plan that defines maximum disturbed area per phase and shows required cuts and fills.
- d. The *owner or operator* shall install any additional site-specific practices needed to protect water quality.
- e. The *owner or operator* shall include the requirements above in their SWPPP.
- 4. In accordance with statute, regulations, and the terms and conditions of this permit, the Department may suspend or revoke an *owner's or operator's* coverage under this permit at any time if the Department determines that the SWPPP does not meet the permit requirements or consistent with Part VII.K..
- 5. Upon a finding of significant non-compliance with the practices described in the SWPPP or violation of this permit, the Department may order an immediate stop to all activity at the site until the non-compliance is remedied. The stop work order shall be in writing, describe the non-compliance in detail, and be sent to the *owner or operator*.
- 6. For construction activities that are subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4, the owner or operator shall notify the

regulated, traditional land use control MS4 in writing of any planned amendments or modifications to the post-construction stormwater management practice component of the SWPPP required by Part III.A. 4. and 5. of this permit. Unless otherwise notified by the regulated, traditional land use control MS4, the owner or operator shall have the SWPPP amendments or modifications reviewed and accepted by the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 prior to commencing construction of the post-construction stormwater management practice.

E. Permit Coverage for Discharges Authorized Under GP-0-15-002

 Upon renewal of SPDES General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activity (Permit No. GP-0-15-002), an owner or operator of a construction activity with coverage under GP-0-15-002, as of the effective date of GP- 0-20-001, shall be authorized to discharge in accordance with GP- 0-20-001, unless otherwise notified by the Department.

An *owner or operator* may continue to implement the technical/design components of the post-construction stormwater management controls provided that such design was done in conformance with the technical standards in place at the time of initial project authorization. However, they must comply with the other, non-design provisions of GP-0-20-001.

F. Change of Owner or Operator

- 1. When property ownership changes or when there is a change in operational control over the construction plans and specifications, the original *owner or operator* must notify the new *owner or operator*, in writing, of the requirement to obtain permit coverage by submitting a NOI with the Department. For *construction activities* subject to the requirements of a *regulated, traditional land use control MS4*, the original *owner or operator* must also notify the MS4, in writing, of the change in ownership at least 30 calendar days prior to the change in ownership.
- 2. Once the new *owner or operator* obtains permit coverage, the original *owner or operator* shall then submit a completed NOT with the name and permit identification number of the new *owner or operator* to the Department at the address in Part II.B.1. of this permit. If the original *owner or operator* maintains ownership of a portion of the *construction activity* and will disturb soil, they must maintain their coverage under the permit.
- 3. Permit coverage for the new *owner or operator* will be effective as of the date the Department receives a complete NOI, provided the original *owner or*

operator was not subject to a sixty (60) business day authorization period that has not expired as of the date the Department receives the NOI from the new owner or operator.

Part III. STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP)

A. General SWPPP Requirements

- 1. A SWPPP shall be prepared and implemented by the owner or operator of each construction activity covered by this permit. The SWPPP must document the selection, design, installation, implementation and maintenance of the control measures and practices that will be used to meet the effluent limitations in Part I.B. of this permit and where applicable, the post-construction stormwater management practice requirements in Part I.C. of this permit. The SWPPP shall be prepared prior to the submittal of the NOI. The NOI shall be submitted to the Department prior to the commencement of construction activity. A copy of the completed, final NOI shall be included in the SWPPP.
- 2. The SWPPP shall describe the erosion and sediment control practices and where required, post-construction stormwater management practices that will be used and/or constructed to reduce the *pollutants* in stormwater *discharges* and to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. In addition, the SWPPP shall identify potential sources of pollution which may reasonably be expected to affect the quality of stormwater *discharges*.
- 3. All SWPPs that require the post-construction stormwater management practice component shall be prepared by a *qualified professional* that is knowledgeable in the principles and practices of stormwater management and treatment.
- 4. The owner or operator must keep the SWPPP current so that it at all times accurately documents the erosion and sediment controls practices that are being used or will be used during construction, and all post-construction stormwater management practices that will be constructed on the site. At a minimum, the owner or operator shall amend the SWPPP, including construction drawings:
 - a. whenever the current provisions prove to be ineffective in minimizing *pollutants* in stormwater *discharges* from the site;

- b. whenever there is a change in design, construction, or operation at the construction site that has or could have an effect on the discharge of pollutants;
- c. to address issues or deficiencies identified during an inspection by the *qualified inspector,* the Department or other regulatory authority; and
- d. to document the final construction conditions.
- 5. The Department may notify the *owner or operator* at any time that the SWPPP does not meet one or more of the minimum requirements of this permit. The notification shall be in writing and identify the provisions of the SWPPP that require modification. Within fourteen (14) calendar days of such notification, or as otherwise indicated by the Department, the *owner or operator* shall make the required changes to the SWPPP and submit written notification to the Department that the changes have been made. If the *owner or operator* does not respond to the Department's comments in the specified time frame, the Department may suspend the *owner's or operator's* coverage under this permit or require the *owner or operator* to obtain coverage under an individual SPDES permit in accordance with Part II.D.4. of this permit.
- 6. Prior to the commencement of construction activity, the owner or operator must identify the contractor(s) and subcontractor(s) that will be responsible for installing, constructing, repairing, replacing, inspecting and maintaining the erosion and sediment control practices included in the SWPPP; and the contractor(s) and subcontractor(s) that will be responsible for constructing the post-construction stormwater management practices included in the SWPPP. The owner or operator shall have each of the contractors and subcontractors identify at least one person from their company that will be responsible for implementation of the SWPPP. This person shall be known as the trained contractor. The owner or operator shall ensure that at least one trained contractor is on site on a daily basis when soil disturbance activities are being performed.

The *owner or operator* shall have each of the contractors and subcontractors identified above sign a copy of the following certification statement below before they commence any *construction activity*:

"I hereby certify under penalty of law that I understand and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of the SWPPP and agree to implement any corrective actions identified by the *qualified inspector* during a site inspection. I also understand that the *owner or operator* must comply with

the terms and conditions of the most current version of the New York State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("SPDES") general permit for stormwater *discharges* from *construction activities* and that it is unlawful for any person to cause or contribute to a violation of *water quality standards*. Furthermore, I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, that I do not believe to be true, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations"

In addition to providing the certification statement above, the certification page must also identify the specific elements of the SWPPP that each contractor and subcontractor will be responsible for and include the name and title of the person providing the signature; the name and title of the *trained contractor* responsible for SWPPP implementation; the name, address and telephone number of the contracting firm; the address (or other identifying description) of the site; and the date the certification statement is signed. The *owner or operator* shall attach the certification statement(s) to the copy of the SWPPP that is maintained at the *construction site*. If new or additional contractors are hired to implement measures identified in the SWPPP after construction has commenced, they must also sign the certification statement and provide the information listed above.

7. For projects where the Department requests a copy of the SWPPP or inspection reports, the *owner or operator* shall submit the documents in both electronic (PDF only) and paper format within five (5) business days, unless otherwise notified by the Department.

B. Required SWPPP Contents

- 1. Erosion and sediment control component All SWPPPs prepared pursuant to this permit shall include erosion and sediment control practices designed in conformance with the technical standard, New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, dated November 2016. Where erosion and sediment control practices are not designed in conformance with the design criteria included in the technical standard, the *owner or operator* must demonstrate *equivalence* to the technical standard. At a minimum, the erosion and sediment control component of the SWPPP shall include the following:
 - a. Background information about the scope of the project, including the location, type and size of project

- b. A site map/construction drawing(s) for the project, including a general location map. At a minimum, the site map shall show the total site area; all improvements; areas of disturbance; areas that will not be disturbed; existing vegetation; on-site and adjacent off-site surface water(s); floodplain/floodway boundaries; wetlands and drainage patterns that could be affected by the construction activity; existing and final contours; locations of different soil types with boundaries; material, waste, borrow or equipment storage areas located on adjacent properties; and location(s) of the stormwater discharge(s);
- c. A description of the soil(s) present at the site, including an identification of the Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG);
- d. A construction phasing plan and sequence of operations describing the intended order of *construction activities*, including clearing and grubbing, excavation and grading, utility and infrastructure installation and any other activity at the site that results in soil disturbance;
- e. A description of the minimum erosion and sediment control practices to be installed or implemented for each construction activity that will result in soil disturbance. Include a schedule that identifies the timing of initial placement or implementation of each erosion and sediment control practice and the minimum time frames that each practice should remain in place or be implemented;
- f. A temporary and permanent soil stabilization plan that meets the requirements of this general permit and the technical standard, New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, dated November 2016, for each stage of the project, including initial land clearing and grubbing to project completion and achievement of *final stabilization*;
- g. A site map/construction drawing(s) showing the specific location(s), size(s), and length(s) of each erosion and sediment control practice;
- h. The dimensions, material specifications, installation details, and operation and maintenance requirements for all erosion and sediment control practices. Include the location and sizing of any temporary sediment basins and structural practices that will be used to divert flows from exposed soils;
- i. A maintenance inspection schedule for the contractor(s) identified in Part III.A.6. of this permit, to ensure continuous and effective operation of the erosion and sediment control practices. The maintenance inspection

schedule shall be in accordance with the requirements in the technical standard, New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, dated November 2016;

- j. A description of the pollution prevention measures that will be used to control litter, construction chemicals and construction debris from becoming a pollutant source in the stormwater discharges;
- k. A description and location of any stormwater *discharges* associated with industrial activity other than construction at the site, including, but not limited to, stormwater *discharges* from asphalt plants and concrete plants located on the *construction site*; and
- I. Identification of any elements of the design that are not in conformance with the design criteria in the technical standard, New York State Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, dated November 2016. Include the reason for the deviation or alternative design and provide information which demonstrates that the deviation or alternative design is equivalent to the technical standard.
- 2. Post-construction stormwater management practice component The owner or operator of any construction project identified in Table 2 of Appendix B as needing post-construction stormwater management practices shall prepare a SWPPP that includes practices designed in conformance with the applicable sizing criteria in Part I.C.2.a., c. or d. of this permit and the performance criteria in the technical standard, New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual dated January 2015

Where post-construction stormwater management practices are not designed in conformance with the *performance criteria* in the technical standard, the *owner or operator* must include in the SWPPP the reason(s) for the deviation or alternative design and provide information which demonstrates that the deviation or alternative design is *equivalent* to the technical standard.

The post-construction stormwater management practice component of the SWPPP shall include the following:

 a. Identification of all post-construction stormwater management practices to be constructed as part of the project. Include the dimensions, material specifications and installation details for each post-construction stormwater management practice;

- A site map/construction drawing(s) showing the specific location and size of each post-construction stormwater management practice;
- c. A Stormwater Modeling and Analysis Report that includes:
 - Map(s) showing pre-development conditions, including watershed/subcatchments boundaries, flow paths/routing, and design points;
 - (ii) Map(s) showing post-development conditions, including watershed/subcatchments boundaries, flow paths/routing, design points and post-construction stormwater management practices;
 - (iii) Results of stormwater modeling (i.e. hydrology and hydraulic analysis) for the required storm events. Include supporting calculations (model runs), methodology, and a summary table that compares pre and post-development runoff rates and volumes for the different storm events;
 - (iv) Summary table, with supporting calculations, which demonstrates that each post-construction stormwater management practice has been designed in conformance with the *sizing criteria* included in the Design Manual;
 - (v) Identification of any *sizing criteria* that is not required based on the requirements included in Part I.C. of this permit; and
 - (vi) Identification of any elements of the design that are not in conformance with the *performance criteria* in the Design Manual. Include the reason(s) for the deviation or alternative design and provide information which demonstrates that the deviation or alternative design is *equivalent* to the Design Manual;
- d. Soil testing results and locations (test pits, borings);
- e. Infiltration test results, when required; and
- f. An operations and maintenance plan that includes inspection and maintenance schedules and actions to ensure continuous and effective operation of each post-construction stormwater management practice. The plan shall identify the entity that will be responsible for the long term operation and maintenance of each practice.

3. Enhanced Phosphorus Removal Standards - All construction projects identified in Table 2 of Appendix B that are located in the watersheds identified in Appendix C shall prepare a SWPPP that includes post-construction stormwater management practices designed in conformance with the applicable *sizing criteria* in Part I.C.2. b., c. or d. of this permit and the *performance criteria*, Enhanced Phosphorus Removal Standards included in the Design Manual. At a minimum, the post-construction stormwater management practice component of the SWPPP shall include items 2.a - 2.f. above.

C. Required SWPPP Components by Project Type

Unless otherwise notified by the Department, *owners or operators* of *construction activities* identified in Table 1 of Appendix B are required to prepare a SWPPP that only includes erosion and sediment control practices designed in conformance with Part III.B.1 of this permit. *Owners or operators* of the *construction activities* identified in Table 2 of Appendix B shall prepare a SWPPP that also includes post-construction stormwater management practices designed in conformance with Part III.B.2 or 3 of this permit.

Part IV. INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General Construction Site Inspection and Maintenance Requirements

- 1. The *owner or operator* must ensure that all erosion and sediment control practices (including pollution prevention measures) and all post-construction stormwater management practices identified in the SWPPP are inspected and maintained in accordance with Part IV.B. and C. of this permit.
- 2. The terms of this permit shall not be construed to prohibit the State of New York from exercising any authority pursuant to the ECL, common law or federal law, or prohibit New York State from taking any measures, whether civil or criminal, to prevent violations of the laws of the State of New York or protect the public health and safety and/or the environment.

B. Contractor Maintenance Inspection Requirements

1. The owner or operator of each construction activity identified in Tables 1 and 2 of Appendix B shall have a trained contractor inspect the erosion and sediment control practices and pollution prevention measures being implemented within the active work area daily to ensure that they are being maintained in effective operating condition at all times. If deficiencies are identified, the contractor shall

begin implementing corrective actions within one business day and shall complete the corrective actions in a reasonable time frame.

- 2. For construction sites where soil disturbance activities have been temporarily suspended (e.g. winter shutdown) and *temporary stabilization* measures have been applied to all disturbed areas, the *trained contractor* can stop conducting the maintenance inspections. The *trained contractor* shall begin conducting the maintenance inspections in accordance with Part IV.B.1. of this permit as soon as soil disturbance activities resume.
- 3. For construction sites where soil disturbance activities have been shut down with partial project completion, the *trained contractor* can stop conducting the maintenance inspections if all areas disturbed as of the project shutdown date have achieved *final stabilization* and all post-construction stormwater management practices required for the completed portion of the project have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP and are operational.

C. Qualified Inspector Inspection Requirements

The *owner or operator* shall have a *qualified inspector* conduct site inspections in conformance with the following requirements:

[Note: The *trained contractor* identified in Part III.A.6. and IV.B. of this permit **cannot** conduct the *qualified inspector* site inspections unless they meet the *qualified inspector* qualifications included in Appendix A. In order to perform these inspections, the *trained contractor* would have to be a:

- licensed Professional Engineer,
- Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC),
- New York State Erosion and Sediment Control Certificate Program holder
- Registered Landscape Architect, or
- someone working under the direct supervision of, and at the same company as, the licensed Professional Engineer or Registered Landscape Architect, provided they have received four (4) hours of Department endorsed training in proper erosion and sediment control principles from a Soil and Water Conservation District, or other Department endorsed entity].
- 1. A *qualified inspector* shall conduct site inspections for all *construction activities* identified in Tables 1 and 2 of Appendix B, <u>with the exception of</u>:
 - a. the construction of a single family residential subdivision with 25% or less *impervious cover* at total site build-out that involves a soil disturbance of one (1) or more acres of land but less than five (5) acres and is not located

- in one of the watersheds listed in Appendix C and <u>not</u> directly discharging to one of the 303(d) segments listed in Appendix E;
- b. the construction of a single family home that involves a soil disturbance of one (1) or more acres of land but less than five (5) acres and is <u>not</u> located in one of the watersheds listed in Appendix C and <u>not</u> directly discharging to one of the 303(d) segments listed in Appendix E;
- c. construction on agricultural property that involves a soil disturbance of one (1) or more acres of land but less than five (5) acres; and
- d. construction activities located in the watersheds identified in Appendix D that involve soil disturbances between five thousand (5,000) square feet and one (1) acre of land.
- 2. Unless otherwise notified by the Department, the *qualified inspector* shall conduct site inspections in accordance with the following timetable:
 - a. For construction sites where soil disturbance activities are on-going, the *qualified inspector* shall conduct a site inspection at least once every seven (7) calendar days.
 - b. For construction sites where soil disturbance activities are on-going and the owner or operator has received authorization in accordance with Part II.D.3 to disturb greater than five (5) acres of soil at any one time, the qualified inspector shall conduct at least two (2) site inspections every seven (7) calendar days. The two (2) inspections shall be separated by a minimum of two (2) full calendar days.
 - c. For construction sites where soil disturbance activities have been temporarily suspended (e.g. winter shutdown) and temporary stabilization measures have been applied to all disturbed areas, the qualified inspector shall conduct a site inspection at least once every thirty (30) calendar days. The owner or operator shall notify the DOW Water (SPDES) Program contact at the Regional Office (see contact information in Appendix F) or, in areas under the jurisdiction of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4, the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 (provided the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 is not the owner or operator of the construction activity) in writing prior to reducing the frequency of inspections.

- d. For construction sites where soil disturbance activities have been shut down with partial project completion, the qualified inspector can stop conducting inspections if all areas disturbed as of the project shutdown date have achieved final stabilization and all post-construction stormwater management practices required for the completed portion of the project have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP and are operational. The owner or operator shall notify the DOW Water (SPDES) Program contact at the Regional Office (see contact information in Appendix F) or, in areas under the jurisdiction of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4, the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 (provided the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 is not the owner or operator of the construction activity) in writing prior to the shutdown. If soil disturbance activities are not resumed within 2 years from the date of shutdown, the owner or operator shall have the qualified inspector perform a final inspection and certify that all disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization, and all temporary, structural erosion and sediment control measures have been removed; and that all post-construction stormwater management practices have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP by signing the "Final Stabilization" and "Post-Construction" Stormwater Management Practice" certification statements on the NOT. The owner or operator shall then submit the completed NOT form to the address in Part II.B.1 of this permit.
- e. For construction sites that directly *discharge* to one of the 303(d) segments listed in Appendix E or is located in one of the watersheds listed in Appendix C, the *qualified inspector* shall conduct at least two (2) site inspections every seven (7) calendar days. The two (2) inspections shall be separated by a minimum of two (2) full calendar days.
- 3. At a minimum, the *qualified inspector* shall inspect all erosion and sediment control practices and pollution prevention measures to ensure integrity and effectiveness, all post-construction stormwater management practices under construction to ensure that they are constructed in conformance with the SWPPP, all areas of disturbance that have not achieved *final stabilization*, all points of *discharge* to natural surface waterbodies located within, or immediately adjacent to, the property boundaries of the *construction site*, and all points of *discharge* from the *construction site*.
- 4. The *qualified inspector* shall prepare an inspection report subsequent to each and every inspection. At a minimum, the inspection report shall include and/or address the following:

- a. Date and time of inspection;
- b. Name and title of person(s) performing inspection;
- c. A description of the weather and soil conditions (e.g. dry, wet, saturated) at the time of the inspection;
- d. A description of the condition of the runoff at all points of *discharge* from the *construction site*. This shall include identification of any *discharges* of sediment from the *construction site*. Include *discharges* from conveyance systems (i.e. pipes, culverts, ditches, etc.) and overland flow;
- e. A description of the condition of all natural surface waterbodies located within, or immediately adjacent to, the property boundaries of the construction site which receive runoff from disturbed areas. This shall include identification of any discharges of sediment to the surface waterbody;
- f. Identification of all erosion and sediment control practices and pollution prevention measures that need repair or maintenance;
- g. Identification of all erosion and sediment control practices and pollution prevention measures that were not installed properly or are not functioning as designed and need to be reinstalled or replaced;
- h. Description and sketch of areas with active soil disturbance activity, areas that have been disturbed but are inactive at the time of the inspection, and areas that have been stabilized (temporary and/or final) since the last inspection;
- Current phase of construction of all post-construction stormwater management practices and identification of all construction that is not in conformance with the SWPPP and technical standards;
- j. Corrective action(s) that must be taken to install, repair, replace or maintain erosion and sediment control practices and pollution prevention measures; and to correct deficiencies identified with the construction of the postconstruction stormwater management practice(s);
- k. Identification and status of all corrective actions that were required by previous inspection; and

- Digital photographs, with date stamp, that clearly show the condition of all practices that have been identified as needing corrective actions. The qualified inspector shall attach paper color copies of the digital photographs to the inspection report being maintained onsite within seven (7) calendar days of the date of the inspection. The qualified inspector shall also take digital photographs, with date stamp, that clearly show the condition of the practice(s) after the corrective action has been completed. The qualified inspector shall attach paper color copies of the digital photographs to the inspection report that documents the completion of the corrective action work within seven (7) calendar days of that inspection.
- 5. Within one business day of the completion of an inspection, the *qualified inspector* shall notify the *owner or operator* and appropriate contractor or subcontractor identified in Part III.A.6. of this permit of any corrective actions that need to be taken. The contractor or subcontractor shall begin implementing the corrective actions within one business day of this notification and shall complete the corrective actions in a reasonable time frame.
- 6. All inspection reports shall be signed by the *qualified inspector*. Pursuant to Part II.D.2. of this permit, the inspection reports shall be maintained on site with the SWPPP.

Part V. TERMINATION OF PERMIT COVERAGE

A. Termination of Permit Coverage

- An owner or operator that is eligible to terminate coverage under this permit
 must submit a completed NOT form to the address in Part II.B.1 of this permit.
 The NOT form shall be one which is associated with this permit, signed in
 accordance with Part VII.H of this permit.
- 2. An *owner or operator* may terminate coverage when one or more the following conditions have been met:
 - a. Total project completion All construction activity identified in the SWPPP has been completed; <u>and</u> all areas of disturbance have achieved *final* stabilization; <u>and</u> all temporary, structural erosion and sediment control measures have been removed; <u>and</u> all post-construction stormwater management practices have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP and are operational;

- b. Planned shutdown with partial project completion All soil disturbance activities have ceased; <u>and</u> all areas disturbed as of the project shutdown date have achieved *final stabilization*; <u>and</u> all temporary, structural erosion and sediment control measures have been removed; <u>and</u> all post-construction stormwater management practices required for the completed portion of the project have been constructed in conformance with the SWPPP and are operational;
- c. A new *owner or operator* has obtained coverage under this permit in accordance with Part II.F. of this permit.
- d. The *owner or operator* obtains coverage under an alternative SPDES general permit or an individual SPDES permit.
- 3. For construction activities meeting subdivision 2a. or 2b. of this Part, the owner or operator shall have the qualified inspector perform a final site inspection prior to submitting the NOT. The qualified inspector shall, by signing the "Final Stabilization" and "Post-Construction Stormwater Management Practice certification statements on the NOT, certify that all the requirements in Part V.A.2.a. or b. of this permit have been achieved.
- 4. For construction activities that are subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4 and meet subdivision 2a. or 2b. of this Part, the owner or operator shall have the regulated, traditional land use control MS4 sign the "MS4 Acceptance" statement on the NOT in accordance with the requirements in Part VII.H. of this permit. The regulated, traditional land use control MS4 official, by signing this statement, has determined that it is acceptable for the owner or operator to submit the NOT in accordance with the requirements of this Part. The regulated, traditional land use control MS4 can make this determination by performing a final site inspection themselves or by accepting the qualified inspector's final site inspection certification(s) required in Part V.A.3. of this permit.
- 5. For *construction activities* that require post-construction stormwater management practices and meet subdivision 2a. of this Part, the *owner or operator* must, prior to submitting the NOT, ensure one of the following:
 - a. the post-construction stormwater management practice(s) and any right-ofway(s) needed to maintain such practice(s) have been deeded to the municipality in which the practice(s) is located,

- b. an executed maintenance agreement is in place with the municipality that will maintain the post-construction stormwater management practice(s),
- c. for post-construction stormwater management practices that are privately owned, the *owner or operator* has a mechanism in place that requires operation and maintenance of the practice(s) in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan, such as a deed covenant in the *owner or* operator's deed of record,
- d. for post-construction stormwater management practices that are owned by a public or private institution (e.g. school, university, hospital), government agency or authority, or public utility; the *owner or operator* has policy and procedures in place that ensures operation and maintenance of the practices in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan.

Part VI. REPORTING AND RETENTION RECORDS

A. Record Retention

The *owner or operator* shall retain a copy of the NOI, NOI Acknowledgment Letter, SWPPP, MS4 SWPPP Acceptance form and any inspection reports that were prepared in conjunction with this permit for a period of at least five (5) years from the date that the Department receives a complete NOT submitted in accordance with Part V. of this general permit.

B. Addresses

With the exception of the NOI, NOT, and MS4 SWPPP Acceptance form (which must be submitted to the address referenced in Part II.B.1 of this permit), all written correspondence requested by the Department, including individual permit applications, shall be sent to the address of the appropriate DOW Water (SPDES) Program contact at the Regional Office listed in Appendix F.

Part VII. STANDARD PERMIT CONDITIONS

A. Duty to Comply

The *owner or operator* must comply with all conditions of this permit. All contractors and subcontractors associated with the project must comply with the terms of the SWPPP. Any non-compliance with this permit constitutes a violation of the Clean Water

Act (CWA) and the ECL and is grounds for an enforcement action against the *owner or operator* and/or the contractor/subcontractor; permit revocation, suspension or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application. Upon a finding of significant non-compliance with this permit or the applicable SWPPP, the Department may order an immediate stop to all *construction activity* at the site until the non-compliance is remedied. The stop work order shall be in writing, shall describe the non-compliance in detail, and shall be sent to the *owner or operator*.

If any human remains or archaeological remains are encountered during excavation, the *owner or operator* must immediately cease, or cause to cease, all *construction activity* in the area of the remains and notify the appropriate Regional Water Engineer (RWE). *Construction activity* shall not resume until written permission to do so has been received from the RWE.

B. Continuation of the Expired General Permit

This permit expires five (5) years from the effective date. If a new general permit is not issued prior to the expiration of this general permit, an *owner or operator* with coverage under this permit may continue to operate and *discharge* in accordance with the terms and conditions of this general permit, if it is extended pursuant to the State Administrative Procedure Act and 6 NYCRR Part 621, until a new general permit is issued.

C. Enforcement

Failure of the *owner or operator*, its contractors, subcontractors, agents and/or assigns to strictly adhere to any of the permit requirements contained herein shall constitute a violation of this permit. There are substantial criminal, civil, and administrative penalties associated with violating the provisions of this permit. Fines of up to \$37,500 per day for each violation and imprisonment for up to fifteen (15) years may be assessed depending upon the nature and degree of the offense.

D. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for an *owner or operator* in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the *construction activity* in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

E. Duty to Mitigate

The *owner or operator* and its contractors and subcontractors shall take all reasonable steps to *minimize* or prevent any *discharge* in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.

F. Duty to Provide Information

The *owner or operator* shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable specified time period of a written request, all documentation necessary to demonstrate eligibility and any information to determine compliance with this permit or to determine whether cause exists for modifying or revoking this permit, or suspending or denying coverage under this permit, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit. The NOI, SWPPP and inspection reports required by this permit are public documents that the *owner or operator* must make available for review and copying by any person within five (5) business days of the *owner or operator* receiving a written request by any such person to review these documents. Copying of documents will be done at the requester's expense.

G. Other Information

When the *owner or operator* becomes aware that they failed to submit any relevant facts, or submitted incorrect information in the NOI or in any of the documents required by this permit, or have made substantive revisions to the SWPPP (e.g. the scope of the project changes significantly, the type of post-construction stormwater management practice(s) changes, there is a reduction in the sizing of the post-construction stormwater management practice, or there is an increase in the disturbance area or *impervious area*), which were not reflected in the original NOI submitted to the Department, they shall promptly submit such facts or information to the Department using the contact information in Part II.A. of this permit. Failure of the *owner or operator* to correct or supplement any relevant facts within five (5) business days of becoming aware of the deficiency shall constitute a violation of this permit.

H. Signatory Requirements

- 1. All NOIs and NOTs shall be signed as follows:
 - a. For a corporation these forms shall be signed by a responsible corporate officer. For the purpose of this section, a responsible corporate officer means:

- (i) a president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation; or
- (ii) the manager of one or more manufacturing, production or operating facilities, provided the manager is authorized to make management decisions which govern the operation of the regulated facility including having the explicit or implicit duty of making major capital investment recommendations, and initiating and directing other comprehensive measures to assure long term environmental compliance with environmental laws and regulations; the manager can ensure that the necessary systems are established or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for permit application requirements; and where authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures;
- b. For a partnership or sole proprietorship these forms shall be signed by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively; or
- c. For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public agency these forms shall be signed by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For purposes of this section, a principal executive officer of a Federal agency includes:
 - (i) the chief executive officer of the agency, or
 - (ii) a senior executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency (e.g., Regional Administrators of EPA).
- 2. The SWPPP and other information requested by the Department shall be signed by a person described in Part VII.H.1. of this permit or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
 - a. The authorization is made in writing by a person described in Part VII.H.1. of this permit;
 - b. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field,

superintendent, position of *equivalent* responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position) and,

- c. The written authorization shall include the name, title and signature of the authorized representative and be attached to the SWPPP.
- 3. All inspection reports shall be signed by the *qualified inspector* that performs the inspection.
- 4. The MS4 SWPPP Acceptance form shall be signed by the principal executive officer or ranking elected official from the *regulated*, *traditional land use control MS4*, or by a duly authorized representative of that person.

It shall constitute a permit violation if an incorrect and/or improper signatory authorizes any required forms, SWPPP and/or inspection reports.

I. Property Rights

The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, nor any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property nor any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of Federal, State or local laws or regulations. *Owners or operators* must obtain any applicable conveyances, easements, licenses and/or access to real property prior to *commencing construction activity*.

J. Severability

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit shall not be affected thereby.

K. Requirement to Obtain Coverage Under an Alternative Permit

1. The Department may require any owner or operator authorized by this permit to apply for and/or obtain either an individual SPDES permit or another SPDES general permit. When the Department requires any discharger authorized by a general permit to apply for an individual SPDES permit, it shall notify the discharger in writing that a permit application is required. This notice shall

include a brief statement of the reasons for this decision, an application form, a statement setting a time frame for the owner or operator to file the application for an individual SPDES permit, and a deadline, not sooner than 180 days from owner or operator receipt of the notification letter, whereby the authorization to discharge under this general permit shall be terminated. Applications must be submitted to the appropriate Permit Administrator at the Regional Office. The Department may grant additional time upon demonstration, to the satisfaction of the Department, that additional time to apply for an alternative authorization is necessary or where the Department has not provided a permit determination in accordance with Part 621 of this Title.

2. When an individual SPDES permit is issued to a discharger authorized to discharge under a general SPDES permit for the same discharge(s), the general permit authorization for outfalls authorized under the individual SPDES permit is automatically terminated on the effective date of the individual permit unless termination is earlier in accordance with 6 NYCRR Part 750.

L. Proper Operation and Maintenance

The *owner or operator* shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the *owner or operator* to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit and with the requirements of the SWPPP.

M. Inspection and Entry

The *owner or operator* shall allow an authorized representative of the Department, EPA, applicable county health department, or, in the case of a *construction site* which *discharges* through an *MS4*, an authorized representative of the *MS4* receiving the discharge, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:

- Enter upon the owner's or operator's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- 2. Have access to and copy at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit; and

- Inspect at reasonable times any facilities or equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices or operations regulated or required by this permit.
- 4. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Act or ECL, any substances or parameters at any location.

N. Permit Actions

This permit may, at any time, be modified, suspended, revoked, or renewed by the Department in accordance with 6 NYCRR Part 621. The filing of a request by the *owner or operator* for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, termination, a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not limit, diminish and/or stay compliance with any terms of this permit.

O. Definitions

Definitions of key terms are included in Appendix A of this permit.

P. Re-Opener Clause

- 1. If there is evidence indicating potential or realized impacts on water quality due to any stormwater discharge associated with construction activity covered by this permit, the owner or operator of such discharge may be required to obtain an individual permit or alternative general permit in accordance with Part VII.K. of this permit or the permit may be modified to include different limitations and/or requirements.
- Any Department initiated permit modification, suspension or revocation will be conducted in accordance with 6 NYCRR Part 621, 6 NYCRR 750-1.18, and 6 NYCRR 750-1.20.

Q. Penalties for Falsification of Forms and Reports

In accordance with 6NYCRR Part 750-2.4 and 750-2.5, any person who knowingly makes any false material statement, representation, or certification in any application, record, report or other document filed or required to be maintained under this permit, including reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished in accordance with ECL §71-1933 and or Articles 175 and 210 of the New York State Penal Law.

R. Other Permits

Nothing in this permit relieves the *owner or operator* from a requirement to obtain any other permits required by law.

APPENDIX A – Acronyms and Definitions

Acronyms

APO – Agency Preservation Officer

BMP - Best Management Practice

CPESC - Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control

Cpv - Channel Protection Volume

CWA – Clean Water Act (or the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. §1251 et seq)

DOW - Division of Water

EAF – Environmental Assessment Form

ECL - Environmental Conservation Law

EPA – U. S. Environmental Protection Agency

HSG – Hydrologic Soil Group

MS4 – Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System

NOI – Notice of Intent

NOT – Notice of Termination

NPDES - National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

OPRHP – Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Places

Qf – Extreme Flood

Qp - Overbank Flood

RRv - Runoff Reduction Volume

RWE - Regional Water Engineer

SEQR - State Environmental Quality Review

SEQRA - State Environmental Quality Review Act

SHPA – State Historic Preservation Act

SPDES – State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

SWPPP - Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

TMDL - Total Maximum Daily Load

UPA – Uniform Procedures Act

USDA – United States Department of Agriculture

WQv - Water Quality Volume

Definitions

All definitions in this section are solely for the purposes of this permit.

Agricultural Building – a structure designed and constructed to house farm implements, hay, grain, poultry, livestock or other horticultural products; excluding any structure designed, constructed or used, in whole or in part, for human habitation, as a place of employment where agricultural products are processed, treated or packaged, or as a place used by the public.

Agricultural Property –means the land for construction of a barn, *agricultural building*, silo, stockyard, pen or other structural practices identified in Table II in the "Agricultural Management Practices Catalog for Nonpoint Source Pollution in New York State" prepared by the Department in cooperation with agencies of New York Nonpoint Source Coordinating Committee (dated June 2007).

Alter Hydrology from Pre to Post-Development Conditions - means the post-development peak flow rate(s) has increased by more than 5% of the pre-developed condition for the design storm of interest (e.g. 10 yr and 100 yr).

Combined Sewer - means a sewer that is designed to collect and convey both "sewage" and "stormwater".

Commence (Commencement of) Construction Activities - means the initial disturbance of soils associated with clearing, grading or excavation activities; or other construction related activities that disturb or expose soils such as demolition, stockpiling of fill material, and the initial installation of erosion and sediment control practices required in the SWPPP. See definition for "Construction Activity(ies)" also.

Construction Activity(ies) - means any clearing, grading, excavation, filling, demolition or stockpiling activities that result in soil disturbance. Clearing activities can include, but are not limited to, logging equipment operation, the cutting and skidding of trees, stump removal and/or brush root removal. Construction activity does not include routine maintenance that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, or original purpose of a facility.

Construction Site – means the land area where *construction activity(ies)* will occur. See definition for "*Commence (Commencement of) Construction Activities*" and "*Larger Common Plan of Development or Sale*" also.

Dewatering – means the act of draining rainwater and/or groundwater from building foundations, vaults or excavations/trenches.

Direct Discharge (to a specific surface waterbody) - means that runoff flows from a *construction site* by overland flow and the first point of discharge is the specific surface waterbody, or runoff flows from a *construction site* to a separate storm sewer system

and the first point of discharge from the separate storm sewer system is the specific surface waterbody.

Discharge(s) - means any addition of any pollutant to waters of the State through an outlet or *point source*.

Embankment –means an earthen or rock slope that supports a road/highway.

Endangered or Threatened Species – see 6 NYCRR Part 182 of the Department's rules and regulations for definition of terms and requirements.

Environmental Conservation Law (ECL) - means chapter 43-B of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York, entitled the Environmental Conservation Law.

Equivalent (Equivalence) – means that the practice or measure meets all the performance, longevity, maintenance, and safety objectives of the technical standard and will provide an equal or greater degree of water quality protection.

Final Stabilization - means that all soil disturbance activities have ceased and a uniform, perennial vegetative cover with a density of eighty (80) percent over the entire pervious surface has been established; or other equivalent stabilization measures, such as permanent landscape mulches, rock rip-rap or washed/crushed stone have been applied on all disturbed areas that are not covered by permanent structures, concrete or pavement.

General SPDES permit - means a SPDES permit issued pursuant to 6 NYCRR Part 750-1.21 and Section 70-0117 of the ECL authorizing a category of discharges.

Groundwater(s) - means waters in the saturated zone. The saturated zone is a subsurface zone in which all the interstices are filled with water under pressure greater than that of the atmosphere. Although the zone may contain gas-filled interstices or interstices filled with fluids other than water, it is still considered saturated.

Historic Property – means any building, structure, site, object or district that is listed on the State or National Registers of Historic Places or is determined to be eligible for listing on the State or National Registers of Historic Places.

Impervious Area (Cover) - means all impermeable surfaces that cannot effectively infiltrate rainfall. This includes paved, concrete and gravel surfaces (i.e. parking lots, driveways, roads, runways and sidewalks); building rooftops and miscellaneous impermeable structures such as patios, pools, and sheds.

Infeasible – means not technologically possible, or not economically practicable and achievable in light of best industry practices.

Larger Common Plan of Development or Sale - means a contiguous area where multiple separate and distinct *construction activities* are occurring, or will occur, under one plan. The term "plan" in "larger common plan of development or sale" is broadly defined as any announcement or piece of documentation (including a sign, public notice or hearing, marketing plan, advertisement, drawing, permit application, State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA) environmental assessment form or other documents, zoning request, computer design, etc.) or physical demarcation (including boundary signs, lot stakes, surveyor markings, etc.) indicating that *construction activities* may occur on a specific plot.

For discrete construction projects that are located within a larger common plan of development or sale that are at least 1/4 mile apart, each project can be treated as a separate plan of development or sale provided any interconnecting road, pipeline or utility project that is part of the same "common plan" is not concurrently being disturbed.

Minimize – means reduce and/or eliminate to the extent achievable using control measures (including best management practices) that are technologically available and economically practicable and achievable in light of best industry practices.

Municipal Separate Storm Sewer (MS4) - a conveyance or system of conveyances (including roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, man-made channels, or storm drains):

- (i) Owned or operated by a State, city, town, borough, county, parish, district, association, or other public body (created by or pursuant to State law) having jurisdiction over disposal of sewage, industrial wastes, stormwater, or other wastes, including special districts under State law such as a sewer district, flood control district or drainage district, or similar entity, or an Indian tribe or an authorized Indian tribal organization, or a designated and approved management agency under section 208 of the CWA that discharges to surface waters of the State;
- (ii) Designed or used for collecting or conveying stormwater;
- (iii) Which is not a combined sewer; and
- (iv) Which is not part of a Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) as defined at 40 CFR 122.2.

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) - means the national system for the issuance of wastewater and stormwater permits under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (Clean Water Act).

Natural Buffer –means an undisturbed area with natural cover running along a surface water (e.g. wetland, stream, river, lake, etc.).

New Development – means any land disturbance that does not meet the definition of Redevelopment Activity included in this appendix.

New York State Erosion and Sediment Control Certificate Program – a certificate program that establishes and maintains a process to identify and recognize individuals who are capable of developing, designing, inspecting and maintaining erosion and sediment control plans on projects that disturb soils in New York State. The certificate program is administered by the New York State Conservation District Employees Association.

NOI Acknowledgment Letter - means the letter that the Department sends to an owner or operator to acknowledge the Department's receipt and acceptance of a complete Notice of Intent. This letter documents the owner's or operator's authorization to discharge in accordance with the general permit for stormwater discharges from *construction activity*.

Nonpoint Source - means any source of water pollution or pollutants which is not a discrete conveyance or *point source* permitted pursuant to Title 7 or 8 of Article 17 of the Environmental Conservation Law (see ECL Section 17-1403).

Overbank –means flow events that exceed the capacity of the stream channel and spill out into the adjacent floodplain.

Owner or Operator - means the person, persons or legal entity which owns or leases the property on which the *construction activity* is occurring; an entity that has operational control over the construction plans and specifications, including the ability to make modifications to the plans and specifications; and/or an entity that has day-to-day operational control of those activities at a project that are necessary to ensure compliance with the permit conditions.

Performance Criteria – means the design criteria listed under the "Required Elements" sections in Chapters 5, 6 and 10 of the technical standard, New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual, dated January 2015. It does not include the Sizing Criteria (i.e. WQv, RRv, Cpv, Qp and Qf) in Part I.C.2. of the permit.

Point Source - means any discernible, confined and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, vessel or other floating craft, or landfill leachate collection system from which *pollutants* are or may be discharged.

Pollutant - means dredged spoil, filter backwash, solid waste, incinerator residue, sewage, garbage, sewage sludge, munitions, chemical wastes, biological materials, radioactive materials, heat, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand and industrial, municipal, agricultural waste and ballast discharged into water; which may cause or might reasonably be expected to cause pollution of the waters of the state in contravention of the standards or guidance values adopted as provided in 6 NYCRR Parts 700 et seq.

Qualified Inspector - means a person that is knowledgeable in the principles and practices of erosion and sediment control, such as a licensed Professional Engineer, Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC), Registered Landscape Architect, New York State Erosion and Sediment Control Certificate Program holder or other Department endorsed individual(s).

It can also mean someone working under the direct supervision of, and at the same company as, the licensed Professional Engineer or Registered Landscape Architect, provided that person has training in the principles and practices of erosion and sediment control. Training in the principles and practices of erosion and sediment control means that the individual working under the direct supervision of the licensed Professional Engineer or Registered Landscape Architect has received four (4) hours of Department endorsed training in proper erosion and sediment control principles from a Soil and Water Conservation District, or other Department endorsed entity. After receiving the initial training, the individual working under the direct supervision of the licensed Professional Engineer or Registered Landscape Architect shall receive four (4) hours of training every three (3) years.

It can also mean a person that meets the *Qualified Professional* qualifications in addition to the *Qualified Inspector* qualifications.

Note: Inspections of any post-construction stormwater management practices that include structural components, such as a dam for an impoundment, shall be performed by a licensed Professional Engineer.

Qualified Professional - means a person that is knowledgeable in the principles and practices of stormwater management and treatment, such as a licensed Professional Engineer, Registered Landscape Architect or other Department endorsed individual(s). Individuals preparing SWPPPs that require the post-construction stormwater management practice component must have an understanding of the principles of hydrology, water quality management practice design, water quantity control design, and, in many cases, the principles of hydraulics. All components of the SWPPP that involve the practice of engineering, as defined by the NYS Education Law (see Article 145), shall be prepared by, or under the direct supervision of, a professional engineer licensed to practice in the State of New York.

Redevelopment Activity(ies) – means the disturbance and reconstruction of existing impervious area, including impervious areas that were removed from a project site within five (5) years of preliminary project plan submission to the local government (i.e. site plan, subdivision, etc.).

Regulated, Traditional Land Use Control MS4 - means a city, town or village with land use control authority that is authorized to discharge under New York State DEC's

SPDES General Permit For Stormwater Discharges from Municipal Separate Stormwater Sewer Systems (MS4s) or the City of New York's Individual SPDES Permit for their Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (NY-0287890).

Routine Maintenance Activity - means *construction activity* that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, or original purpose of a facility, including, but not limited to:

- Re-grading of gravel roads or parking lots,
- Cleaning and shaping of existing roadside ditches and culverts that maintains the approximate original line and grade, and hydraulic capacity of the ditch,
- Cleaning and shaping of existing roadside ditches that does not maintain the approximate original grade, hydraulic capacity and purpose of the ditch if the changes to the line and grade, hydraulic capacity or purpose of the ditch are installed to improve water quality and quantity controls (e.g. installing grass lined ditch),
- Placement of aggregate shoulder backing that stabilizes the transition between the road shoulder and the ditch or *embankment*,
- Full depth milling and filling of existing asphalt pavements, replacement of concrete pavement slabs, and similar work that does not expose soil or disturb the bottom six (6) inches of subbase material,
- Long-term use of equipment storage areas at or near highway maintenance facilities,
- Removal of sediment from the edge of the highway to restore a previously existing sheet-flow drainage connection from the highway surface to the highway ditch or embankment,
- Existing use of Canal Corp owned upland disposal sites for the canal, and
- Replacement of curbs, gutters, sidewalks and guide rail posts.

Site limitations – means site conditions that prevent the use of an infiltration technique and or infiltration of the total WQv. Typical site limitations include: seasonal high groundwater, shallow depth to bedrock, and soils with an infiltration rate less than 0.5 inches/hour. The existence of site limitations shall be confirmed and documented using actual field testing (i.e. test pits, soil borings, and infiltration test) or using information from the most current United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Soil Survey for the County where the project is located.

Sizing Criteria – means the criteria included in Part I.C.2 of the permit that are used to size post-construction stormwater management control practices. The criteria include; Water Quality Volume (WQv), Runoff Reduction Volume (RRv), Channel Protection Volume (Cpv), *Overbank* Flood (Qp), and Extreme Flood (Qf).

State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) - means the system established pursuant to Article 17 of the ECL and 6 NYCRR Part 750 for issuance of permits authorizing discharges to the waters of the state.

Steep Slope – means land area designated on the current United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") Soil Survey as Soil Slope Phase "D", (provided the map unit name is inclusive of slopes greater than 25%), or Soil Slope Phase E or F, (regardless of the map unit name), or a combination of the three designations.

Streambank – as used in this permit, means the terrain alongside the bed of a creek or stream. The bank consists of the sides of the channel, between which the flow is confined.

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) – means a project specific report, including construction drawings, that among other things: describes the construction activity(ies), identifies the potential sources of pollution at the *construction site*; describes and shows the stormwater controls that will be used to control the pollutants (i.e. erosion and sediment controls; for many projects, includes post-construction stormwater management controls); and identifies procedures the *owner or operator* will implement to comply with the terms and conditions of the permit. See Part III of the permit for a complete description of the information that must be included in the SWPPP.

Surface Waters of the State - shall be construed to include lakes, bays, sounds, ponds, impounding reservoirs, springs, rivers, streams, creeks, estuaries, marshes, inlets, canals, the Atlantic ocean within the territorial seas of the state of New York and all other bodies of surface water, natural or artificial, inland or coastal, fresh or salt, public or private (except those private waters that do not combine or effect a junction with natural surface waters), which are wholly or partially within or bordering the state or within its jurisdiction. Waters of the state are further defined in 6 NYCRR Parts 800 to 941.

Temporarily Ceased – means that an existing disturbed area will not be disturbed again within 14 calendar days of the previous soil disturbance.

Temporary Stabilization - means that exposed soil has been covered with material(s) as set forth in the technical standard, New York Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control, to prevent the exposed soil from eroding. The materials can include, but are not limited to, mulch, seed and mulch, and erosion control mats (e.g. jute twisted yarn, excelsior wood fiber mats).

Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) - A TMDL is the sum of the allowable loads of a single pollutant from all contributing point and *nonpoint sources*. It is a calculation of the maximum amount of a pollutant that a waterbody can receive on a daily basis and still meet *water quality standards*, and an allocation of that amount to the pollutant's sources. A TMDL stipulates wasteload allocations (WLAs) for *point source* discharges, load allocations (LAs) for *nonpoint sources*, and a margin of safety (MOS).

Trained Contractor - means an employee from the contracting (construction) company, identified in Part III.A.6., that has received four (4) hours of Department endorsed

training in proper erosion and sediment control principles from a Soil and Water Conservation District, or other Department endorsed entity. After receiving the initial training, the *trained contractor* shall receive four (4) hours of training every three (3) years.

It can also mean an employee from the contracting (construction) company, identified in Part III.A.6., that meets the *qualified inspector* qualifications (e.g. licensed Professional Engineer, Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC), Registered Landscape Architect, New York State Erosion and Sediment Control Certificate Program holder, or someone working under the direct supervision of, and at the same company as, the licensed Professional Engineer or Registered Landscape Architect, provided they have received four (4) hours of Department endorsed training in proper erosion and sediment control principles from a Soil and Water Conservation District, or other Department endorsed entity).

The *trained contractor* is responsible for the day to day implementation of the SWPPP.

Uniform Procedures Act (UPA) Permit - means a permit required under 6 NYCRR Part 621 of the Environmental Conservation Law (ECL), Article 70.

Water Quality Standard - means such measures of purity or quality for any waters in relation to their reasonable and necessary use as promulgated in 6 NYCRR Part 700 et seq.

APPENDIX B – Required SWPPP Components by Project Type

Table 1 Construction Activities that Require the Preparation of a SWPPP That Only Includes Erosion and Sediment Controls

The following construction activities that involve soil disturbances of one (1) or more acres of land, but less than five (5) acres:

- Single family home <u>not</u> located in one of the watersheds listed in Appendix C or <u>not</u> directly discharging to one of the 303(d) segments listed in Appendix E
- Single family residential subdivisions with 25% or less impervious cover at total site build-out and not located in one of the watersheds listed in Appendix C and not directly discharging to one of the 303(d) segments listed in Appendix E
- Construction of a barn or other agricultural building, silo, stock yard or pen.

The following construction activities that involve soil disturbances between five thousand (5000) square feet and one (1) acre of land:

All construction activities located in the watersheds identified in Appendix D that involve soil disturbances between five thousand (5,000) square feet and one (1) acre of land.

The following construction activities that involve soil disturbances of one (1) or more acres of land:

- Installation of underground, linear utilities; such as gas lines, fiber-optic cable, cable TV, electric, telephone, sewer mains, and water mains
- Environmental enhancement projects, such as wetland mitigation projects, stormwater retrofits and stream restoration projects
- Pond construction
- Linear bike paths running through areas with vegetative cover, including bike paths surfaced with an impervious cover
- · Cross-country ski trails and walking/hiking trails
- Sidewalk, bike path or walking path projects, surfaced with an impervious cover, that are not part of residential, commercial or institutional development;
- Sidewalk, bike path or walking path projects, surfaced with an impervious cover, that include incidental shoulder or curb work along an existing highway to support construction of the sidewalk, bike path or walking path.
- Slope stabilization projects
- Slope flattening that changes the grade of the site, but does not significantly change the runoff characteristics

Table 1 (Continued) Construction Activities that Require the Preparation of a SWPPP

THAT ONLY INCLUDES EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS

The following construction activities that involve soil disturbances of one (1) or more acres of land:

- · Spoil areas that will be covered with vegetation
- Vegetated open space projects (i.e. recreational parks, lawns, meadows, fields, downhill ski trails) excluding projects that alter hydrology from pre to post development conditions,
- Athletic fields (natural grass) that do not include the construction or reconstruction of *impervious* area and do not alter hydrology from pre to post development conditions
- Demolition project where vegetation will be established, and no redevelopment is planned
- Overhead electric transmission line project that does not include the construction of permanent access roads or parking areas surfaced with *impervious cover*
- Structural practices as identified in Table II in the "Agricultural Management Practices Catalog for Nonpoint Source Pollution in New York State", excluding projects that involve soil disturbances of greater than five acres and construction activities that include the construction or reconstruction of impervious area
- Temporary access roads, median crossovers, detour roads, lanes, or other temporary impervious areas that will be restored to pre-construction conditions once the construction activity is complete

Table 2

CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THAT REQUIRE THE PREPARATION OF A SWPPP THAT INCLUDES POST-CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

The following construction activities that involve soil disturbances of one (1) or more acres of land:

- Single family home located in one of the watersheds listed in Appendix C or *directly discharging* to one of the 303(d) segments listed in Appendix E
- Single family home that disturbs five (5) or more acres of land
- Single family residential subdivisions located in one of the watersheds listed in Appendix C or directly discharging to one of the 303(d) segments listed in Appendix E
- Single family residential subdivisions that involve soil disturbances of between one (1) and five (5) acres of land with greater than 25% impervious cover at total site build-out
- Single family residential subdivisions that involve soil disturbances of five (5) or more acres of land, and single family residential subdivisions that involve soil disturbances of less than five (5) acres that are part of a larger common plan of development or sale that will ultimately disturb five or more acres of land
- Multi-family residential developments; includes duplexes, townhomes, condominiums, senior housing complexes, apartment complexes, and mobile home parks
- Airports
- · Amusement parks
- · Breweries, cideries, and wineries, including establishments constructed on agricultural land
- Campgrounds
- Cemeteries that include the construction or reconstruction of impervious area (>5% of disturbed area) or *alter the hydrology from pre to post development* conditions
- Commercial developments
- Churches and other places of worship
- Construction of a barn or other *agricultural building* (e.g. silo) and structural practices as identified in Table II in the "Agricultural Management Practices Catalog for Nonpoint Source Pollution in New York State" that include the construction or reconstruction of *impervious area*, excluding projects that involve soil disturbances of less than five acres.
- Golf courses
- · Institutional development; includes hospitals, prisons, schools and colleges
- · Industrial facilities; includes industrial parks
- Landfills
- Municipal facilities; includes highway garages, transfer stations, office buildings, POTW's, water treatment plants, and water storage tanks
- Office complexes
- · Playgrounds that include the construction or reconstruction of impervious area
- Sports complexes
- Racetracks; includes racetracks with earthen (dirt) surface
- Road construction or reconstruction, including roads constructed as part of the construction activities listed in Table 1

Table 2 (Continued)

CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THAT REQUIRE THE PREPARATION OF A SWPPP THAT INCLUDES POST-CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

The following construction activities that involve soil disturbances of one (1) or more acres of land:

- Parking lot construction or reconstruction, including parking lots constructed as part of the construction activities listed in Table 1
- Athletic fields (natural grass) that include the construction or reconstruction of impervious area (>5% of disturbed area) or alter the hydrology from pre to post development conditions
- Athletic fields with artificial turf
- Permanent access roads, parking areas, substations, compressor stations and well drilling pads, surfaced with *impervious cover*, and constructed as part of an over-head electric transmission line project, wind-power project, cell tower project, oil or gas well drilling project, sewer or water main project or other linear utility project
- Sidewalk, bike path or walking path projects, surfaced with an impervious cover, that are part of a residential, commercial or institutional development
- Sidewalk, bike path or walking path projects, surfaced with an impervious cover, that are part of a highway construction or reconstruction project
- All other construction activities that include the construction or reconstruction of *impervious area* or alter the hydrology from pre to post development conditions, and are not listed in Table 1

APPENDIX C – Watersheds Requiring Enhanced Phosphorus Removal

Watersheds where *owners or operators* of construction activities identified in Table 2 of Appendix B must prepare a SWPPP that includes post-construction stormwater management practices designed in conformance with the Enhanced Phosphorus Removal Standards included in the technical standard, New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual ("Design Manual").

- Entire New York City Watershed located east of the Hudson River Figure 1
- Onondaga Lake Watershed Figure 2
- Greenwood Lake Watershed -Figure 3
- Oscawana Lake Watershed Figure 4
- Kinderhook Lake Watershed Figure 5

Figure 1 - New York City Watershed East of the Hudson

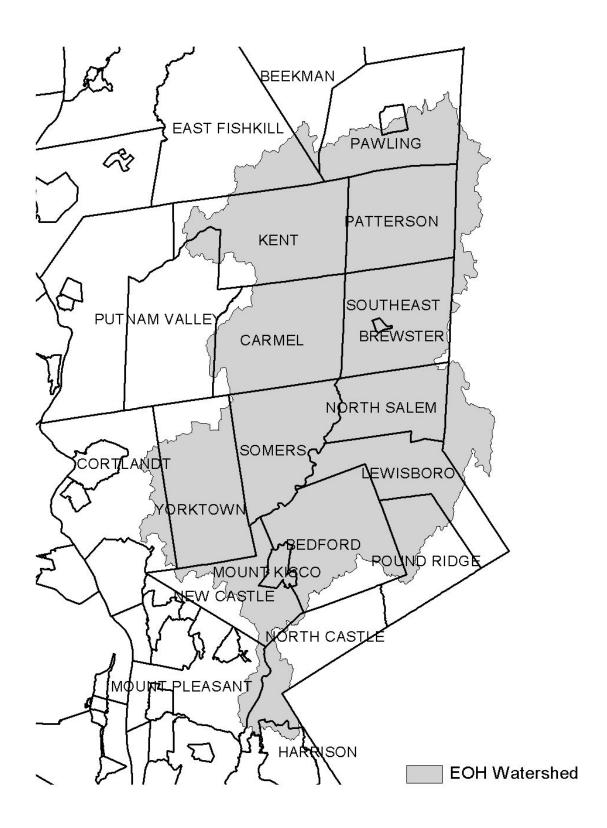


Figure 2 - Onondaga Lake Watershed



Figure 3 - Greenwood Lake Watershed

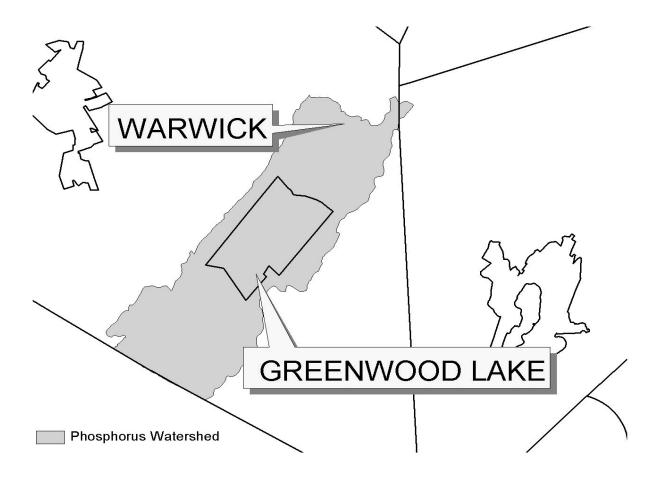


Figure 4 - Oscawana Lake Watershed

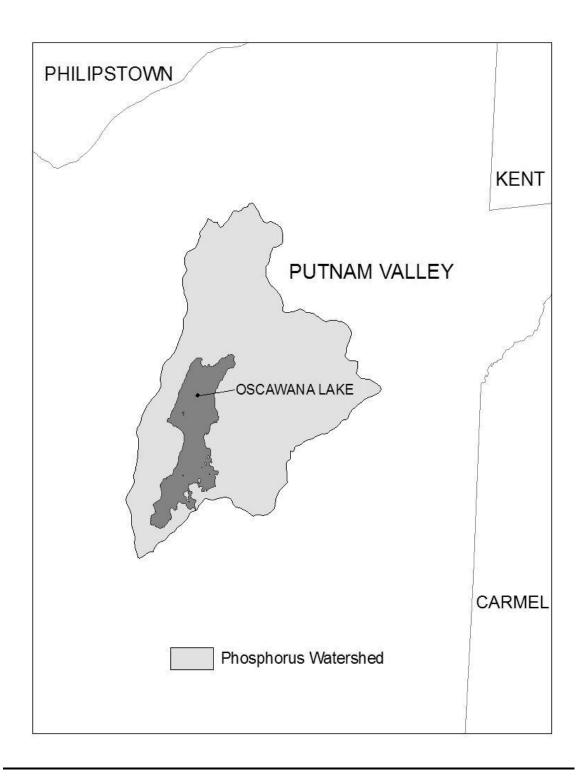
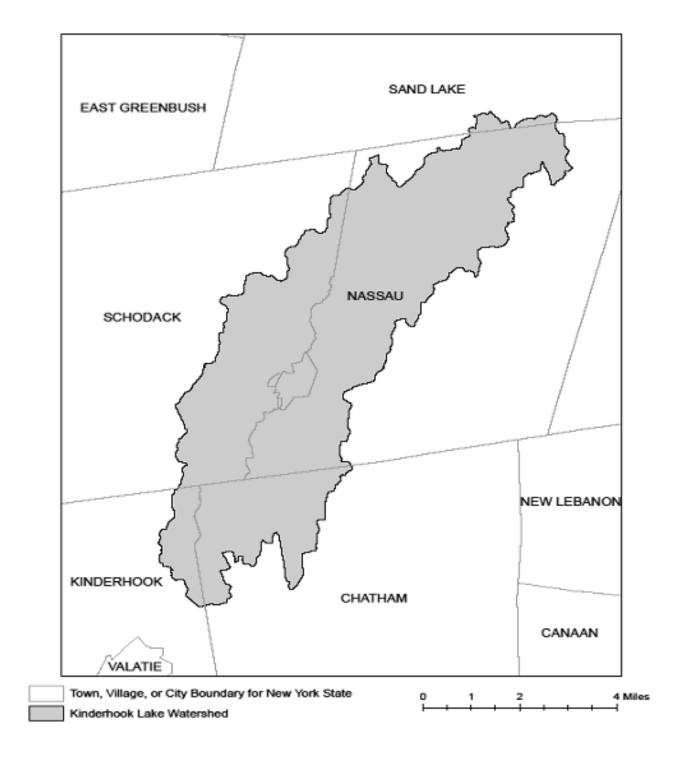


Figure 5 - Kinderhook Lake Watershed



APPENDIX D – Watersheds with Lower Disturbance Threshold

Watersheds where *owners or operators* of construction activities that involve soil disturbances between five thousand (5000) square feet and one (1) acre of land must obtain coverage under this permit.

Entire New York City Watershed that is located east of the Hudson River - See Figure 1 in Appendix C

APPENDIX E – 303(d) Segments Impaired by Construction Related Pollutant(s)

List of 303(d) segments impaired by pollutants related to *construction activity* (e.g. silt, sediment or nutrients). The list was developed using "The Final New York State 2016 Section 303(d) List of Impaired Waters Requiring a TMDL/Other Strategy" dated November 2016. *Owners or operators* of single family home and single family residential subdivisions with 25% or less total impervious cover at total site build-out that involve soil disturbances of one or more acres of land, but less than 5 acres, and *directly discharge* to one of the listed segments below shall prepare a SWPPP that includes post-construction stormwater management practices designed in conformance with the New York State Stormwater Management Design Manual ("Design Manual"), dated January 2015.

COUNTY	WATERBODY	POLLUTANT	
Albany	Ann Lee (Shakers) Pond, Stump Pond	Nutrients	
Albany	Basic Creek Reservoir	Nutrients	
Allegany	Amity Lake, Saunders Pond	Nutrients	
Bronx	Long Island Sound, Bronx	Nutrients	
Bronx	Van Cortlandt Lake	Nutrients	
Broome	Fly Pond, Deer Lake, Sky Lake	Nutrients	
Broome	Minor Tribs to Lower Susquehanna (north)	Nutrients	
Broome	Whitney Point Lake/Reservoir	Nutrients	
Cattaraugus	Allegheny River/Reservoir	Nutrients	
Cattaraugus	Beaver (Alma) Lake	Nutrients	
Cattaraugus	Case Lake	Nutrients	
Cattaraugus	Linlyco/Club Pond	Nutrients	
Cayuga	Duck Lake	Nutrients	
Cayuga	Little Sodus Bay	Nutrients	
Chautauqua	Bear Lake	Nutrients	
Chautauqua	Chadakoin River and tribs	Nutrients	
Chautauqua	Chautauqua Lake, North	Nutrients	
Chautauqua	Chautauqua Lake, South	Nutrients	
Chautauqua	Findley Lake	Nutrients	
Chautauqua	Hulburt/Clymer Pond	Nutrients	
Clinton	Great Chazy River, Lower, Main Stem	Silt/Sediment	
Clinton	Lake Champlain, Main Lake, Middle	Nutrients	
Clinton	Lake Champlain, Main Lake, North	Nutrients	
Columbia	Kinderhook Lake	Nutrients	
Columbia	Robinson Pond	Nutrients	
Cortland	Dean Pond Nutrients		

Dutchess	Fall Kill and tribs	Nutrients		
Dutchess	Hillside Lake Nutrients			
Dutchess	Wappingers Lake	Nutrients		
Dutchess	Wappingers Lake	Silt/Sediment		
Erie	Beeman Creek and tribs	Nutrients		
Erie	Ellicott Creek, Lower, and tribs	Silt/Sediment		
Erie	Ellicott Creek, Lower, and tribs	Nutrients		
Erie	Green Lake	Nutrients		
Erie	Little Sister Creek, Lower, and tribs	Nutrients		
Erie	Murder Creek, Lower, and tribs	Nutrients		
Erie	Rush Creek and tribs	Nutrients		
Erie	Scajaquada Creek, Lower, and tribs	Nutrients		
Erie	Scajaquada Creek, Middle, and tribs	Nutrients		
Erie	Scajaquada Creek, Upper, and tribs	Nutrients		
Erie	South Branch Smoke Cr, Lower, and tribs	Silt/Sediment		
Erie	South Branch Smoke Cr, Lower, and tribs	Nutrients		
Essex	Lake Champlain, Main Lake, South	Nutrients		
Essex	Lake Champlain, South Lake	Nutrients		
Essex	Willsboro Bay	Nutrients		
Genesee	Bigelow Creek and tribs	Nutrients		
Genesee	Black Creek, Middle, and minor tribs	Nutrients		
Genesee	Black Creek, Upper, and minor tribs	Nutrients		
Genesee	Bowen Brook and tribs	Nutrients		
Genesee	LeRoy Reservoir	Nutrients		
Genesee	Oak Orchard Cr, Upper, and tribs	Nutrients		
Genesee	Tonawanda Creek, Middle, Main Stem	Nutrients		
Greene	Schoharie Reservoir	Silt/Sediment		
Greene	Sleepy Hollow Lake	Silt/Sediment		
Herkimer	Steele Creek tribs	Silt/Sediment		
Herkimer	Steele Creek tribs	Nutrients		
Jefferson	Moon Lake	Nutrients		
Kings	Hendrix Creek	Nutrients		
Kings	Prospect Park Lake	Nutrients		
Lewis	Mill Creek/South Branch, and tribs	Nutrients		
Livingston	Christie Creek and tribs	Nutrients		
Livingston	Conesus Lake	Nutrients		
Livingston	Mill Creek and minor tribs	Silt/Sediment		
Monroe	Black Creek, Lower, and minor tribs	Nutrients		
Monroe	Buck Pond	Nutrients		
Monroe	Cranberry Pond Nutrients			

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Monroe	Lake Ontario Shoreline, Western	Nutrients
Monroe	Long Pond	Nutrients
Monroe	Mill Creek and tribs	Nutrients
Monroe	Mill Creek/Blue Pond Outlet and tribs	Nutrients
Monroe	Minor Tribs to Irondequoit Bay	Nutrients
Monroe	Rochester Embayment - East	Nutrients
Monroe	Rochester Embayment - West	Nutrients
Monroe	Shipbuilders Creek and tribs	Nutrients
Monroe	Thomas Creek/White Brook and tribs	Nutrients
Nassau	Beaver Lake	Nutrients
Nassau	Camaans Pond	Nutrients
Nassau	East Meadow Brook, Upper, and tribs	Silt/Sediment
Nassau	East Rockaway Channel	Nutrients
Nassau	Grant Park Pond	Nutrients
Nassau	Hempstead Bay	Nutrients
Nassau	Hempstead Lake	Nutrients
Nassau	Hewlett Bay	Nutrients
Nassau	Hog Island Channel	Nutrients
Nassau	Long Island Sound, Nassau County Waters	Nutrients
Nassau	Massapequa Creek and tribs	Nutrients
Nassau	Milburn/Parsonage Creeks, Upp, and tribs	Nutrients
Nassau	Reynolds Channel, west	Nutrients
Nassau	Tidal Tribs to Hempstead Bay	Nutrients
Nassau	Tribs (fresh) to East Bay	Nutrients
Nassau	Tribs (fresh) to East Bay	Silt/Sediment
Nassau	Tribs to Smith/Halls Ponds	Nutrients
Nassau	Woodmere Channel	Nutrients
New York	Harlem Meer	Nutrients
New York	The Lake in Central Park	Nutrients
Niagara	Bergholtz Creek and tribs	Nutrients
Niagara	Hyde Park Lake	Nutrients
Niagara	Lake Ontario Shoreline, Western	Nutrients
Niagara	Lake Ontario Shoreline, Western	Nutrients
Oneida	Ballou, Nail Creeks and tribs	Nutrients
Onondaga	Harbor Brook, Lower, and tribs	Nutrients
Onondaga	Ley Creek and tribs	Nutrients
Onondaga	Minor Tribs to Onondaga Lake	Nutrients
Onondaga	Ninemile Creek, Lower, and tribs	Nutrients
Onondaga	Onondaga Creek, Lower, and tribs	Nutrients
Onondaga	Onondaga Creek, Middle, and tribs	Nutrients

Onondaga	Onondaga Lake, northern end	Nutrients
Onondaga	Onondaga Lake, southern end	Nutrients
Ontario	Great Brook and minor tribs	Silt/Sediment
Ontario	Great Brook and minor tribs	Nutrients
Ontario	Hemlock Lake Outlet and minor tribs	Nutrients
Ontario	Honeoye Lake	Nutrients
Orange	Greenwood Lake	Nutrients
Orange	Monhagen Brook and tribs	Nutrients
Orange	Orange Lake	Nutrients
Orleans	Lake Ontario Shoreline, Western	Nutrients
Orleans	Lake Ontario Shoreline, Western	Nutrients
Oswego	Lake Neatahwanta	Nutrients
Oswego	Pleasant Lake	Nutrients
Putnam	Bog Brook Reservoir	Nutrients
Putnam	Boyd Corners Reservoir	Nutrients
Putnam	Croton Falls Reservoir	Nutrients
Putnam	Diverting Reservoir	Nutrients
Putnam	East Branch Reservoir	Nutrients
Putnam	Lake Carmel	Nutrients
Putnam	Middle Branch Reservoir	Nutrients
Putnam	Oscawana Lake	Nutrients
Putnam	Palmer Lake	Nutrients
Putnam	West Branch Reservoir	Nutrients
Queens	Bergen Basin	Nutrients
Queens	Flushing Creek/Bay	Nutrients
Queens	Jamaica Bay, Eastern, and tribs (Queens)	Nutrients
Queens	Kissena Lake	Nutrients
Queens	Meadow Lake	Nutrients
Queens	Willow Lake	Nutrients
Rensselaer	Nassau Lake	Nutrients
Rensselaer	Snyders Lake	Nutrients
Richmond	Grasmere Lake/Bradys Pond	Nutrients
Rockland	Congers Lake, Swartout Lake	Nutrients
Rockland	Rockland Lake	Nutrients
Saratoga	Ballston Lake	Nutrients
Saratoga	Dwaas Kill and tribs	Silt/Sediment
Saratoga	Dwaas Kill and tribs	Nutrients
Saratoga	Lake Lonely	Nutrients
Saratoga	Round Lake	Nutrients
Saratoga	Tribs to Lake Lonely Nutrients	

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Schenectady	Collins Lake	Nutrients		
Schenectady	Duane Lake	Nutrients		
Schenectady	Mariaville Lake	Nutrients		
Schoharie	Engleville Pond	Nutrients		
Schoharie	Summit Lake	Nutrients		
Seneca	Reeder Creek and tribs	Nutrients		
St.Lawrence	Black Lake Outlet/Black Lake	Nutrients		
St.Lawrence	Fish Creek and minor tribs	Nutrients		
Steuben	Smith Pond	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Agawam Lake	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Big/Little Fresh Ponds	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Canaan Lake	Silt/Sediment		
Suffolk	Canaan Lake	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Flanders Bay, West/Lower Sawmill Creek	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Fresh Pond	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Great South Bay, East	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Great South Bay, Middle	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Great South Bay, West	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Lake Ronkonkoma	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Long Island Sound, Suffolk County, West	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Mattituck (Marratooka) Pond	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Meetinghouse/Terrys Creeks and tribs	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Mill and Seven Ponds	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Millers Pond	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Moriches Bay, East	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Moriches Bay, West	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Peconic River, Lower, and tidal tribs	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Quantuck Bay	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Shinnecock Bay and Inlet	Nutrients		
Suffolk	Tidal tribs to West Moriches Bay	Nutrients		
Sullivan	Bodine, Montgomery Lakes	Nutrients		
Sullivan	Davies Lake	Nutrients		
Sullivan	Evens Lake	Nutrients		
Sullivan	Pleasure Lake	Nutrients		
Tompkins	Cayuga Lake, Southern End	Nutrients		
Tompkins	Cayuga Lake, Southern End	Silt/Sediment		
Tompkins	Owasco Inlet, Upper, and tribs	Nutrients		
Ulster	Ashokan Reservoir	Silt/Sediment		
Ulster	Esopus Creek, Upper, and minor tribs	Silt/Sediment		
Warren				
vvallell	Hague Brook and tribs Silt/Sedi			

Warren	Huddle/Finkle Brooks and tribs	Silt/Sediment
Warren	Indian Brook and tribs	Silt/Sediment
Warren	Lake George	Silt/Sediment
Warren	Tribs to L.George, Village of L George	Silt/Sediment
Washington	Cossayuna Lake	Nutrients
Washington	Lake Champlain, South Bay	Nutrients
Washington	Tribs to L.George, East Shore	Silt/Sediment
Washington	Wood Cr/Champlain Canal and minor tribs	Nutrients
Wayne	Port Bay	Nutrients
Westchester	Amawalk Reservoir	Nutrients
Westchester	Blind Brook, Upper, and tribs	Silt/Sediment
Westchester	Cross River Reservoir	Nutrients
Westchester	Lake Katonah	Nutrients
Westchester	Lake Lincolndale	Nutrients
Westchester	Lake Meahagh	Nutrients
Westchester	Lake Mohegan	Nutrients
Westchester	Lake Shenorock	Nutrients
Westchester	Long Island Sound, Westchester (East)	Nutrients
Westchester	Mamaroneck River, Lower	Silt/Sediment
Westchester	Mamaroneck River, Upper, and minor tribs	Silt/Sediment
Westchester	Muscoot/Upper New Croton Reservoir	Nutrients
Westchester	New Croton Reservoir	Nutrients
Westchester	Peach Lake	Nutrients
Westchester	Reservoir No.1 (Lake Isle)	Nutrients
Westchester	Saw Mill River, Lower, and tribs	Nutrients
Westchester	Saw Mill River, Middle, and tribs	Nutrients
Westchester	Sheldrake River and tribs	Silt/Sediment
Westchester	Sheldrake River and tribs	Nutrients
Westchester	Silver Lake	Nutrients
Westchester	Teatown Lake	Nutrients
Westchester	Titicus Reservoir	Nutrients
Westchester	Truesdale Lake	Nutrients
Westchester	Wallace Pond	Nutrients
Wyoming	Java Lake Nutrients	
Wyoming	Silver Lake	Nutrients

APPENDIX F – List of NYS DEC Regional Offices

<u>Region</u>	COVERING THE FOLLOWING COUNTIES:	DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL PERMITS (DEP) PERMIT ADMINISTRATORS	DIVISION OF WATER (DOW) WATER (SPDES) PROGRAM
1	NASSAU AND SUFFOLK	50 CIRCLE ROAD STONY BROOK, NY 11790 TEL. (631) 444-0365	50 CIRCLE ROAD STONY BROOK, NY 11790-3409 Tel. (631) 444-0405
2	BRONX, KINGS, NEW YORK, QUEENS AND RICHMOND	1 Hunters Point Plaza, 47-40 21st St. Long Island City, Ny 11101-5407 Tel. (718) 482-4997	1 HUNTERS POINT PLAZA, 47-40 21st St. LONG ISLAND CITY, NY 11101-5407 TEL. (718) 482-4933
3	DUTCHESS, ORANGE, PUTNAM, ROCKLAND, SULLIVAN, ULSTER AND WESTCHESTER	21 SOUTH PUTT CORNERS ROAD NEW PALTZ, NY 12561-1696 TEL. (845) 256-3059	100 HILLSIDE AVENUE, SUITE 1W WHITE PLAINS, NY 10603 TEL. (914) 428 - 2505
4	ALBANY, COLUMBIA, DELAWARE, GREENE, MONTGOMERY, OTSEGO, RENSSELAER, SCHENECTADY AND SCHOHARIE	1150 NORTH WESTCOTT ROAD SCHENECTADY, NY 12306-2014 TEL. (518) 357-2069	1130 NORTH WESTCOTT ROAD SCHENECTADY, NY 12306-2014 Tel. (518) 357-2045
5	CLINTON, ESSEX, FRANKLIN, FULTON, HAMILTON, SARATOGA, WARREN AND WASHINGTON	1115 STATE ROUTE 86, Po Box 296 Ray Brook, Ny 12977-0296 Tel. (518) 897-1234	232 GOLF COURSE ROAD WARRENSBURG, NY 12885-1172 TEL. (518) 623-1200
6	HERKIMER, JEFFERSON, LEWIS, ONEIDA AND ST. LAWRENCE	STATE OFFICE BUILDING 317 WASHINGTON STREET WATERTOWN, NY 13601-3787 TEL. (315) 785-2245	STATE OFFICE BUILDING 207 GENESEE STREET UTICA, NY 13501-2885 TEL. (315) 793-2554
7	BROOME, CAYUGA, CHENANGO, CORTLAND, MADISON, ONONDAGA, OSWEGO, TIOGA AND TOMPKINS	615 ERIE BLVD. WEST SYRACUSE, NY 13204-2400 TEL. (315) 426-7438	615 ERIE BLVD. WEST SYRACUSE, NY 13204-2400 TEL. (315) 426-7500
8	CHEMUNG, GENESEE, LIVINGSTON, MONROE, ONTARIO, ORLEANS, SCHUYLER, SENECA, STEUBEN, WAYNE AND YATES	6274 EAST AVON-LIMA ROADAVON, NY 14414-9519 TEL. (585) 226-2466	6274 EAST AVON-LIMA RD. AVON, NY 14414-9519 TEL. (585) 226-2466
9	ALLEGANY, CATTARAUGUS, CHAUTAUQUA, ERIE, NIAGARA AND WYOMING	270 MICHIGAN AVENUE BUFFALO, NY 14203-2999 TEL. (716) 851-7165	270 MICHIGAN AVENUE BUFFALO, NY 14203-2999 TEL. (716) 851-7070



Appendix B

MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form NYSDEC Notice of Intent (NOI)



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Water 625 Broadway, 4th Floor Albany, New York 12233-3505

$MS4\ Stormwater\ Pollution\ Prevention\ Plan\ (SWPPP)\ Acceptance\ Form$

for

Construction Activities Seeking Authorization Under SPDES General Permit *(NOTE: Attach Completed Form to Notice Of Intent and Submit to Address Above)

I. Project Owner/Operator Information
1. Owner/Operator Name: Ketchamtown Land Develpoment, LLC
2. Contact Person: Dylan Aguado
3. Street Address: 9 Lenny Court
4. City/State/Zip: Wappingers Falls, NY 12590
II. Project Site Information
5. Project/Site Name: Subdivision Plat for Ketchamtown Land Develoment, LLC
6. Street Address: Ketchamtown Road
7. City/State/Zip: Wappingers Falls, NY 12590
III. Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) Review and Acceptance Information
8. SWPPP Reviewed by:
9. Title/Position:
10. Date Final SWPPP Reviewed and Accepted:
IV. Regulated MS4 Information
11. Name of MS4: Town of Wappinger
12. MS4 SPDES Permit Identification Number: NYR20A
13. Contact Person:
14. Street Address:
15. City/State/Zip:
16. Telephone Number:

(NYS DEC - MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form - January 2010)

MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form - continued		
V. Certification Statement - MS4 Official (principal executive officer or ranking elected official) or Duly Authorized Representative		
I hereby certify that the final Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for the construction project identified in question 5 has been reviewed and meets the substantive requirements in the SPDES General Permit For Stormwater Discharges from Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s). Note: The MS4, through the acceptance of the SWPPP, assumes no responsibility for the accuracy and adequacy of the design included in the SWPPP. In addition, review and acceptance of the SWPPP by the MS4 does not relieve the owner/operator or their SWPPP preparer of responsibility or liability for errors or omissions in the plan.		
Printed Name:		
Title/Position:		
Signature:		
Date:		
VI. Additional Information		

NOTICE OF INTENT



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Water

625 Broadway, 4th Floor Albany, New York 12233-3505

NYR			

any, New York 12233-3505 (for DEC use only)

Stormwater Discharges Associated with Construction Activity Under State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (SPDES) General Permit # GP-0-20-001 All sections must be completed unless otherwise noted. Failure to complete all items may result in this form being returned to you, thereby delaying your coverage under this General Permit. Applicants must read and understand the conditions of the permit and prepare a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan prior to submitting this NOI. Applicants are responsible for identifying and obtaining other DEC permits that may be required.

-IMPORTANTRETURN THIS FORM TO THE ADDRESS ABOVE

OWNER/OPERATOR MUST SIGN FORM

Owner/Operator Information				
Owner/Operator (Company Name/Private Owner Name/Municipality Name)				
Owner/Operator Contact Person Last Name (NOT CONSULTANT)				
Owner/Operator Contact Person First Name				
Owner/Operator Mailing Address				
City				
State Zip -				
Phone (Owner/Operator) Fax (Owner/Operator) -				
Email (Owner/Operator)				
FED TAX ID				
(not required for individuals)				

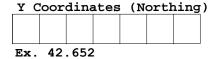
Project Site Inform	mation
Project/Site Name	
Street Address (NOT P.O. BOX)	
Side of Street O North O South O East O West	
City/Town/Village (THAT ISSUES BUILDING PERMIT)	
State Zip County	DEC Region
Name of Nearest Cross Street	
Distance to Nearest Cross Street (Feet)	Project In Relation to Cross Street O North O South O East O West
Tax Map Numbers Section-Block-Parcel	Tax Map Numbers

1. Provide the Geographic Coordinates for the project site. To do this, go to the NYSDEC Stormwater Interactive Map on the DEC website at:

https://gisservices.dec.ny.gov/gis/stormwater/

Zoom into your Project Location such that you can accurately click on the centroid of your site. Once you have located the centroid of your project site, go to the bottom right hand corner of the map for the X, Y coordinates. Enter the coordinates into the boxes below. For problems with the interactive map use the help function.

X Coordinates (Easting)
-7
Ex. -73.749



- 2. What is the nature of this construction project?
 - O New Construction
 - O Redevelopment with increase in impervious area
 - O Redevelopment with no increase in impervious area

3. Select the predominant land use for both pre and post development conditions. SELECT ONLY ONE CHOICE FOR EACH

Pre-Development Existing Land Use	Post-Development Future Land Use
○ FOREST	O SINGLE FAMILY HOME Number of Lots
O PASTURE/OPEN LAND	O SINGLE FAMILY SUBDIVISION
○ CULTIVATED LAND	O TOWN HOME RESIDENTIAL
○ SINGLE FAMILY HOME	O MULTIFAMILY RESIDENTIAL
○ SINGLE FAMILY SUBDIVISION	○ INSTITUTIONAL/SCHOOL
O TOWN HOME RESIDENTIAL	○ INDUSTRIAL
○ MULTIFAMILY RESIDENTIAL	○ COMMERCIAL
○ INSTITUTIONAL/SCHOOL	O MUNICIPAL
○ INDUSTRIAL	○ ROAD/HIGHWAY
○ COMMERCIAL	○ RECREATIONAL/SPORTS FIELD
○ ROAD/HIGHWAY	O BIKE PATH/TRAIL
O RECREATIONAL/SPORTS FIELD	○ LINEAR UTILITY (water, sewer, gas, etc.)
○ BIKE PATH/TRAIL	O PARKING LOT
○ LINEAR UTILITY	O CLEARING/GRADING ONLY
O PARKING LOT	O DEMOLITION, NO REDEVELOPMENT
○ OTHER	○ WELL DRILLING ACTIVITY *(Oil, Gas, etc.)
	OTHER
*Note: for gas well drilling, non-high volume	hydraulic fractured wells only
4. In accordance with the larger common plan of enter the total project site area; the total existing impervious area to be disturbed (factivities); and the future impervious area disturbed area. (Round to the nearest tenth	l area to be disturbed; for redevelopment constructed within the of an acre.)
	Future Impervious ing Impervious Area Within To Be Disturbed Disturbed Area
5. Do you plan to disturb more than 5 acres of	soil at any one time? O Yes O No
6. Indicate the percentage of each Hydrologic A B B	Soil Group(HSG) at the site. C D %
7. Is this a phased project?	\bigcirc Yes \bigcirc No
8. Enter the planned start and end dates of the disturbance activities.	te

area?

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15.	Does the site runoff enter a separate storm sewer system (including roadside drains, swales, ditches, culverts, etc)? Output Output Does the site runoff enter a separate storm sewer system (including roadside drains, swales, ditches, culverts, etc)?	
16.	What is the name of the municipality/entity that owns the separate storm sewer system?	
		_
17.	Does any runoff from the site enter a sewer classified as a Combined Sewer?	
18.	Will future use of this site be an agricultural property as defined by the NYS Agriculture and Markets Law?	
19.	Is this property owned by a state authority, state agency, federal government or local government?	
20.	Is this a remediation project being done under a Department approved work plan? (i.e. CERCLA, RCRA, Voluntary Cleanup Yes O No Agreement, etc.)	
21.	Has the required Erosion and Sediment Control component of the SWPPP been developed in conformance with the current NYS Yes O No Standards and Specifications for Erosion and Sediment Control (aka Blue Book)?	
22.	Does this construction activity require the development of a SWPPP that includes the post-construction stormwater management practice component (i.e. Runoff Reduction, Water Quality and Quantity Control practices/techniques)? If No, skip questions 23 and 27-39.	
23.	Has the post-construction stormwater management practice component of the SWPPP been developed in conformance with the current NYS O Yes O No Stormwater Management Design Manual?	

24	The Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) was prepared by:
	rofessional Engineer (P.E.)
	oil and Water Conservation District (SWCD)
	egistered Landscape Architect (R.L.A)
	ertified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC)
	wner/Operator
	ther
SWPI	Preparer
Con	Name (Last, Space, First)
Mai	g Address
City	
Stat	Zip - U
Pho	Fax
Ema:	

SWPPP Preparer Certification

I hereby certify that the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) for this project has been prepared in accordance with the terms and conditions of the GP-0-20-001. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of this permit and the laws of the State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.

First Name	MI
Last Name	
Signature	
1-11/12	Date
C. X 120	0 1 / 2 3 / 2 0 2 3

25.	Has a construction sequence schedule for the practices been prepared?	ne planned management O Yes O No
26.	Select all of the erosion and sediment contemployed on the project site:	trol practices that will be
	Temporary Structural	Vegetative Measures
	Ocheck Dams	OBrush Matting
	\bigcirc Construction Road Stabilization	O Dune Stabilization
	O Dust Control	○ Grassed Waterway
	○ Earth Dike	○ Mulching
	○ Level Spreader	\bigcirc Protecting Vegetation
	O Perimeter Dike/Swale	O Recreation Area Improvement
	\bigcirc Pipe Slope Drain	○ Seeding
	\bigcirc Portable Sediment Tank	○ Sodding
	O Rock Dam	○ Straw/Hay Bale Dike
	○ Sediment Basin	O Streambank Protection
	○ Sediment Traps	○ Temporary Swale
	○ Silt Fence	O Topsoiling
	\bigcirc Stabilized Construction Entrance	O Vegetating Waterways
	\bigcirc Storm Drain Inlet Protection	Permanent Structural
	\bigcirc Straw/Hay Bale Dike	
	\bigcirc Temporary Access Waterway Crossing	O Debris Basin
	\bigcirc Temporary Stormdrain Diversion	O Diversion
	○ Temporary Swale	○ Grade Stabilization Structure
	○ Turbidity Curtain	○ Land Grading
	○ Water bars	○ Lined Waterway (Rock)
		O Paved Channel (Concrete)
	Biotechnical Property of the Britannian Property	O Paved Flume
	OBrush Matting	○ Retaining Wall
	○ Wattling	O Riprap Slope Protection
		O Rock Outlet Protection
Oth	<u>ner</u>	O Streambank Protection

Post-construction Stormwater Management Practice (SMP) Requirements

Important: Completion of Questions 27-39 is not required
 if response to Question 22 is No.

- 27. Identify all site planning practices that were used to prepare the final site plan/layout for the project.
 - O Preservation of Undisturbed Areas
 - O Preservation of Buffers
 - O Reduction of Clearing and Grading
 - O Locating Development in Less Sensitive Areas
 - O Roadway Reduction
 - O Sidewalk Reduction
 - O Driveway Reduction
 - O Cul-de-sac Reduction
 - O Building Footprint Reduction
 - O Parking Reduction
- 27a. Indicate which of the following soil restoration criteria was used to address the requirements in Section 5.1.6("Soil Restoration") of the Design Manual (2010 version).
 - O All disturbed areas will be restored in accordance with the Soil Restoration requirements in Table 5.3 of the Design Manual (see page 5-22).
 - O Compacted areas were considered as impervious cover when calculating the **WQv Required**, and the compacted areas were assigned a post-construction Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) designation that is one level less permeable than existing conditions for the hydrology analysis.
- 28. Provide the total Water Quality Volume (WQv) required for this project (based on final site plan/layout).

Total	$\mathbf{W}\mathbf{Q}\mathbf{v}$	Requ	ired	
			a	cre-feet

29. Identify the RR techniques (Area Reduction), RR techniques(Volume Reduction) and Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity in Table 1 (See Page 9) that were used to reduce the Total WQv Required(#28).

Also, provide in Table 1 the total impervious area that contributes runoff to each technique/practice selected. For the Area Reduction Techniques, provide the total contributing area (includes pervious area) and, if applicable, the total impervious area that contributes runoff to the technique/practice.

Note: Redevelopment projects shall use Tables 1 and 2 to identify the SMPs used to treat and/or reduce the WQv required. If runoff reduction techniques will not be used to reduce the required WQv, skip to question 33a after identifying the SMPs.

Table 1 - Runoff Reduction (RR) Techniques and Standard Stormwater Management Practices (SMPs)

	Total Contributing		Total Co	ntrı	buting
RR Techniques (Area Reduction)	Area (acres)	Im	pervious	Are	a(acres)
○ Conservation of Natural Areas (RR-1)		and/or].	
O Sheetflow to Riparian Buffers/Filters Strips (RR-2)		and/or			
○ Tree Planting/Tree Pit (RR-3)	•	and/or]•	
O Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (RR-4)	, •	and/or		J•L	
RR Techniques (Volume Reduction)				1	
○ Vegetated Swale (RR-5) ······	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •		┦╹	
○ Rain Garden (RR-6) ······	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •		┤• ├─	
○ Stormwater Planter (RR-7)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •		┤∙ ├─	
○ Rain Barrel/Cistern (RR-8)		• • • • •		 •	
○ Porous Pavement (RR-9)		• • • • •		_ •	
○ Green Roof (RR-10)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			J.	
Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity				- —	
O Infiltration Trench (I-1) ·····		• • • • •		 -	
O Infiltration Basin (I-2) ······	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			 •	
Opry Well (I-3)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •]-	
O Underground Infiltration System (I-4)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •] -	
O Bioretention (F-5) ······]	
O Dry Swale (0-1)].	
Standard SMPs				1	
○ Micropool Extended Detention (P-1)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			- -	
○ Wet Pond (P-2) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		• • • • •		- -	
○ Wet Extended Detention (P-3) ······		• • • • •		↓•	
○ Multiple Pond System (P-4) ······		• • • • •		↓•	
O Pocket Pond (P-5) ······	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •]•	
○ Surface Sand Filter (F-1) ······	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •		 -	
○ Underground Sand Filter (F-2) ······	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •]-	
O Perimeter Sand Filter (F-3) ······	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •] . [
Organic Filter (F-4)		• • • •		-	
○ Shallow Wetland (W-1)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
○ Extended Detention Wetland (W-2)					
O Pond/Wetland System (W-3)				 	
O Pocket Wetland (W-4)				1.	
○ Wet Swale (0-2)				1.	

Table 2 -Alternative SMPs (DO NOT INCLUDE PRACTICES BEING USED FOR PRETREATMENT ONLY) Total Contributing Alternative SMP Impervious Area(acres) ○ Hydrodynamic \bigcirc Wet Vault O Media Filter Other Provide the name and manufacturer of the Alternative SMPs (i.e. proprietary practice(s)) being used for WQv treatment. Name Manufacturer Note: Redevelopment projects which do not use RR techniques, shall use questions 28, 29, 33 and 33a to provide SMPs used, total WQv required and total WQv provided for the project. 30. Indicate the Total RRv provided by the RR techniques (Area/Volume Reduction) and Standard SMPs with RRv capacity identified in question 29. Total RRv provided acre-feet 31. Is the Total RRv provided (#30) greater than or equal to the total WQv required (#28). O Yes O No If Yes, go to question 36. If No, go to question 32. 32. Provide the Minimum RRv required based on HSG. [Minimum RRv Required = (P)(0.95)(Ai)/12, Ai=(S)(Aic)] Minimum RRv Required acre-feet 32a. Is the Total RRv provided (#30) greater than or equal to the O Yes O No Minimum RRv Required (#32)? If Yes, go to question 33. Note: Use the space provided in question #39 to summarize the specific site limitations and justification for not reducing 100% of WQv required (#28). A detailed evaluation of the specific site limitations and justification for not reducing 100% of the WQv required (#28) must also be included in the If No, sizing criteria has not been met, so NOI can not be processed. SWPPP preparer must modify design to meet sizing criteria.

Identify the Standard SMPs in Table 1 and, if applicable, the Alternative SMPs in Table 2 that were used to treat the remaining total WQv(=Total WQv Required in 28 - Total RRv Provided in 30). Also, provide in Table 1 and 2 the total impervious area that contributes runoff to each practice selected. Note: Use Tables 1 and 2 to identify the SMPs used on Redevelopment projects. 33a. Indicate the Total WQv provided (i.e. WQv treated) by the SMPs identified in question #33 and Standard SMPs with RRv Capacity identified in question 29. WQv Provided acre-feet Note: For the standard SMPs with RRv capacity, the WQv provided by each practice = the WQv calculated using the contributing drainage area to the practice - RRv provided by the practice. (See Table 3.5 in Design Manual) 34. Provide the sum of the Total RRv provided (#30) and the WQv provided (#33a). Is the sum of the RRv provided (#30) and the WQv provided 35. (#33a) greater than or equal to the total WQv required (#28)? O Yes O No If Yes, go to question 36. If No, sizing criteria has not been met, so NOI can not be processed. SWPPP preparer must modify design to meet sizing criteria. Provide the total Channel Protection Storage Volume (CPv) required and 36. provided or select waiver (36a), if applicable. CPv Required CPv Provided acre-feet acre-feet 36a. The need to provide channel protection has been waived because: O Site discharges directly to tidal waters or a fifth order or larger stream. O Reduction of the total CPv is achieved on site through runoff reduction techniques or infiltration systems. 37. Provide the Overbank Flood (Qp) and Extreme Flood (Qf) control criteria or select waiver (37a), if applicable. Total Overbank Flood Control Criteria (Qp) Pre-Development Post-development CFS CFS Total Extreme Flood Control Criteria (Qf)

Pre-Development

CFS

Post-development

CFS

	The need to meet the Qp and Qf criteria has been waived because:
	O Site discharges directly to tidal waters
	or a fifth order or larger stream.
	O Downstream analysis reveals that the Qp and Qf controls are not required
	concroib are not required
38.	Has a long term Operation and Maintenance Plan for the post-construction stormwater management practice(s) been Yes ONO
	developed?
	If Yes, Identify the entity responsible for the long term
	Operation and Maintenance
39.	Use this space to summarize the specific site limitations and justification
	for not reducing 100% of WQv required(#28). (See question 32a)
	This space can also be used for other pertinent project information.

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project/facility.

40.

	O Air Pollution Control
	○ Coastal Erosion
	O Hazardous Waste
	○ Long Island Wells
	○ Mined Land Reclamation
	○ Solid Waste
	O Navigable Waters Protection / Article 15
	○ Water Quality Certificate
	○ Dam Safety
	○ Water Supply
	O Freshwater Wetlands/Article 24
	○ Tidal Wetlands
	○ Wild, Scenic and Recreational Rivers
	O Stream Bed or Bank Protection / Article 15
	○ Endangered or Threatened Species (Incidental Take Permit)
	○ Individual SPDES
	O SPDES Multi-Sector GP N Y R
	O Other
	● None
41.	Does this project require a US Army Corps of Engineers Wetland Permit? If Yes, Indicate Size of Impact. O 0 9
42.	Is this project subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4? (If No, skip question 43)
43.	Has the "MS4 SWPPP Acceptance" form been signed by the principal executive officer or ranking elected official and submitted along with this NOI?
44.	If this NOI is being submitted for the purpose of continuing or transferring coverage under a general permit for stormwater runoff from construction activities, please indicate the former SPDES number assigned. $N Y R$

Identify other DEC permits, existing and new, that are required for this

Owner/Operator Certification

I have read or been advised of the permit conditions and believe that I understand them. I also understand that, under the terms of the permit, there may be reporting requirements. I hereby certify that this document and the corresponding documents were prepared under my direction or supervision. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. I further understand that coverage under the general permit will be identified in the acknowledgment that I will receive as a result of submitting this NOI and can be as long as sixty (60) business days as provided for in the general permit. I also understand that, by submitting this NOI, I am acknowledging that the SWPPP has been developed and will be implemented as the first element of construction, and agreeing to comply with all the terms and conditions of the general permit for which this NOI is being submitted.

MI
7
B. C.
Date



Appendix C

Pre-Construction Meeting Documents



Pre-Construction Meeting Documents

Project Name	
Permit No.	Date of Authorization
Name of Operator	
Prime Contractor	

Preamble to Site Assessment and Inspections

The Operator agrees to have a qualified professional¹ conduct an assessment of the site prior to the commencement of construction² and certify in this inspection report that the appropriate erosion and sediment controls described in the SWPPP have been adequately installed or implemented to ensure overall preparedness of the site for the commencement of construction.

Prior to the commencement of construction, the Operator shall certify in this site logbook that the SWPPP has been prepared in accordance with the State's standards and meets all Federal, State and local erosion and sediment control requirements.

When construction starts, site inspections shall be conducted by the qualified professional at least every 7 calendar days (Construction Duration Inspections). The Operator shall maintain a record of all inspection reports in this site logbook. The site logbook shall be maintained on site and be made available to the permitting authorities upon request. The Operator shall post at the site, in a publicly accessible location, a summary of the site inspection activities on a monthly basis (Monthly Summary Report).

The operator shall also prepare a written summary of compliance with this general permit at a minimum frequency of every three months (Operator's Compliance Response Form), while coverage exists. The summary should address the status of achieving each component of the SWPPP.

Prior to filing the Notice of Termination or the end of permit term, the Operator shall have a qualified professional perform a final site inspection. The qualified professional shall certify that the site has undergone final stabilization³ using either vegetative or structural stabilization methods and that all temporary erosion and sediment controls (such as silt fencing) not needed for long-term erosion control have been removed. In addition, the Operator must identify and certify that all permanent structures described in the SWPPP have been constructed and provide the owner(s) with an operation and maintenance plan that ensures the structure(s) continuously functions as designed.

- 1 "Qualified Professional" means a person knowledgeable in the principles and practices of erosion and sediment controls, such as a Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC), soil scientist, licensed engineer or someone working under the direction and supervision of a licensed engineer (person must have experience in the principles and practices of erosion and sediment control).
- 2 "Commencement of construction" means the initial removal of vegetation and disturbance of soils associated with clearing, grading or excavating activities or other construction activities. Clearing that involves the cutting and removal of trees, brush using wheeled or tracked equipment is considered a construction activity that will result in soil disturbance. However, construction activity does not include routine maintenance that is performed to maintain the original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, or original purpose of a facility.
- 3 "Final Stabilization" means that all soil-disturbing activities have ceased and a uniform, perennial vegetative cover with a density of 80 percent over the entire pervious surface has been established; or other equivalent stabilization measures, such as permanent landscape mulches, rock rip-rap, or washed/crushed stone have been applied on all disturbed areas that are not covered by permanent structures, concrete or pavement.



Owner's/Operator's Certification

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the persons or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. Further, I hereby certify that the SWPPP meets all Federal, State, and local erosion and sediment control requirements. I am aware that false statements made herein are punishable as a Class A misdemeanor pursuant to Section 210.45 of the Penal Law."

Name (please print) _		
Title		Date
Address		
Phone	Email	
Signature		



Contractor's Certification

"I hereby certify that I understand and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of the SWPPP and agree to implement any corrective actions identified by the qualified inspector during a site inspection. I also understand that the owner or operator must comply with the terms and conditions of the New York State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("SPDES") general permit for stormwater discharges from construction activities and that it is unlawful for any person to cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings."

Contracting Firm Name	
Address	
Name (please print)	
Title	Date
Signature	
SWPPP Responsibilities	
Trained Individual Name (please print) _	
Title	Date
Signature	
SWPPP Responsibilities	

Note: All contractors involved with Stormwater related activities shall sign a contractor's certification form.



Subcontractor's Certification

"I hereby certify that I understand and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of the SWPPP and agree to implement any corrective actions identified by the qualified inspector during a site inspection. I also understand that the owner or operator must comply with the terms and conditions of the New York State Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("SPDES") general permit for stormwater discharges from construction activities and that it is unlawful for any person to cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect or inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of State of New York and could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings."

Subcontracting Firm Name		
Address		
Phone		
Name (please print)		
Title	Date	
Signature		
SWPPP Responsibilities		
Trained Individual Name (please print) _		
Title	Date	
Signature		
SWPPP Responsibilities		

Note: All contractors involved with Stormwater related activities shall sign a contractor's certification form.



Qualified Professional's Credentials and Certification

"I hereby certify that I meet the criteria set forth in the General Permit to conduct site inspections for this project and that the appropriate erosion and sediment controls described in the SWPPP and as described in the following Pre-Construction Site Assessment Checklist have been adequately installed or implemented, ensuring the overall preparedness of this site for the commencement of construction."

Firm Name		_	
Name (please print)			
Title		Date	
Address			
Phone	Email		
Signature			

"Qualified Professional" means a person knowledgeable in the principles and practices of erosion and sediment controls, such as a Certified Professional in Erosion and Sediment Control (CPESC), soil scientist, licensed engineer or someone working under the direction and supervision of a licensed engineer (person must have experience in the principles and practices of erosion and sediment control).



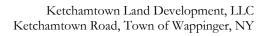
Pre-Construction Site Assessment Check List

1.	Notic	e of i	Intent, SWPPP, and Contractors Certification:
Yes	No	NA	
			Has a Notice of Intent been filed with the NYSDEC?
П	П	П	Is the SWPPP onsite? Where?
Ħ	П	Ħ	Is the Plan current? Latest revision date
Ħ	Ħ	Ħ	Is a copy of the NOI Acknowledgement in the Site Log Book?
H	Ħ	Ħ	Is a copy of the signed MS4 SWPPP Acceptance Form in the Site Log Book?
H	H	H	Have all the certification statement been signed and copies placed in Site Log Book?
ш	ш	ш	Trave all the certification statement been signed and copies placed in site Log book:
2	Dagas	I	Protection:
2. V			
res	No	INA.	
닏	닏	닏	Are construction limits clearly flagged or fenced?
Ш	Ш	Ш	Have all important trees, onsite septic system adsorption fields, existing vegetated areas suitable
_	_	_	for filter strips (especially in perimeter area) been flagged for protection?
Ш		Ш	Creek crossings installed prior to land-disturbing activity, including clearing and blasting.
3.	Surfa	ce W	ater Protection:
Yes	No	NA	
			Clean stormwater runoff has been diverted from areas to be disturbed.
			Bodies of water located either onsite or in the vicinity of the site have been identified and
			protected.
			Appropriate practices to protect onsite or downstream surface water are installed.
П	П	Ħ	Are clearing and grading operations divided into areas <5 acres?
4.	Stabil	ized	Construction Entrance:
Yes	No		
		\Box	A temporary construction entrance to capture mud and debris from construction vehicles
ш	ш	ш	before they enter the public highways has been installed.
			Other access areas (entrances, construction routes, equipment parking areas) are stabilized
ш	ш	ш	immediately as work takes place with gravel or other cover.
\Box			
Ш	Ш	Ш	Sediment tracked onto public streets is removed or cleaned on a regular basis.
_	ъ.		
5.			Sediment Controls:
Yes	No	NA	
닏	닏	빌	Silt fence material and installation comply with the standard drawing and specifications.
\sqcup	\sqcup	\sqcup	Silt fences are installed at appropriate intervals.
Ш		Ш	Sediment/detention basin installed as first land disturbing activity.
			Sediment traps and barriers are installed.
6.	Pollu	tion I	Prevention for Waste and Hazardous Materials:
Yes	No	NA	
			The Operator or designated representative has been assigned to implement the spill prevention
		_	avoidance and response plan.
			The plan is contained in the SWPPP on page
同	П	П	Appropriate materials to control spills are onsite. Where?



Appendix D

Sample Forms





CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPEC	TIONS Page 1 of
Date of Inspection:	
SITE PL	AN/SKETCH
Qualified Professional (print name)	Qualified Professional Signature

Note: Photographic documentation of all noted deficiencies and corrective actions shall be included.



CONSTRUCTION	Page 2 of	
Date of Inspecti	on Weather	Time
Soil Conditions (e.g.,	dry, wet, saturated)	
Description of the con	ndition of receiving waters at all po	oints of discharge
Qualified Professi	onal (print name)	Qualified Professional Signature
The above signed acknowled is accurate and complete		knowledge, all information provided on the forms
Is there All distr	an increase in turbidity causing a sub residue from oil and floating substan urbance is within the limits of the app	ostantial visible contrast to natural conditions? nces, visible oil film, or globules or grease? proved plan. cland been impacted by silt from project?
Are fact working Is const	truction site litter and debris appropri	nplementation of erosion and sediment control in
Installed Is fill co	am diameter pipes necessary to span of d non-woven geotextile fabric beneat composed of aggregate (no earth or soil	h approaches.
Clean w	ering: am and downstream berms (sandbags; vater from upstream pool is being pur	g discharged to a silt-trapping device.



CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS

Page 3 of **Runoff Control Practices (continued)** b. Level Spreader: Yes No NA Installed per plan? Constructed on undisturbed soil, not on fill, receiving only clean, non-sediment laden flow. Flow sheets out of level spreader without erosion on downstream edge. c. Inceptor Dikes and Swales: Yes No NA Installed per plan with minimum side slopes 2H:1V or flatter. Stabilized by geotextile fabric, seed, or mulch with no erosion occurring. Sediment-laden runoff directed to sediment trapping structure. d. Stone Check Dam: Yes No NA Is channel stable? (Flow is not eroding soil underneath or around structure). Check is in good condition (rocks in place and no permanent pools behind the structure). Has accumulated sediment been removed? e. Rock Outlet Protection: Yes No NA Installed per plan? Installed concurrently with pipe installation? 4. Soil Stabilization Topsoil and Spoil Stockpiles: Yes No NA Stockpiles are stabilized with vegetation and/or mulch. Sediment control is installed at the toe of the slope. b. Revegetation: Yes No NA Temporary seedings and mulch have been applied to idle areas. 4 inches minimum of topsoil has been applied under permanent seedings. 5. Sediment Control Practices Stabilized Construction Entrance: Yes No NA Stone is clean enough to effectively remove mud from vehicles. Installed per standards and specifications? Does all traffic use the stabilized entrance to enter and leave site? Is adequate drainage provided to prevent ponding at entrance?



CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS

Page 4 of Sediment Control Practices (continued) b. Silt Fence: Yes No NA Installed on Contour, 10 feet from toe of slope (not across conveyance channels)? Joints constructed by wrapping the two ends together for continuous support. Fabric buried 6 inches minimum. Posts are stable, fabric is tight and without ripping or frayed areas. Sediment accumulation is ______% of design capacity. c. Storm Drain Inlet Protection (Use for Stone & Block; Filter Fabric; Curb; or, Excavated practices): Yes No NA Installed concrete blocks lengthwise so open ends face outward, not upward. Placed wire screen between No. 3 crushed stone and concrete blocks. Drainage area is 1 acre or less. Excavated area is 900 cubic feet. Excavated side slopes should be 2:1. 2" x 4" frame is constructed and structurally sound. Posts 3-foot maximum spacing between posts. Fabric is embedded 1 to 1.5 feet below ground and secured to frame/posts with staples at max 8-inch spacing. Posts are stable; fabric is tight without rips or frayed areas. Sediment accumulation is _______% of design capacity. d. Temporary Sediment Trap: Yes No NA Outlet structure is constructed per the approved plan or drawing. Geotextile fabric has been placed beneath rock fill. Sediment accumulation is ______% of design capacity. e. Temporary Sediment Basin: Yes No NA Basin and outlet structure constructed per the approved plan. Basin side slopes are stabilized with seed/mulch. Drainage structure flushed and basin surface restored upon removal of sediment facility.

Sediment accumulation is ______% of design capacity.



a. Pre-Construction:

Yes No NA

b. Excavation: Yes No NA

Check dams: Yes No NA

Yes No NA

Vegetation: Yes No NA

f. Final inspection: Yes No NA

Comments:

d. Structural Components:

Open Channel Systems - Swales

CONSTRUCTION DURATION INSPECTIONS

Pre-Construction Meeting.

Facility location staked out.

Run-off diverted.

Size and location. Side slope stabilized. Soil permeability. Groundwater/bedrock.

Dimensions. Spacing. Materials.

Dimensions. Check dams. Proper outlet.

Underdrain installed correctly. Inflow installed correctly.

Page 5 of Lateral slopes completely level. Longitudinal slopes within design range. Excavation does not compact subsoils. Pretreatment devices installed. Complies with planting specifications. Topsoil adequate in composition and placement. Adequate erosion control measures in place. Effective stand of vegetation and stabilization. Contributing watershed stabilized before flow is routed to the facility.



MODIFICATIONS TO THE SWPPP

The SWPPP shall be amended whenever:

- 1. There is a significant change in design, construction, or maintenance which may have a significant effect on the potential for the discharge of pollutants to the water of the United States and which has not otherwise been addressed in the SWPPP; or
- 2. The SWPPP proves to be ineffective in:
 - a. Eliminating or significantly minimizing pollutants form sources identified in the SWPPP and as required by the General Permit; or
 - b. Achieving the general objectives of controlling pollutants in stormwater discharges from permitted construction activity; and
- 3. Additionally, the SWPPP shall be amended to identify any new contractor or subcontractor that will implement any measure of the SWPPP.

Modification and Reason:



CERTIFICATION OF FINAL SITE STABILIZATION

Check List:	
Temporary erosion removed at the app All areas of the cor structure have been	activities are complete. and sediment control measures have been removed or will be ropriate time. astruction site not otherwise covered by a permanent pavement of stabilized with a uniform perennial vegetative cover with a densiting measures have been employed.
soil-disturbing activities at the situ with a density of eighty (80) percenthe use of mulches or geotextiles)	undergone Final Stabilization. "Final Stabilization" means that a e have been completed and a uniform, perennial vegetative covent has been established or equivalent stabilization measures (such a have been employed on all unpaved areas and areas not covered bore, all temporary erosion and sediment controls not specified for
Qualified Professional (print na	me)
Qualified Professional Signatur	Date



Appendix E

NYSDEC Notice of Termination (NOT)

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Water

625 Broadway, 4th Floor

Albany, New York 12233-3505

(NOTE: Submit completed form to address above)

NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity

Please indicate your permit identification number: NYF	₹
I. Owner or Operator Information	
1. Owner/Operator Name:	
2. Street Address:	
3. City/State/Zip:	
4. Contact Person:	4a.Telephone:
4b. Contact Person E-Mail:	
II. Project Site Information	
5. Project/Site Name:	
6. Street Address:	
7. City/Zip:	
8. County:	
III. Reason for Termination	
9a. □ All disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization in acco SWPPP. *Date final stabilization completed (month/year): _	rdance with the general permit and
9b. Permit coverage has been transferred to new owner/operare permit identification number: NYR (Note: Permit coverage can not be terminated by owner/operator obtains coverage under the general permit)	<u> </u>
9c. □ Other (Explain on Page 2)	
IV. Final Site Information:	
10a. Did this construction activity require the development of a S stormwater management practices? □ yes □ no (If no,	WPPP that includes post-construction go to question 10f.)
10b. Have all post-construction stormwater management practic constructed? □ yes □ no (If no, explain on Page 2)	es included in the final SWPPP been
10c. Identify the entity responsible for long-term operation and m	aintenance of practice(s)?

NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the **SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity - continued** 10d. Has the entity responsible for long-term operation and maintenance been given a copy of the operation and maintenance plan required by the general permit? □ yes 10e. Indicate the method used to ensure long-term operation and maintenance of the post-construction stormwater management practice(s): □ Post-construction stormwater management practice(s) and any right-of-way(s) needed to maintain practice(s) have been deeded to the municipality. □ Executed maintenance agreement is in place with the municipality that will maintain the post-construction stormwater management practice(s). □ For post-construction stormwater management practices that are privately owned, a mechanism is in place that requires operation and maintenance of the practice(s) in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan, such as a deed covenant in the owner or operator's deed of record. □ For post-construction stormwater management practices that are owned by a public or private institution (e.g. school, university or hospital), government agency or authority, or public utility; policy and procedures are in place that ensures operation and maintenance of the practice(s) in accordance with the operation and maintenance plan. 10f. Provide the total area of impervious surface (i.e. roof, pavement, concrete, gravel, etc.) constructed within the disturbance area? (acres) 11. Is this project subject to the requirements of a regulated, traditional land use control MS4? (If Yes, complete section VI - "MS4 Acceptance" statement V. Additional Information/Explanation: (Use this section to answer questions 9c. and 10b., if applicable) VI. MS4 Acceptance - MS4 Official (principal executive officer or ranking elected official) or Duly Authorized Representative (Note: Not required when 9b. is checked -transfer of coverage) I have determined that it is acceptable for the owner or operator of the construction project identified in

Date:

question 5 to submit the Notice of Termination at this time.

Printed Name:
Title/Position:

Signature:

NOTICE OF TERMINATION for Storm Water Discharges Authorized under the SPDES General Permit for Construction Activity - continued

VII. Qualified Inspector Certification - Final Stabilization:

I hereby certify that all disturbed areas have achieved final stabilization as of the general permit, and that all temporary, structural erosion and sedin been removed. Furthermore, I understand that certifying false, incorrect oriolation of the referenced permit and the laws of the State of New York a criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.	nent control measures have or inaccurate information is a					
Printed Name:						
Title/Position:						
Signature:	Date:					
VIII. Qualified Inspector Certification - Post-construction Stormwat	er Management Practice(s):					
I hereby certify that all post-construction stormwater management practic conformance with the SWPPP. Furthermore, I understand that certifying information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws of the Starsubject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.	false, incorrect or inaccurate					
Printed Name:						
Title/Position:						
Signature:	Date:					
IX. Owner or Operator Certification						
I hereby certify that this document was prepared by me or under my direct determination, based upon my inquiry of the person(s) who managed the persons directly responsible for gathering the information, is that the information is true, accurate and complete. Furthermore, I understand that inaccurate information is a violation of the referenced permit and the laws could subject me to criminal, civil and/or administrative proceedings.	construction activity, or those mation provided in this certifying false, incorrect or					
Printed Name:						
Title/Position:						
Signature: Date:						

(NYS DEC Notice of Termination - January 2015)



Appendix F

NYS Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation Correspondence



KATHY HOCHUL Governor ERIK KULLESEID Commissioner

August 25, 2022

Wendy Przetakiewicz Project Manager Povall Engineering, PLLC 3 Nancy Court, Suite 4 Wappingers Falls, NY 12590

Re: DEC

Conceptual Subdivision Plan for Tax Grid No. 6157-03-070275

86 Ketchamtown Rd, Wappingers Falls, NY 12590

22PR06081 Job No. 2212

Dear Wendy Przetakiewicz:

Thank you for requesting the comments of the Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation (OPRHP). We have reviewed the project in accordance with the New York State Historic Preservation Act of 1980 (Section 14.09 of the New York Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation Law). These comments are those of the OPRHP and relate only to Historic/Cultural resources. They do not include potential environmental impacts to New York State Parkland that may be involved in or near your project. Such impacts must be considered as part of the environmental review of the project pursuant to the State Environmental Quality Review Act (New York Environmental Conservation Law Article 8) and its implementing regulations (6 NYCRR Part 617).

Based upon this review, it is the opinion of OPRHP that no properties, including archaeological and/or historic resources, listed in or eligible for the New York State and National Registers of Historic Places will be impacted by this project.

If further correspondence is required regarding this project, please be sure to refer to the OPRHP Project Review (PR) number noted above.

Sincerely,

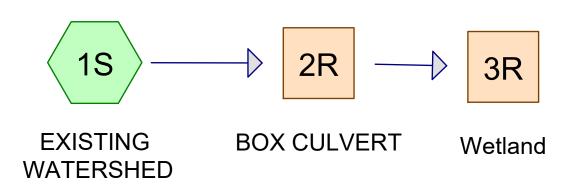
R. Daniel Mackay

Deputy Commissioner for Historic Preservation Division for Historic Preservation



Appendix G

Box Culvert HydroCad Analysis











KETCHAMTOWN LAND DEVELOPMENT LLC

CULVERT ANALYSIS 1-23-22

Prepared by Povall Engineering, PLLC

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Page 2

Pipe Listing (all nodes)

Line#	Node	In-Invert	Out-Invert	Length	Slope	n	Diam/Width	Height
	Number	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(ft/ft)		(inches)	(inches)
1	2R	140.20	140.00	36.0	0.0056	0.022	48.0	36.0

CULVERT ANALYSIS 1-23-22

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Summary for Subcatchment 1S: EXISTING WATERSHED

Runoff 47.07 cfs @ 12.67 hrs, Volume= 6.846 af, Depth> 3.13"

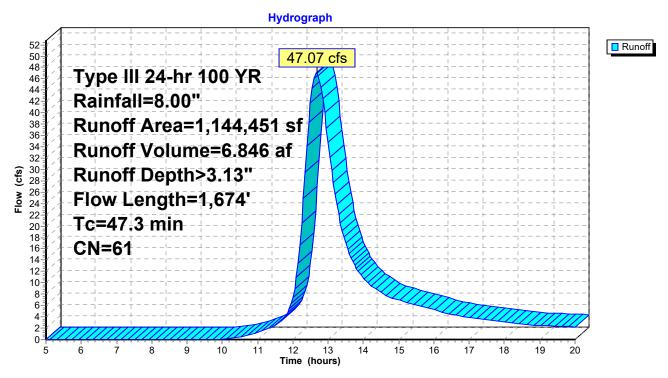
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 YR Rainfall=8.00"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN [Description					
*	1	11,644	77 (C Type D - Power Lines					
*	7	16,642	55 E	DwB - Type B Wooded					
*		51,769		DwB - Type B Power Lines					
*		33,482	69 [DwB Type B Grass Area					
*		24,299		DwB Type B Power Lines					
_	2	06,615	76 ١	Noods/grass comb., Fair, HSG C					
	1,1	44,451	61 \	Veighted A	verage				
	1,1	44,451	1	100.00% Pe	ervious Are	a			
	_								
	Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description			
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
	22.2	100	0.0165	0.08		Sheet Flow, SHEET			
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.50"			
	13.4	507	0.0160	0.63		Shallow Concentrated Flow, A-B			
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	1.2	177	0.2260	2.38		Shallow Concentrated Flow, B-C			
		400				Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	5.0	493	0.0555	1.65		Shallow Concentrated Flow, C-D			
			0.0500	4.00		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps			
	5.5	397	0.0580	1.20		Shallow Concentrated Flow, D-E			
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
	47.3	1,674	Total						

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Page 4

Subcatchment 1S: EXISTING WATERSHED



CULVERT ANALYSIS 1-23-22

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Page 5

Summary for Reach 2R: BOX CULVERT

[52] Hint: Inlet/Outlet conditions not evaluated

Inflow Area = 26.273 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 3.13" for 100 YR event

Inflow = 47.07 cfs @ 12.67 hrs, Volume= 6.846 af

Outflow = 47.06 cfs @ 12.67 hrs, Volume= 6.845 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.1 min

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

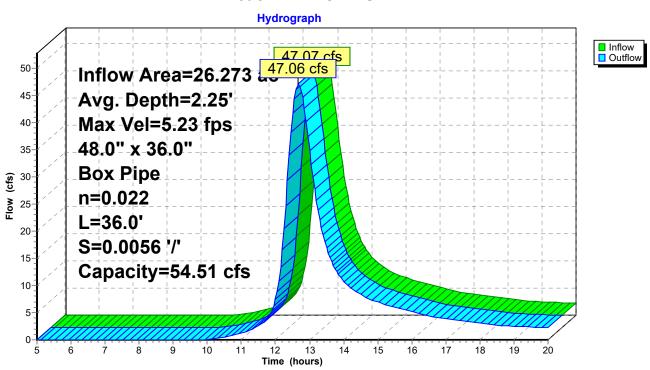
Max. Velocity= 5.23 fps, Min. Travel Time= 0.1 min Avg. Velocity = 2.58 fps, Avg. Travel Time= 0.2 min

Peak Storage= 324 cf @ 12.67 hrs, Average Depth at Peak Storage= 2.25' Bank-Full Depth= 3.00', Capacity at Bank-Full= 54.51 cfs

48.0" W x 36.0" H Box Pipe n= 0.022 Earth, clean & straight Length= 36.0' Slope= 0.0056 '/' Inlet Invert= 140.20', Outlet Invert= 140.00'



Reach 2R: BOX CULVERT



CULVERT ANALYSIS 1-23-22

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Page 6

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Summary for Reach 3R: Wetland

[40] Hint: Not Described (Outflow=Inflow)

0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 3.13" for 100 YR event Inflow Area = 26.273 ac,

Inflow 6.845 af

47.06 cfs @ 12.67 hrs, Volume= 47.06 cfs @ 12.67 hrs, Volume= Outflow 6.845 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach 3R: Wetland

